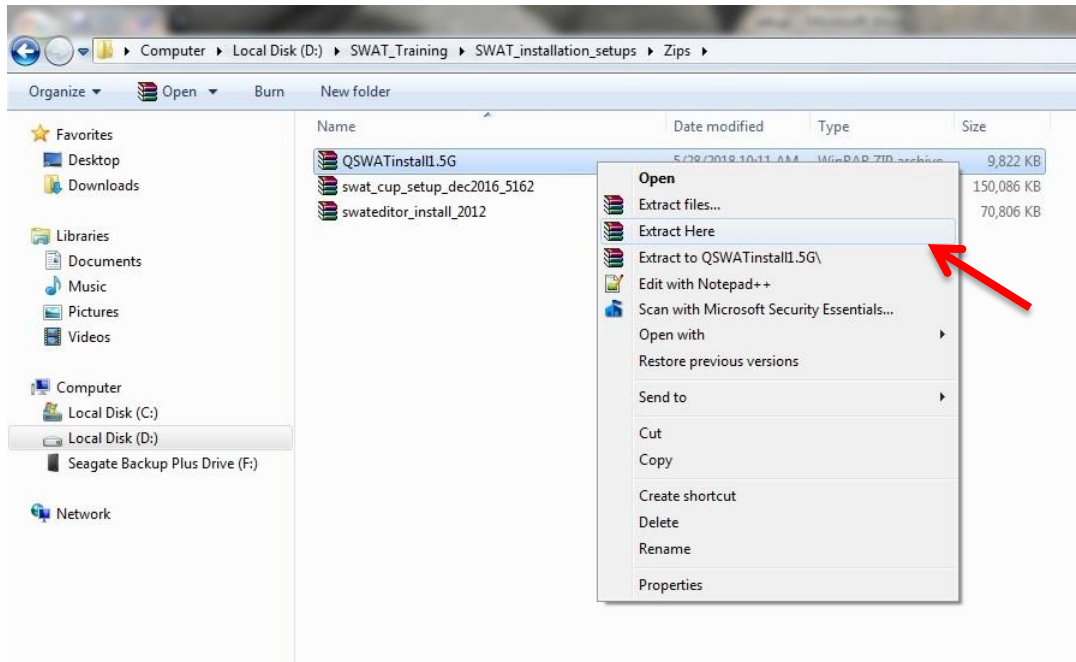


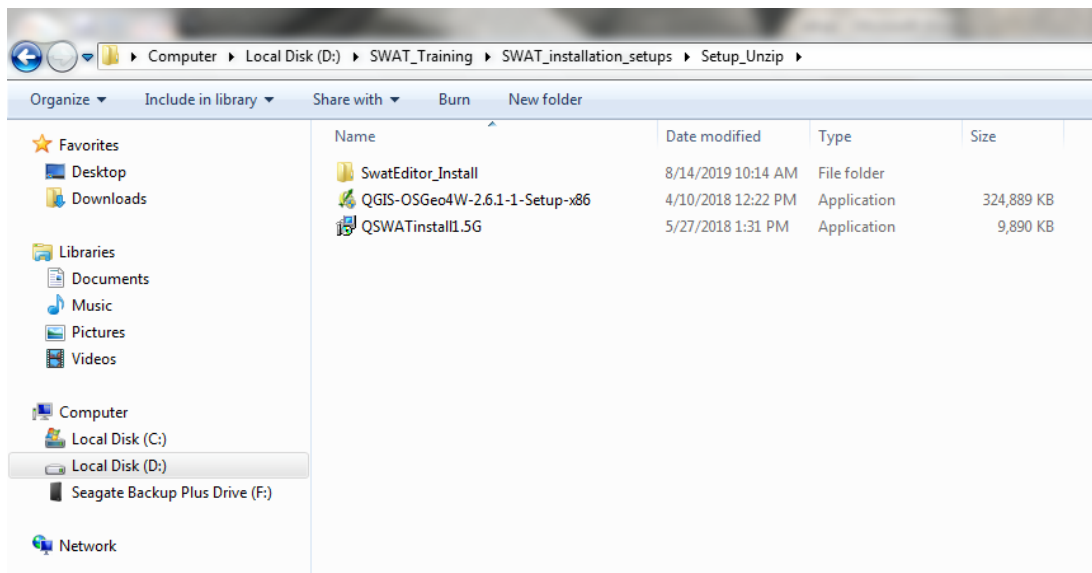
SURFACE RUNOFF MODELING USING "QSWAT"

INSTALLATION OF SOFTWARES

1. Unzip the files **QSWATinstall1.5G**, **swateditor_install_2012**.



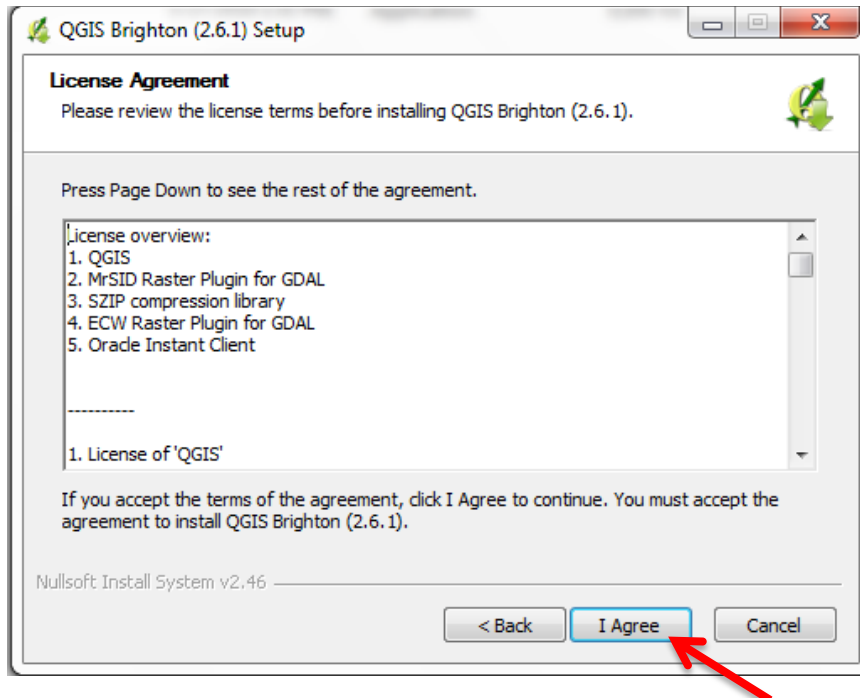
2. Move the unzipped files to **Setup_Unzip** folder.

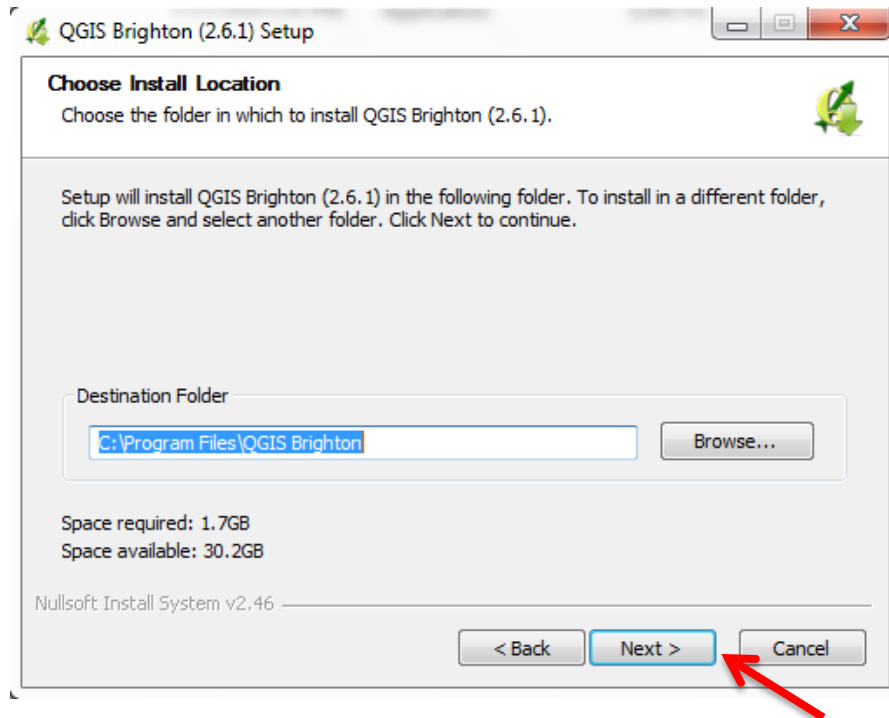


3. Run **QGIS-OSGeo4W-2.6.1-1-Setup-x86.exe** from **Setup_Unzip** folder and click **Yes** on the popup dialog box. Setup dialog box appears. Click **Next**.

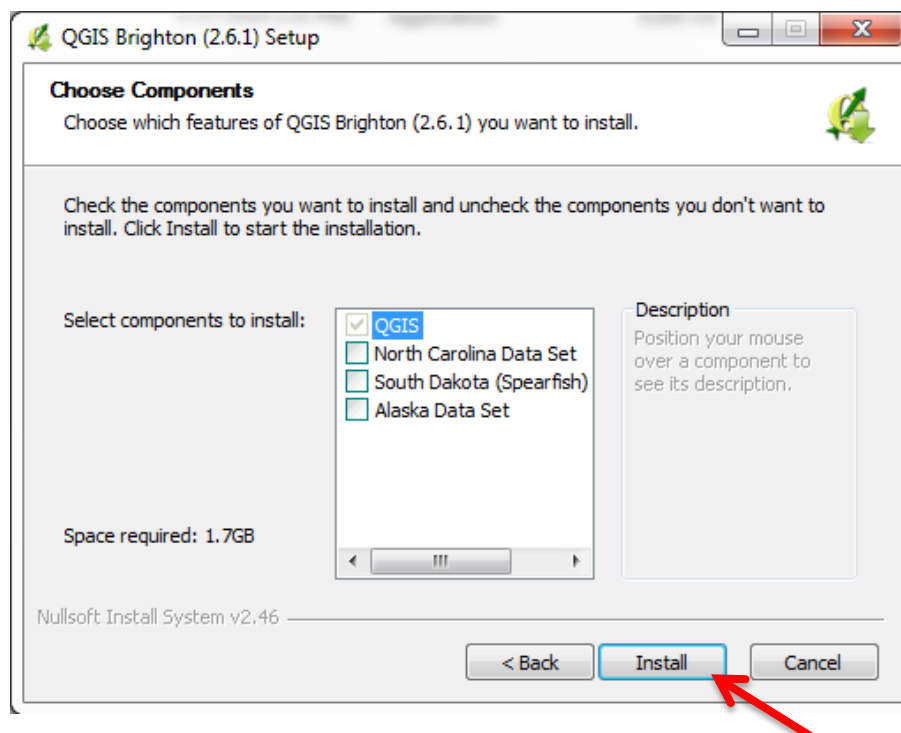


4. Click **I Agree** button.





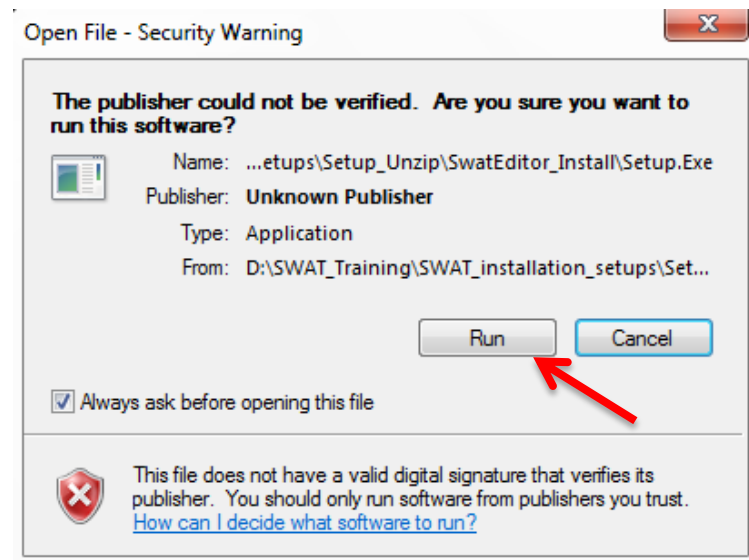
5. Click **Install**.



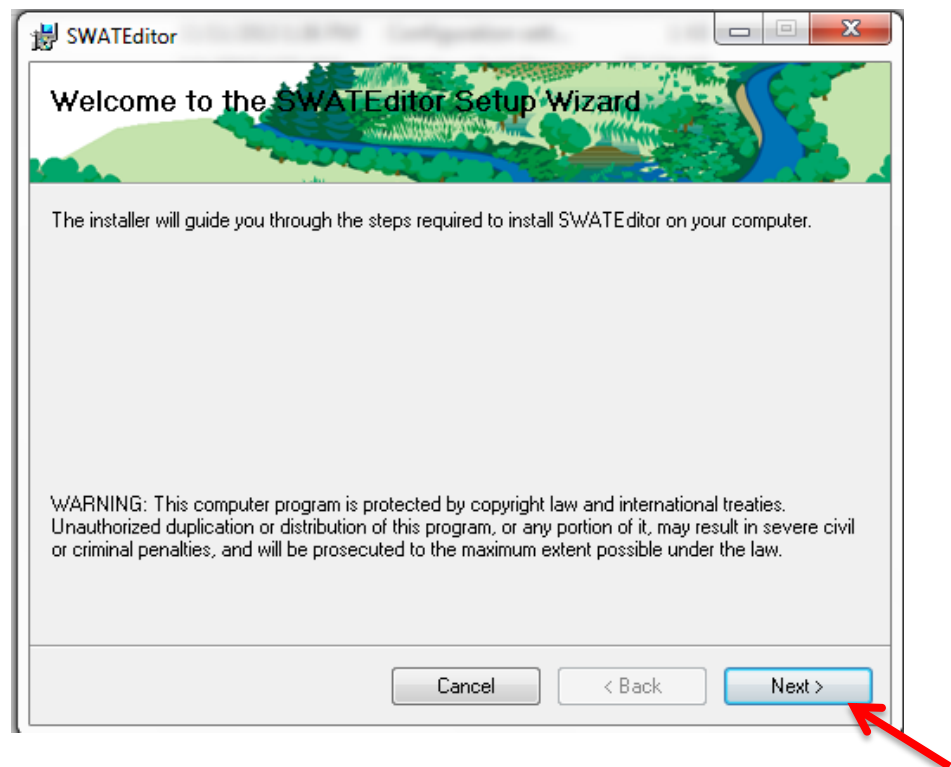
6. Installation of QGIS starts and once completed Click **Finish**. This reboots the system.



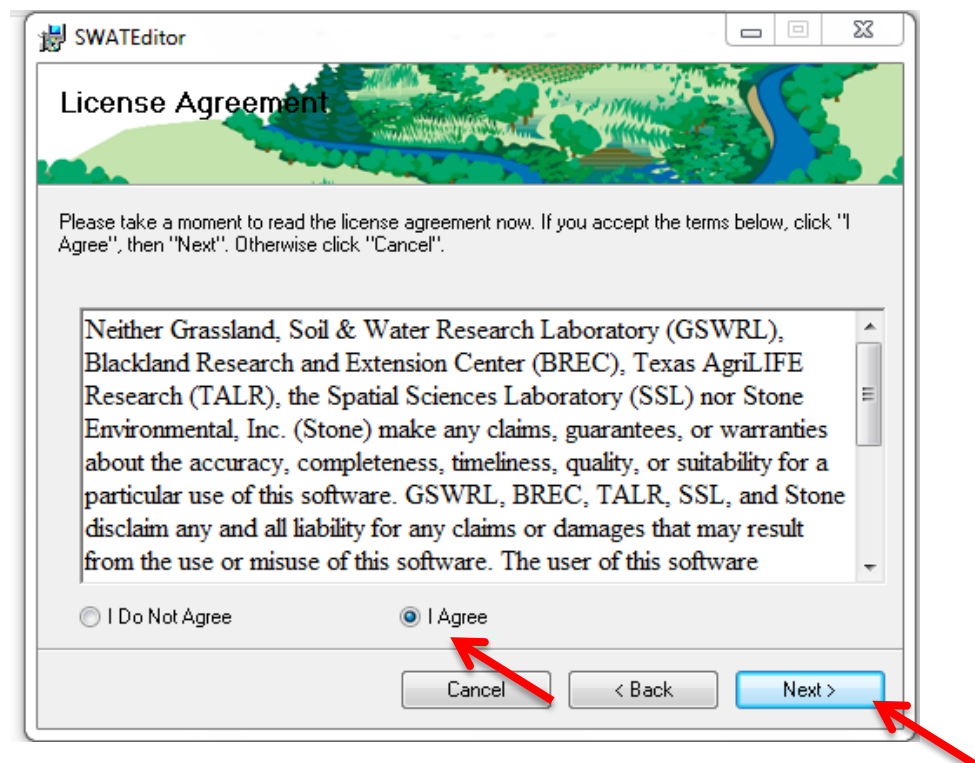
7. Run **Setup.Exe** in the **SwatEditor_Install** Folder. Click **Run**.



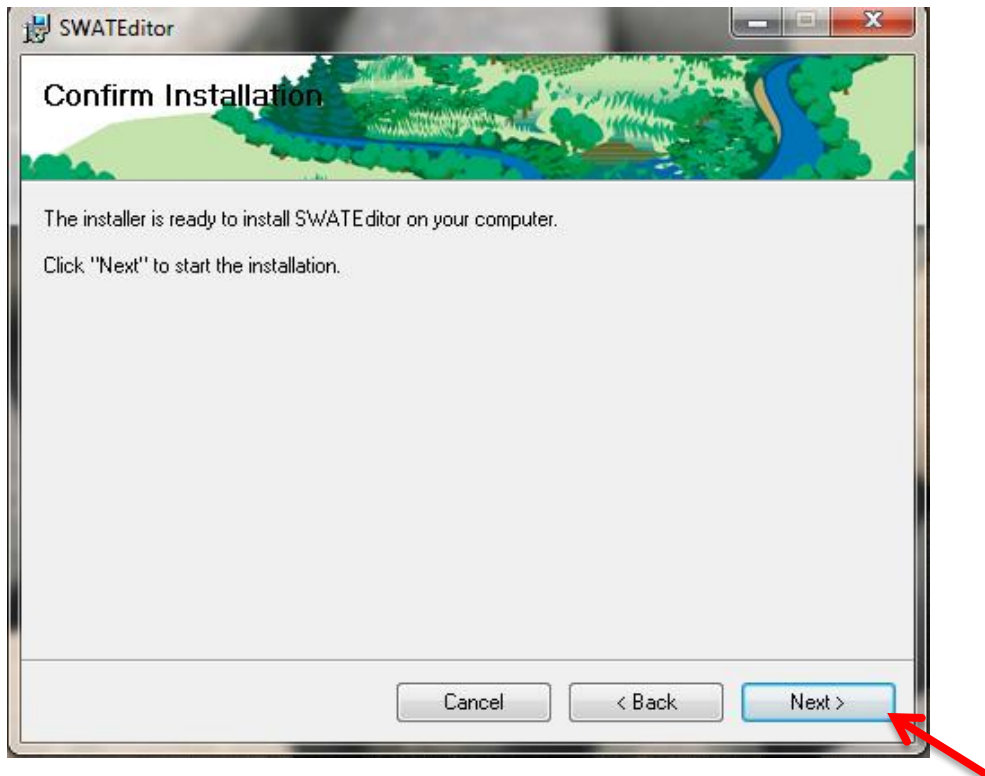
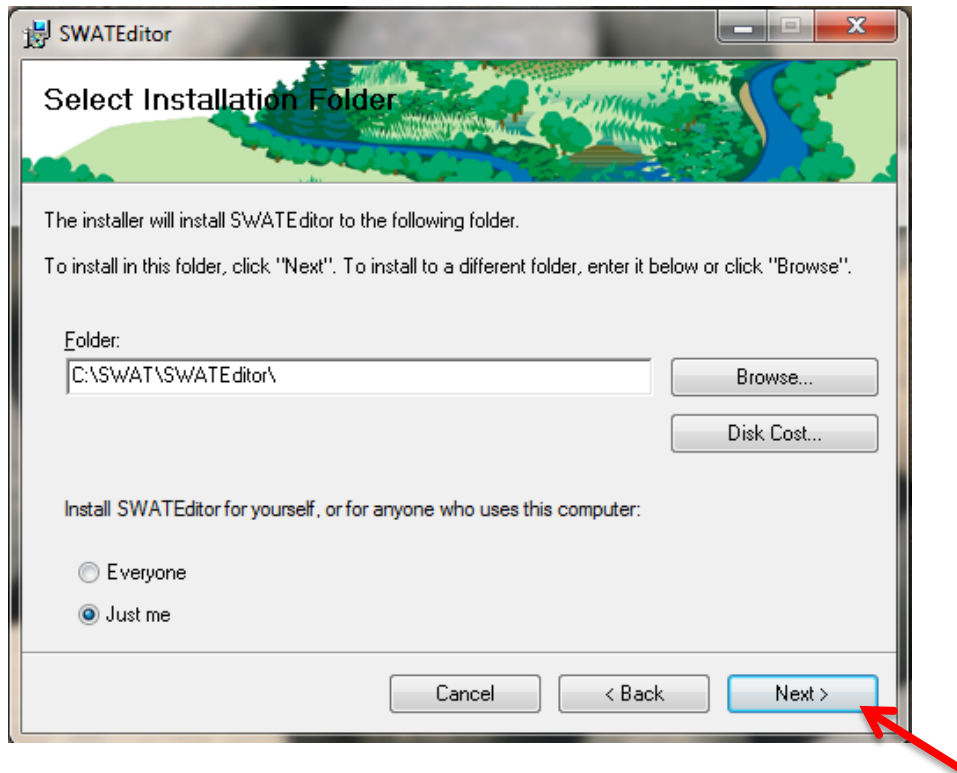
8. Click **Next**.



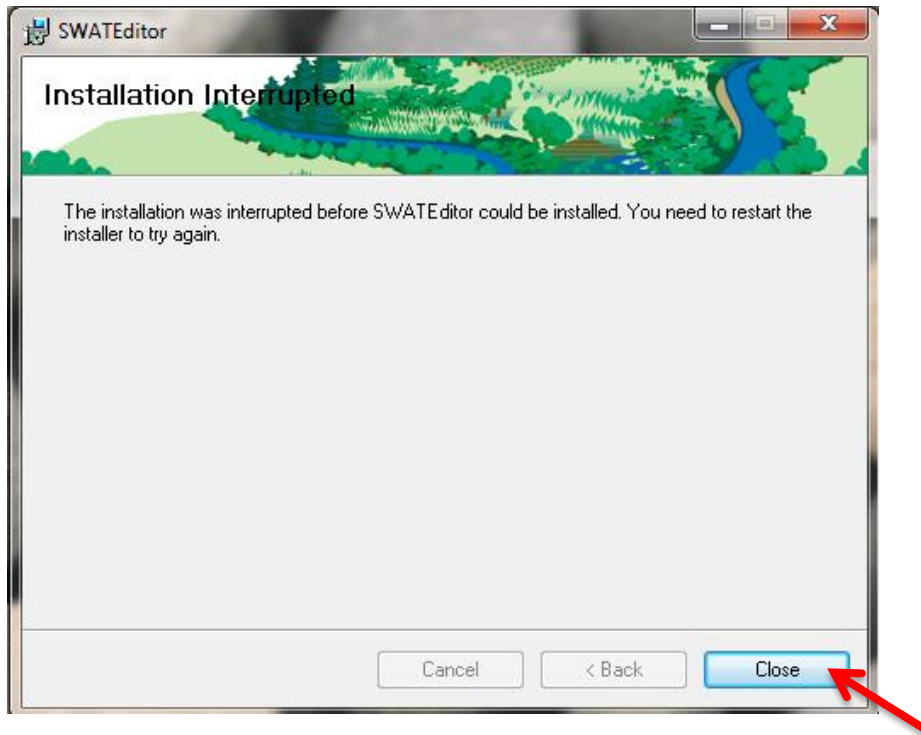
9. Click on **I Agree** radio button and click **Next**.



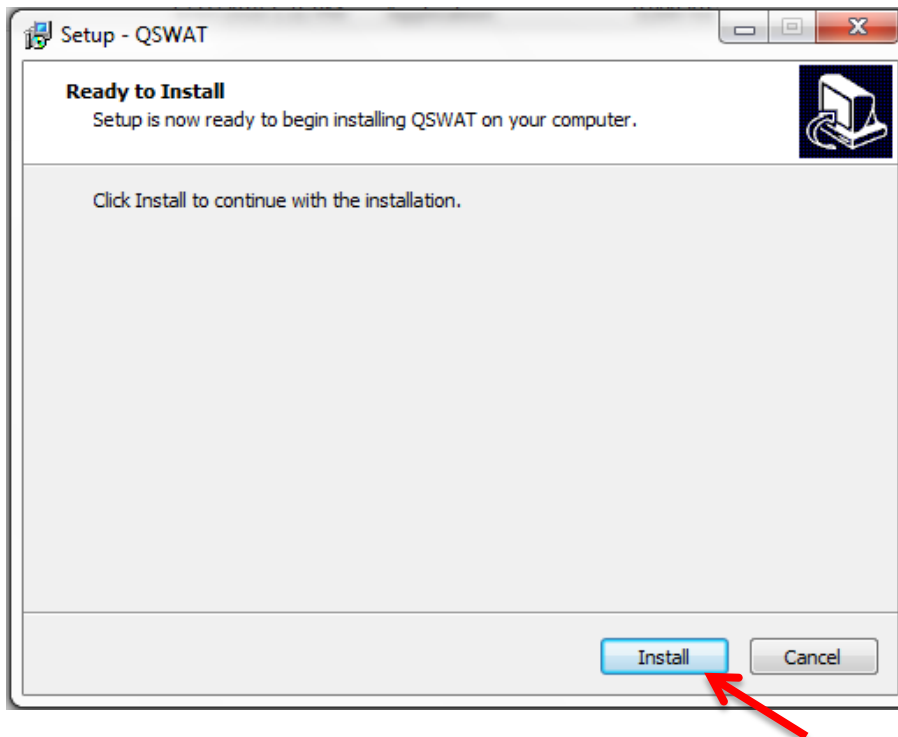
10. Click **Next**.



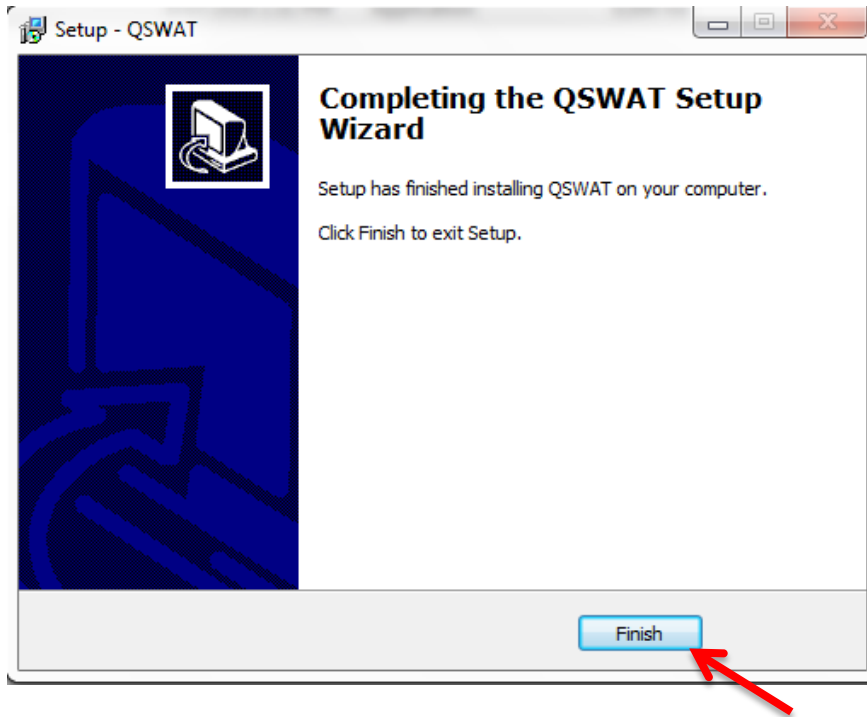
11. Click **Close**.



12. Run **QSWATinstall1.5G.exe** in the **Setup_Unzip** Folder. Click **Install**.



13. Click **Finish**.



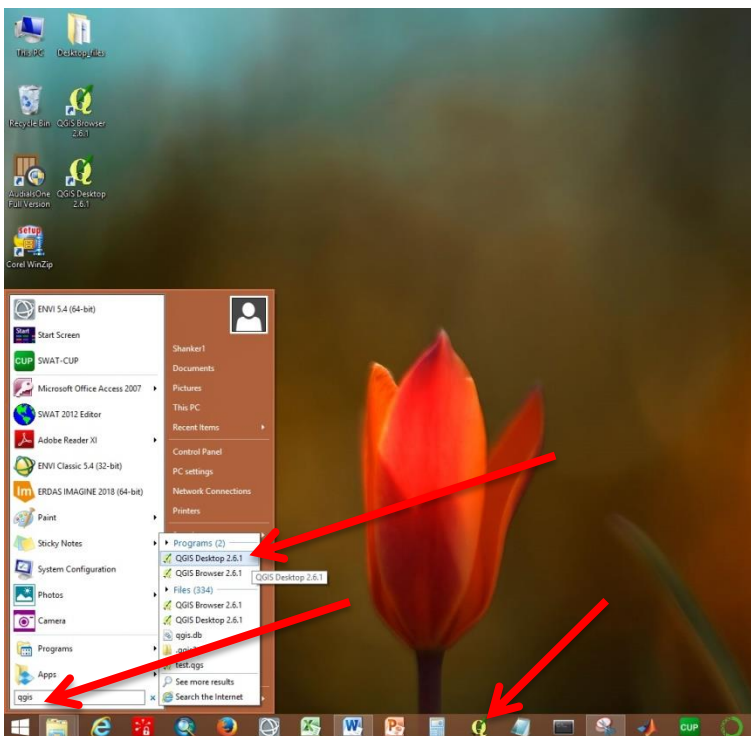
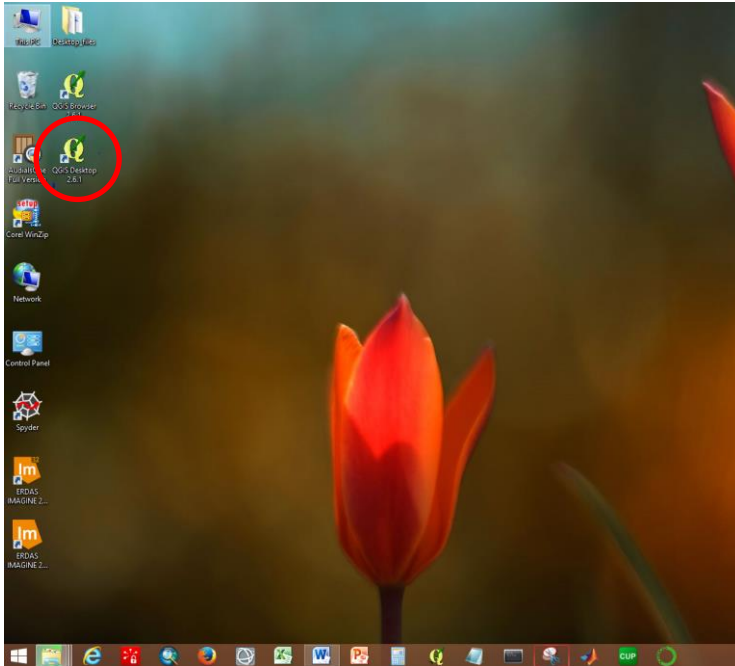
OVERVIEW OF SOIL AND WATER ASSESSMENT TOOL (SWAT):

The Soil and Water Assessment Tool (SWAT) is a physically- based continuous-event model developed to predict the impact of land management practices on water, sediment, and agricultural chemical yields in large, complex watersheds with varying soil, land use and management conditions over long periods of time. For simulations, a watershed is subdivided into a number of homogenous sub basins (hydrologic response units or HRUs) having unique soil and use properties. The input information for each subbasin is grouped into categories of weather; unique areas of land cover, soil, and management within the subbasin; ponds/reservoirs; groundwater; and the main channel or reach, draining the subbasin. The loading and movement of runoff, sediment, nutrient and pesticide loadings to the main channel in each subbasin is simulated considering the effect of several physical processes that influence the hydrology. For a detailed description of the capabilities of the SWAT, refer to Soil and Water Assessment Tool User's Manual, Version 2000 (Neitsch et al., 2002), published by the Agricultural Research Service and the Texas Agricultural Experiment Station, Temple , Texas. The manual can also be downloaded from the SWAT Web site (www.brc.tamus.edu/swat/swatdoc.htm#new)

The Following are the key procedures necessary for modeling using SWAT.

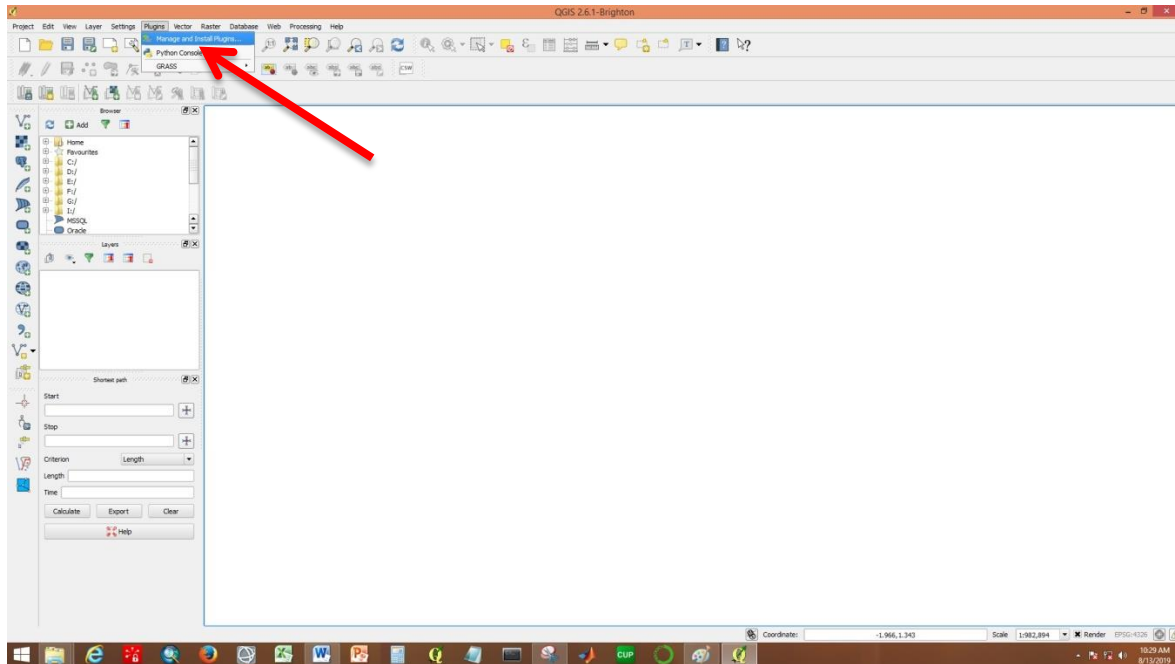
- Create SWAT project
 - Delineate the designated watershed for modeling
 - Define landuse, soil, slope data grids
 - Determine the distribution of HRUs based on the landuse and soil data
 - Define rainfall, temperature and other weather data.
 - Write the SWAT input files – requires access to data on soil, weather, land cover, plant growth, fertilizer and pesticide use, tillage and urban activities.
 - Edit the input files – if necessary
- Setup and run SWAT
- View SWAT Output

1. Open **QGIS Desktop 2.6.1** from the PC's desktop or Go to start and search "QGIS" and click on **QGIS Desktop 2.6.1** or Click on the QGIS icon from the taskbar.



2. QGIS Desktop 2.6.1 opens.

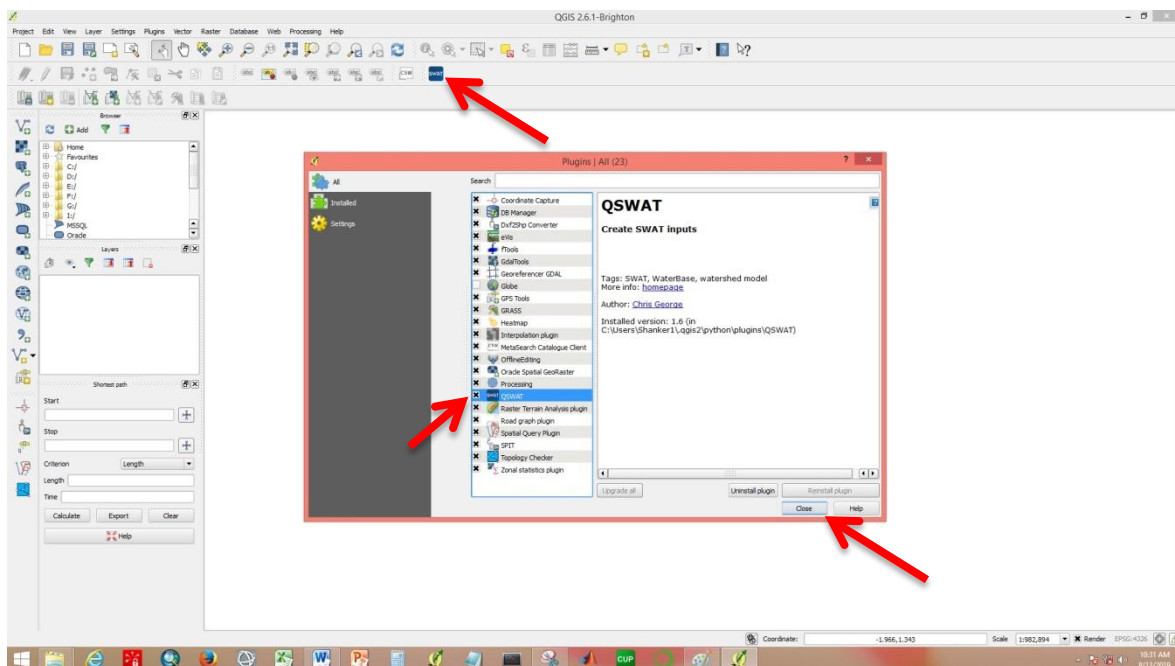
3. Click on **plugin** in the QGIS taskbar and then click on **manage and install plugins**



4. **Plugins** dialog box appears.

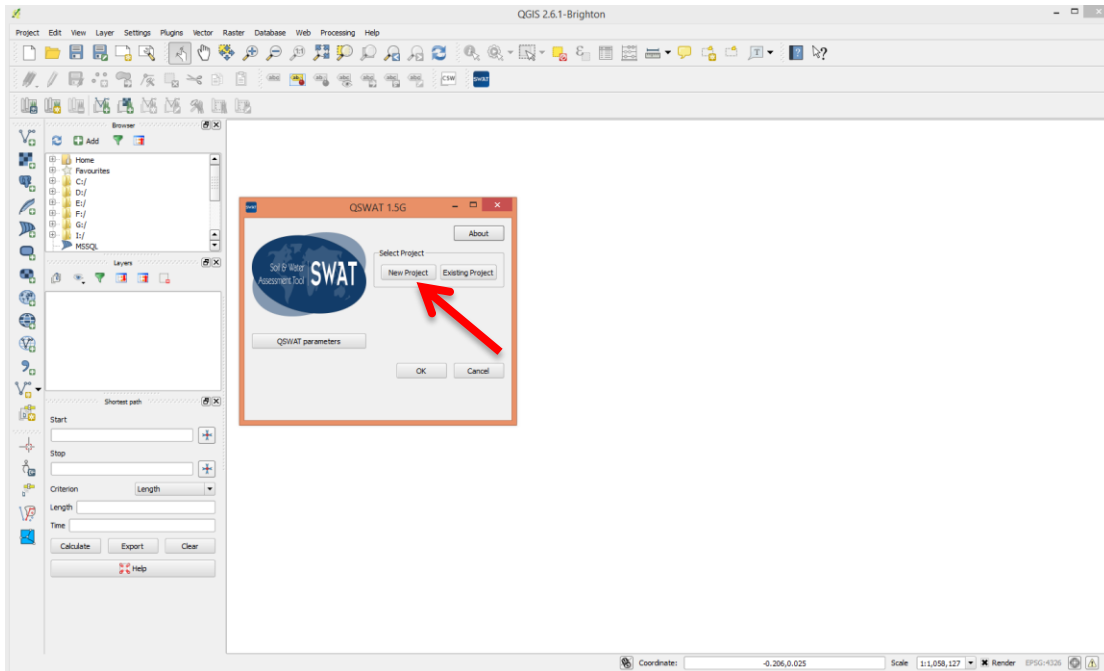
5. Check the **QSWAT icon** and **close** the dialog box.

6. **QSWAT tool** icon appears on the toolbar.

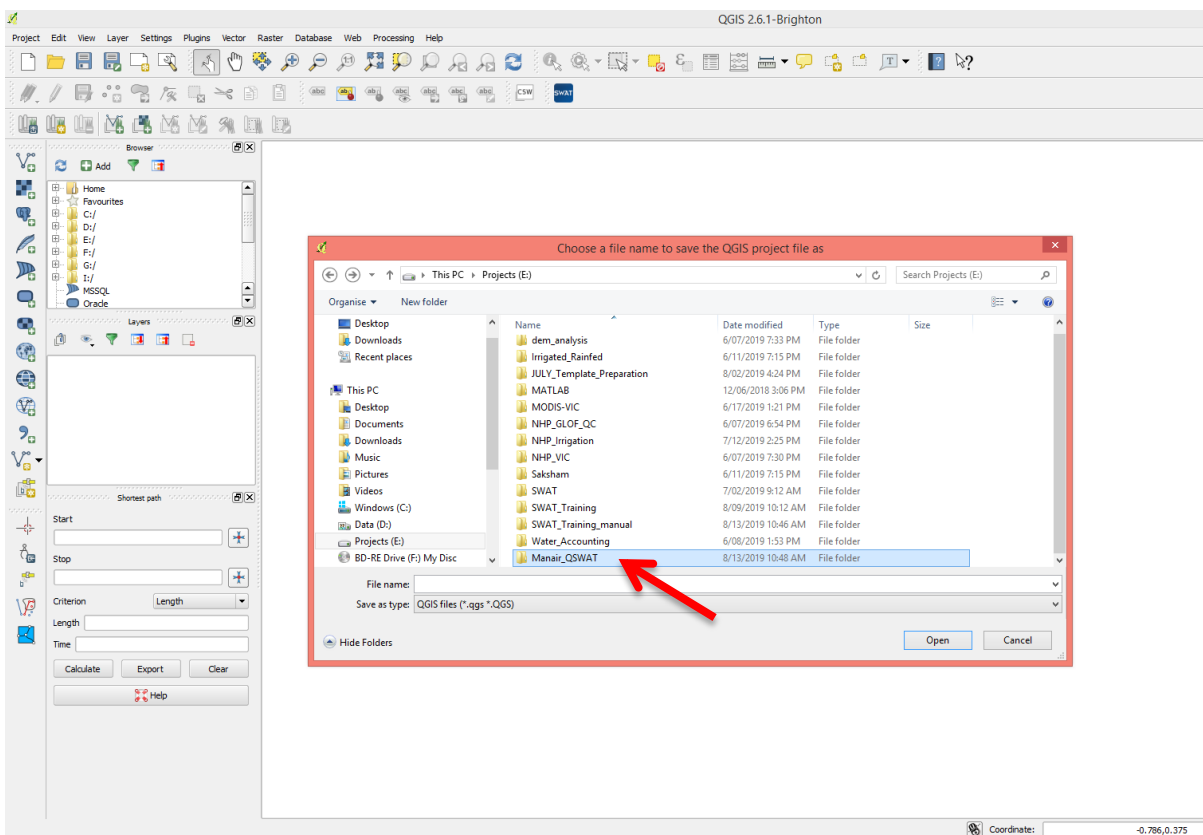


7. Click on the **QSWAT tool** in the tool bar to open QSWAT and **QSWAT 1.5G** dialog box appears.

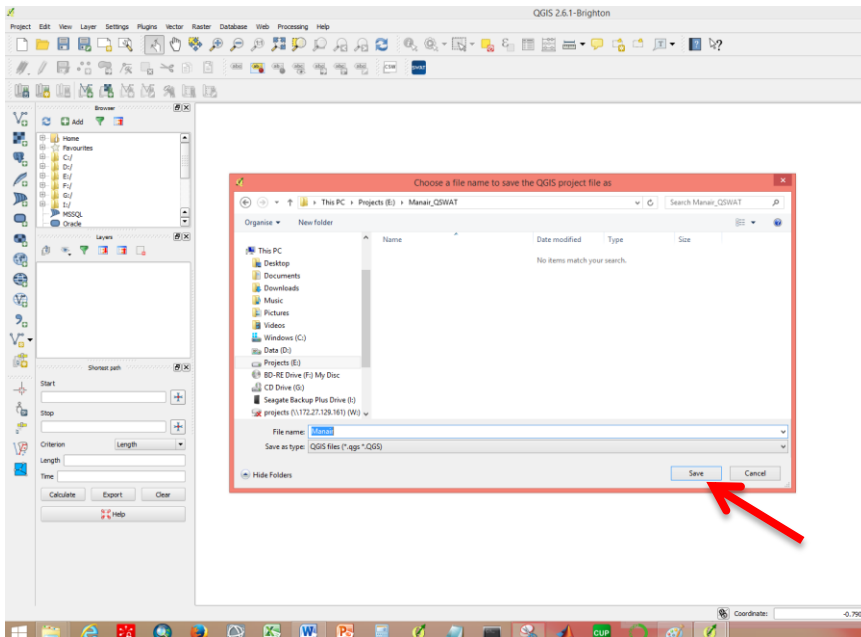
8. Click on the **New Project** button to create a Project.



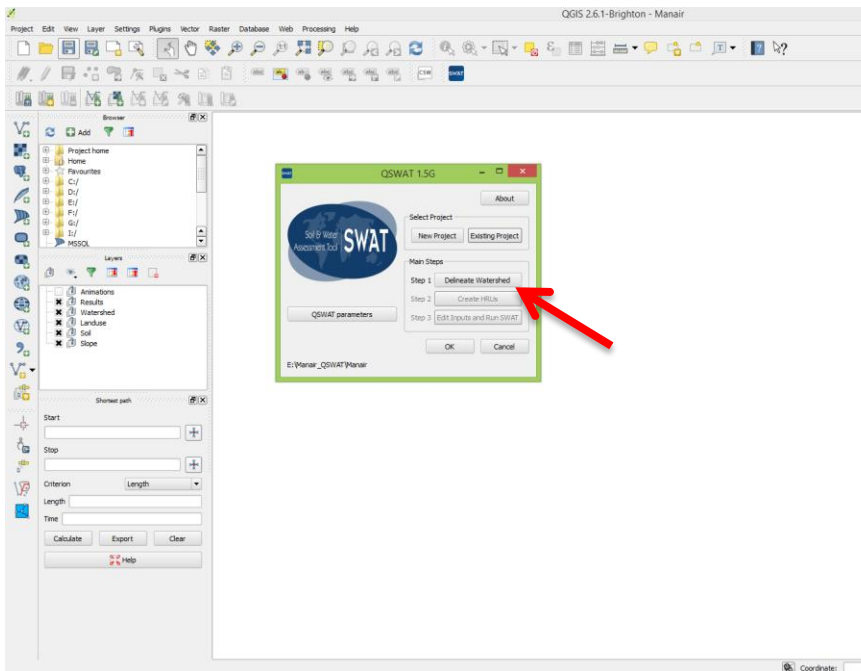
9. Create a folder named “Manair_QSWAT”



10. Save the file name as **Manair**. QSWAT 1.5G dialog box appears again. This creates a new project.

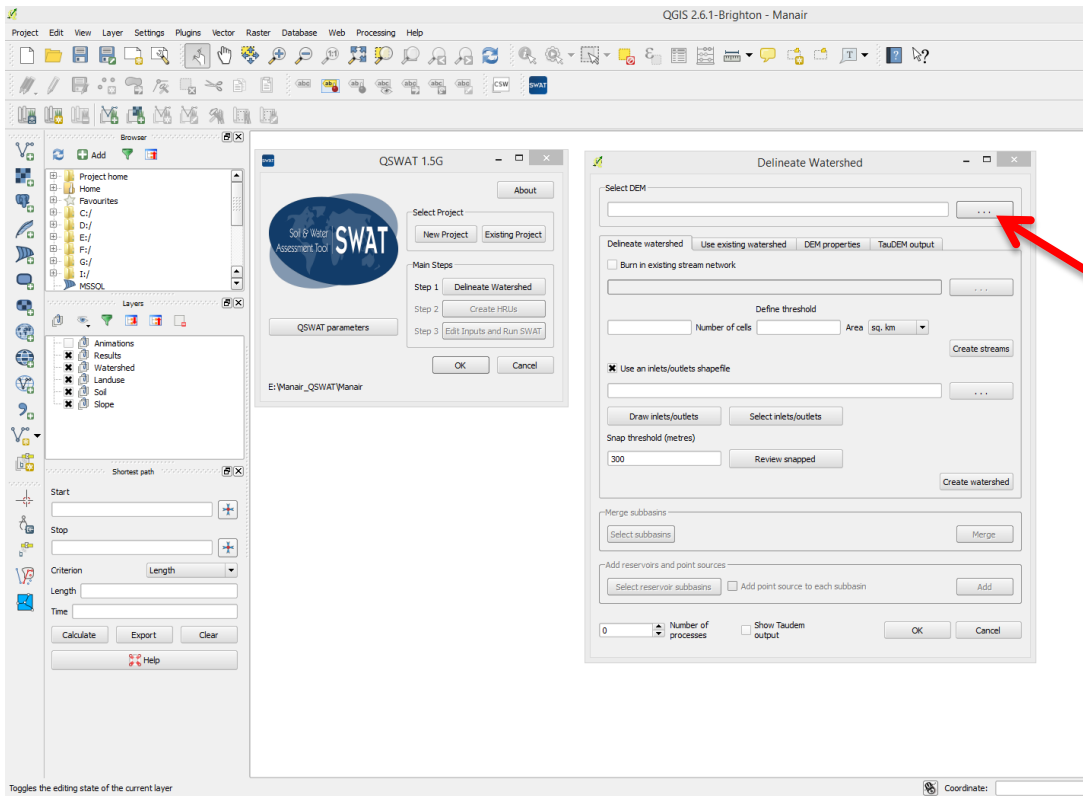


11. The First step is the delineation of watershed. The watershed delineation tool's functions are divided into sections, namely; Select DEM, Stream Threshold Definition for creating streams, Outlet/Inlet Selection/Definition, Watershed Outlet(s) Selection/Definition. Click on delineate watershed button in the QSWAT 1.5G dialog box.

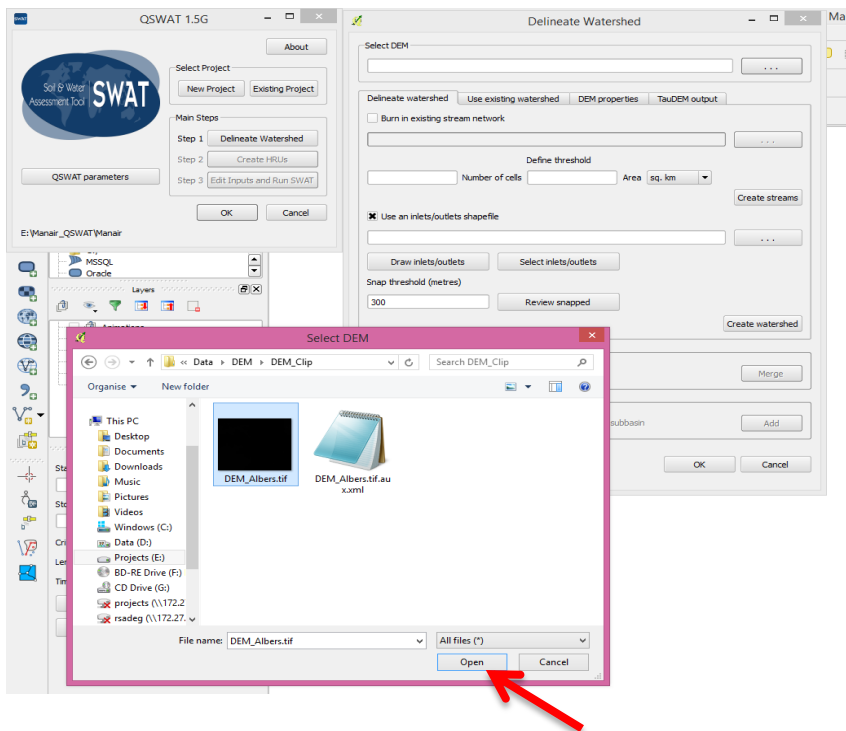


Note: Before proceeding to this step, ensure that all your three principal datasets (DEM, landuse, Soil) are in projected (Cartesian) coordinate system, preferably in an EQUAL AREA PROJECTION for better accuracy in the extraction of watershed parameters. IMPORTANT: The data should not be in Geographic Coordinates System (Decimal Degrees).

12. Delineate watershed dialog box appears. Click on the *icon* in Select DEM.

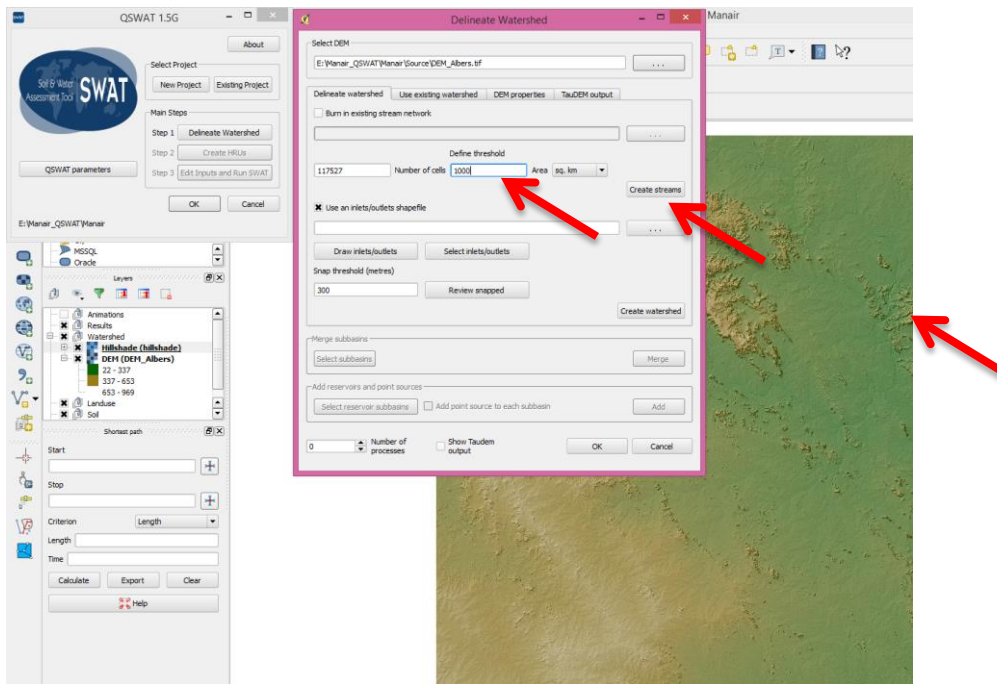


13. Open *DEM_Albiers.tif* from the following path, SWAT_Training > Data > DEM > DEM_Clip

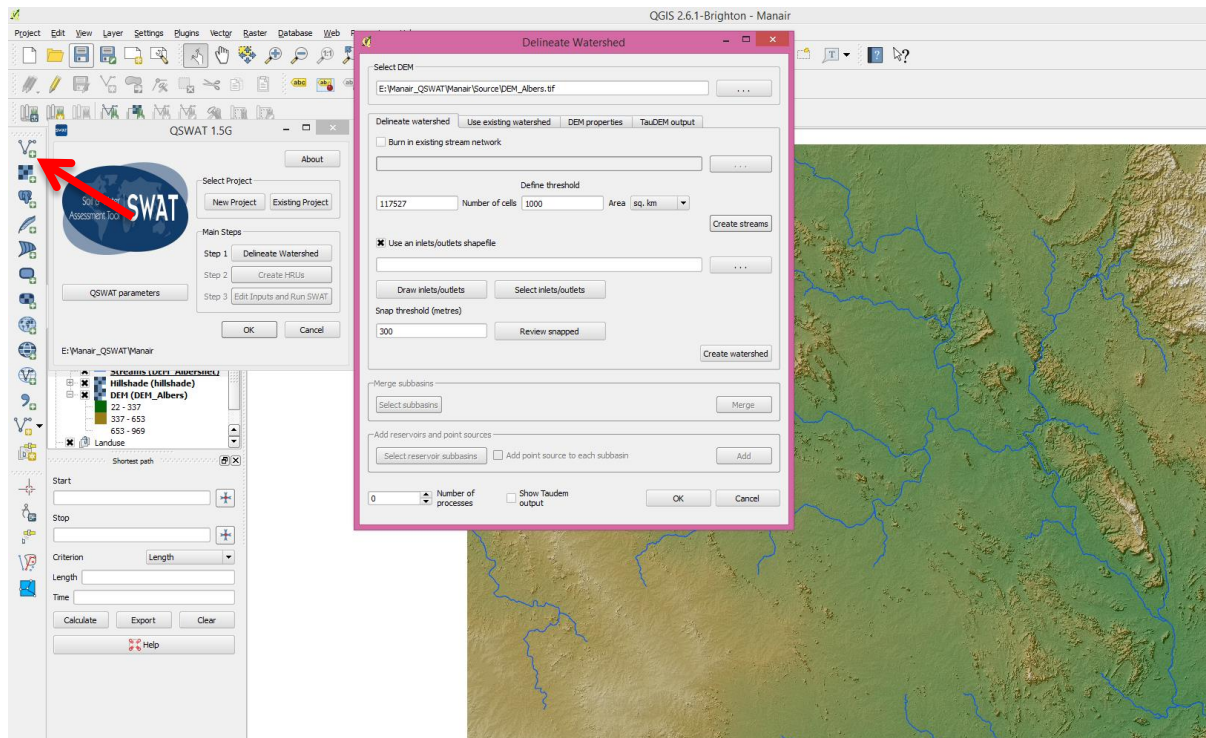


14. DEM loads at the background.

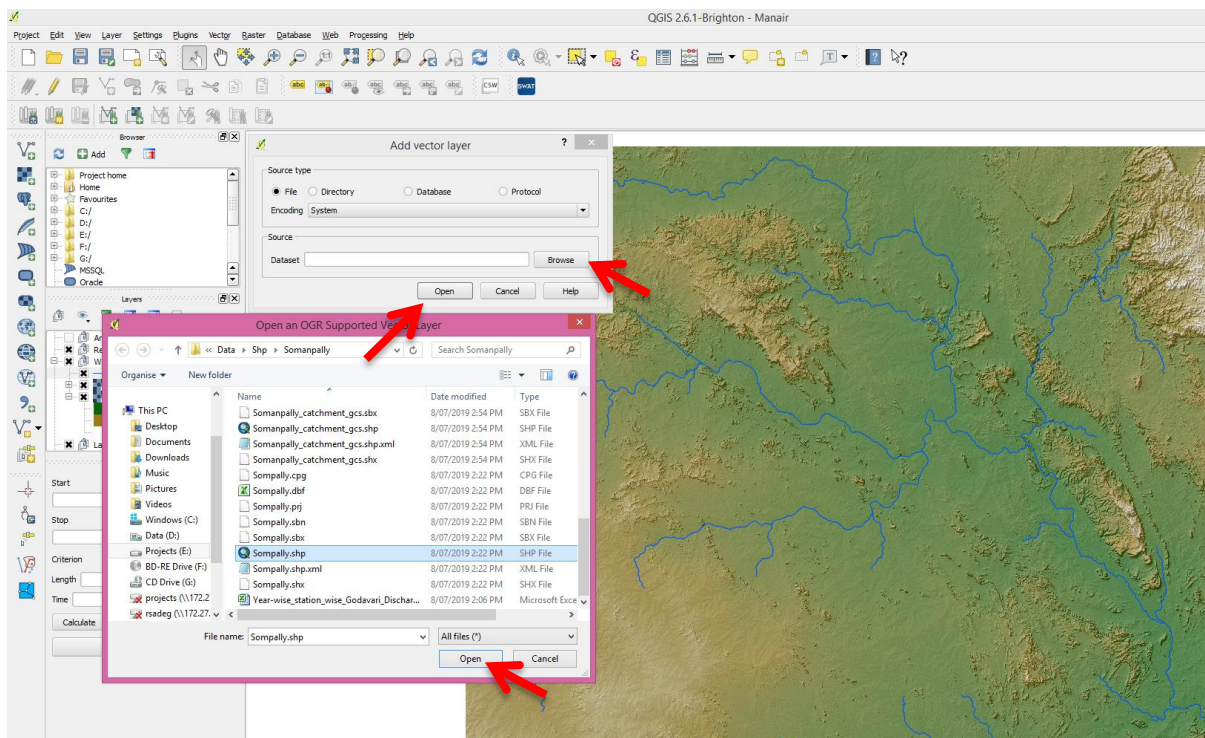
15. Change the **Area** in Define threshold to **1000 sq.km** and click on **Create streams** button. This creates the stream based on the threshold value provided. Click **OK** on **MPI error dialog box**.



16. The Streams are created and click on the “V” icon from the toolbox to load a vector data.

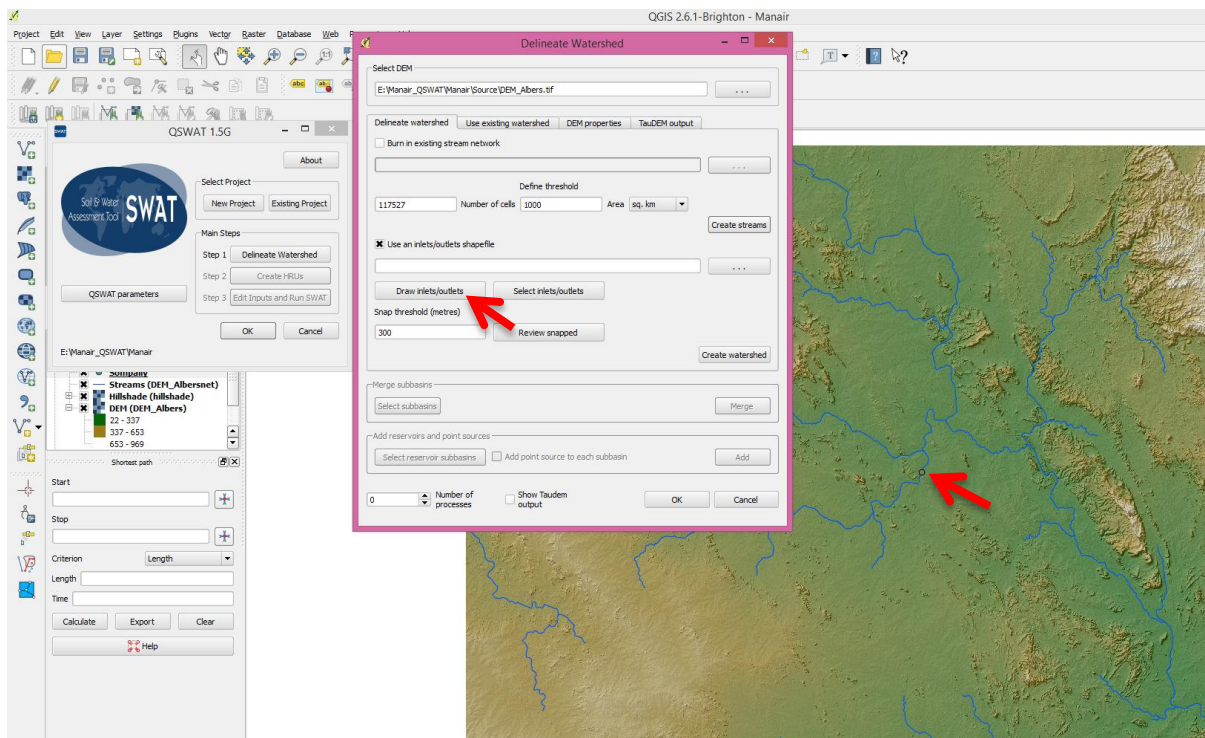


17. Open **Somanpally.shp** from the following path SWAT_Training > Data > Shp > Somanpally

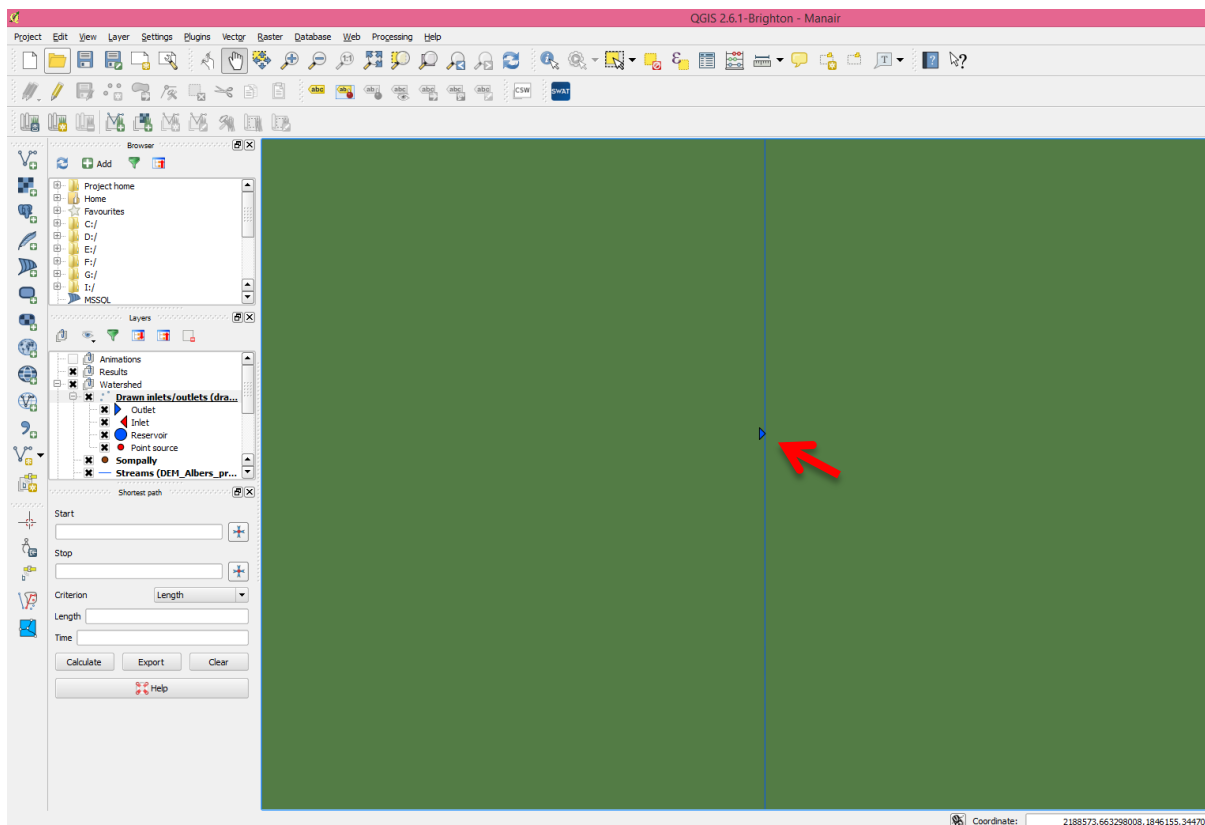
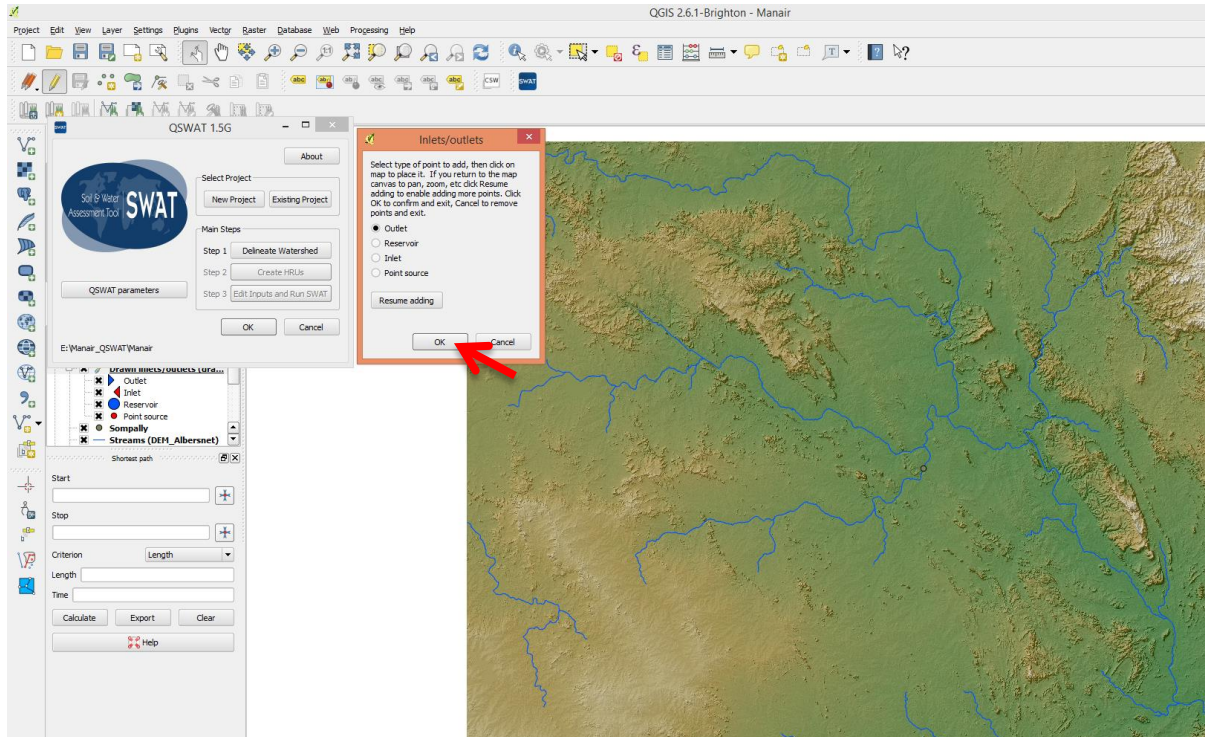


18. **Somanpally.shp** is added to the project.

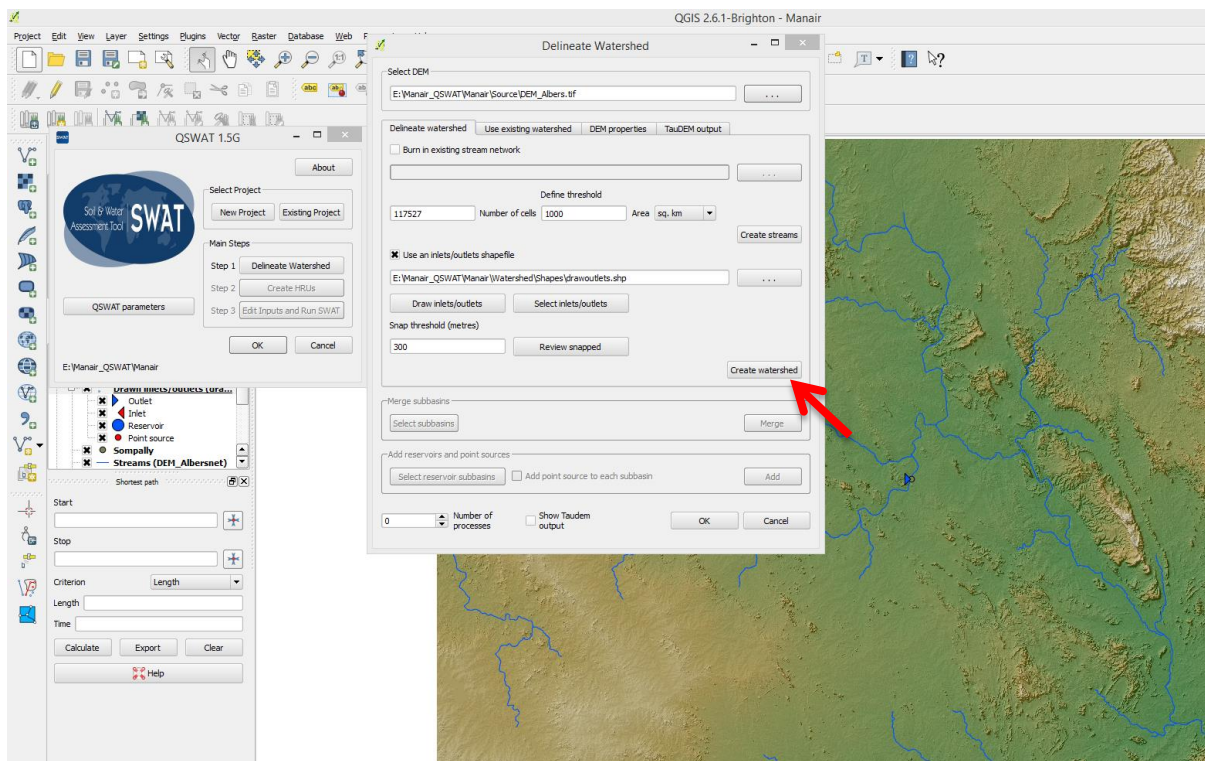
19. Click on **Draw Inlets/outlets button** to add the outlet to our basin of interest.



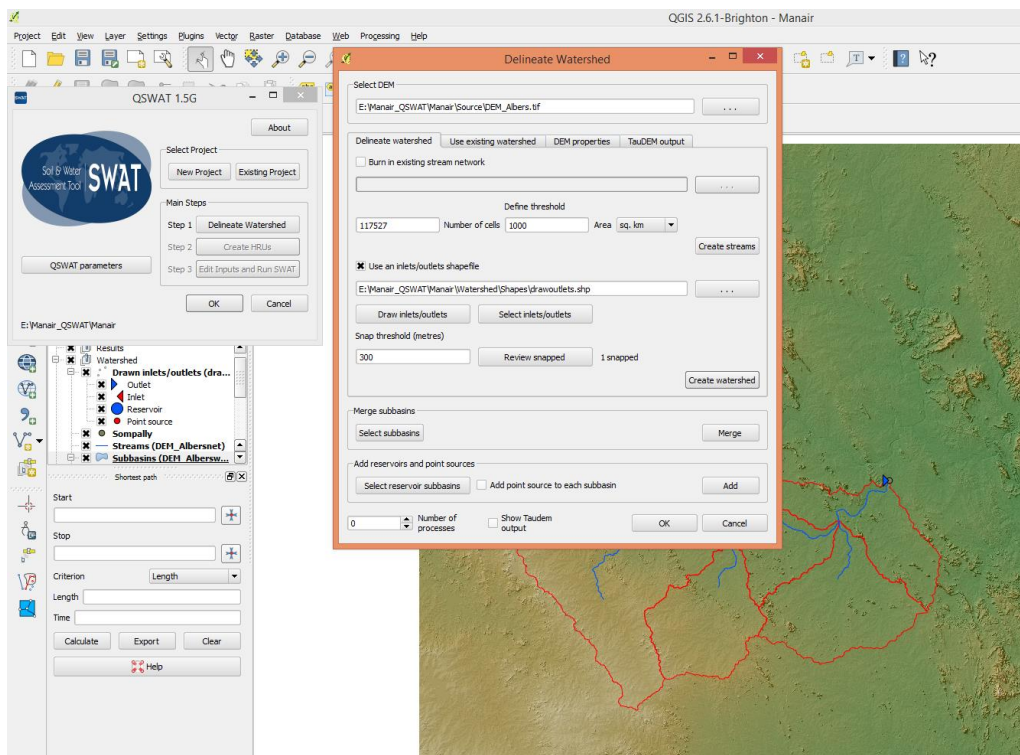
20. Inlets/outlets dialog box appears. Further zoom to the **Somanpally.shp** which was added already and click on the stream closer to **Somanpally.shp** at maximum zoom level and Click Ok. This adds an outlet point.



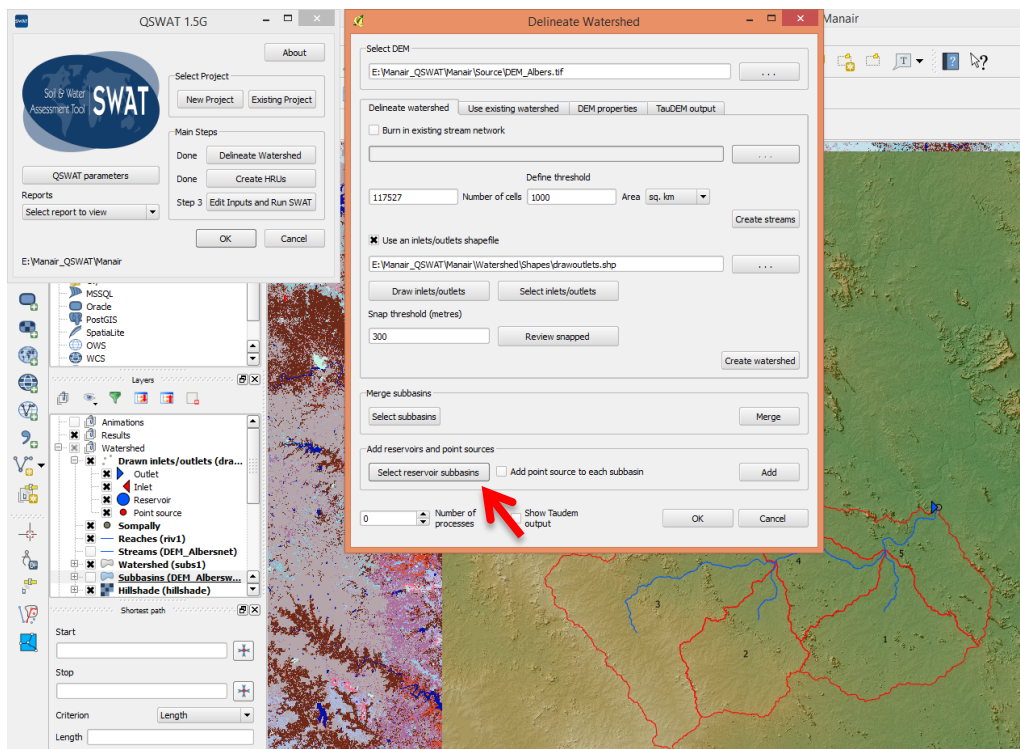
21. Click on the **Create Watershed** button to delineate the watershed.



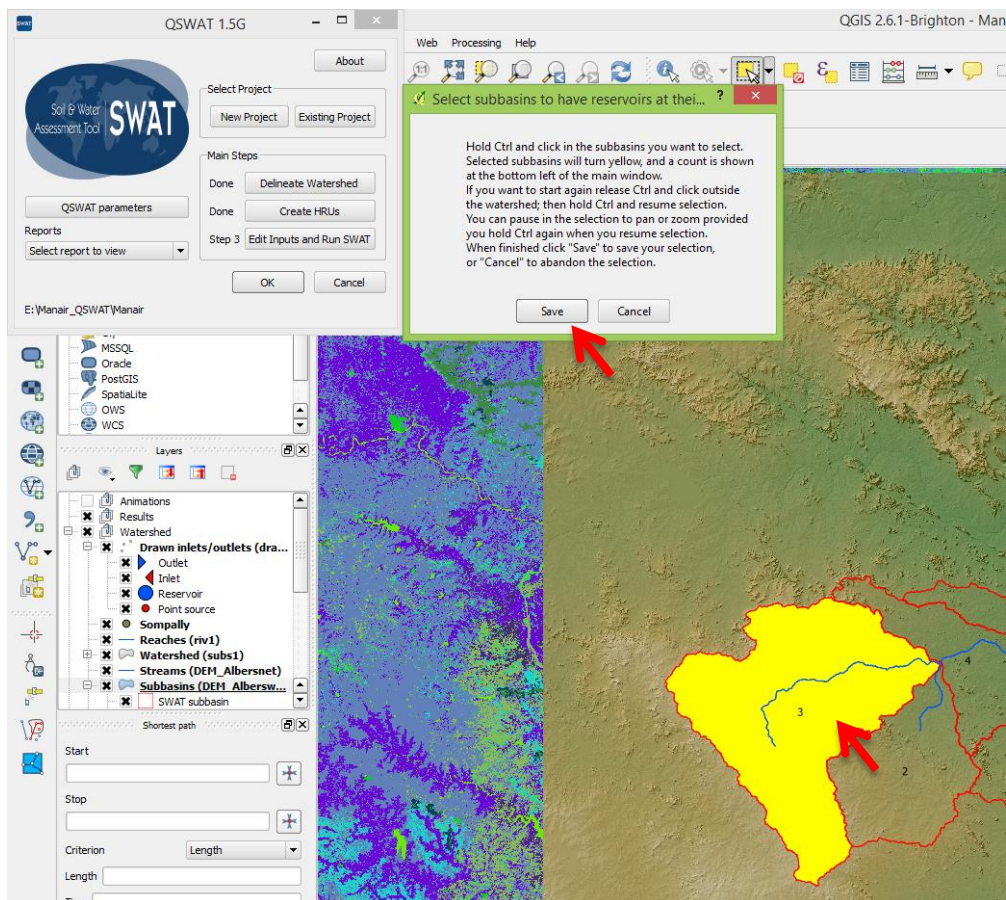
22. The Watershed is delineated with its Subbasins. Click **OK**. Proceed to step 28 if reservoir is not to be provided.



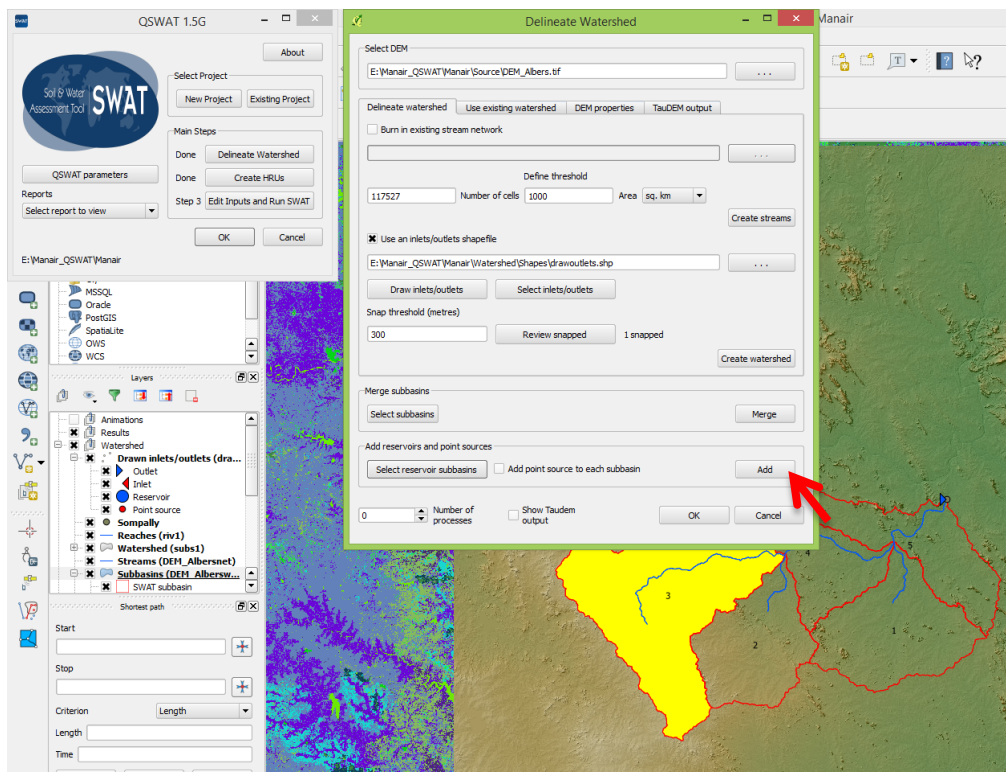
23. Click on **Select reservoir Subbasins** to add reservoir.



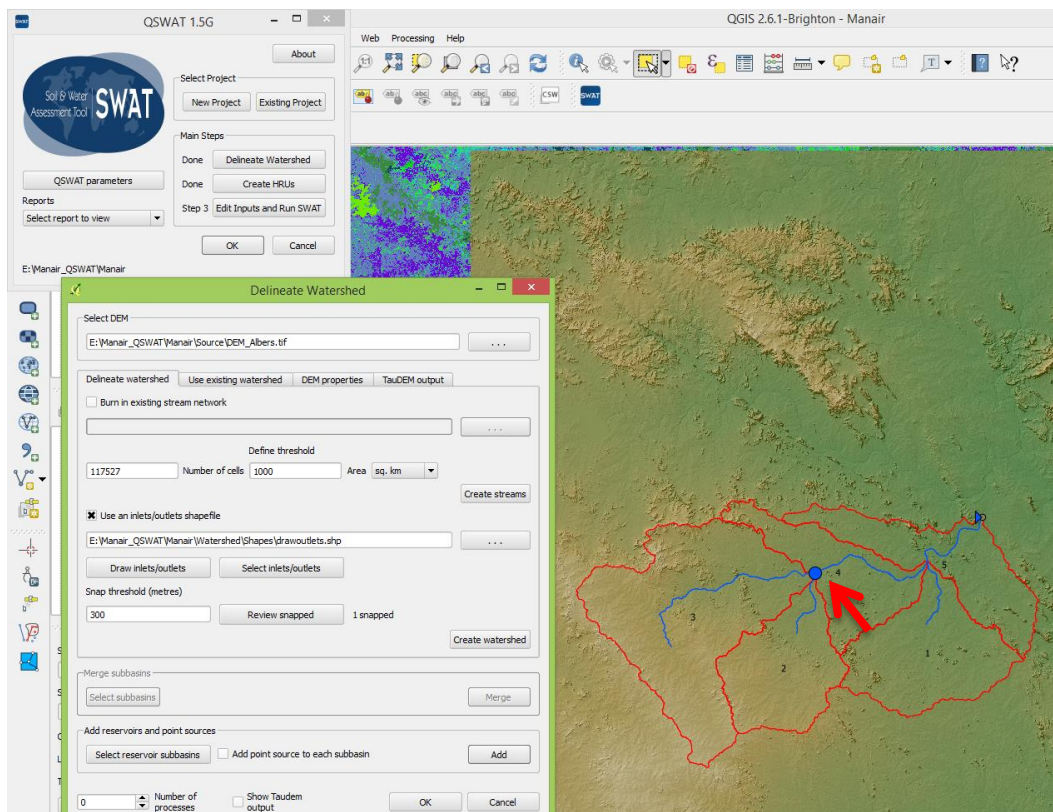
24. Hold Ctrl and Click on subbasin "3" and click Save.



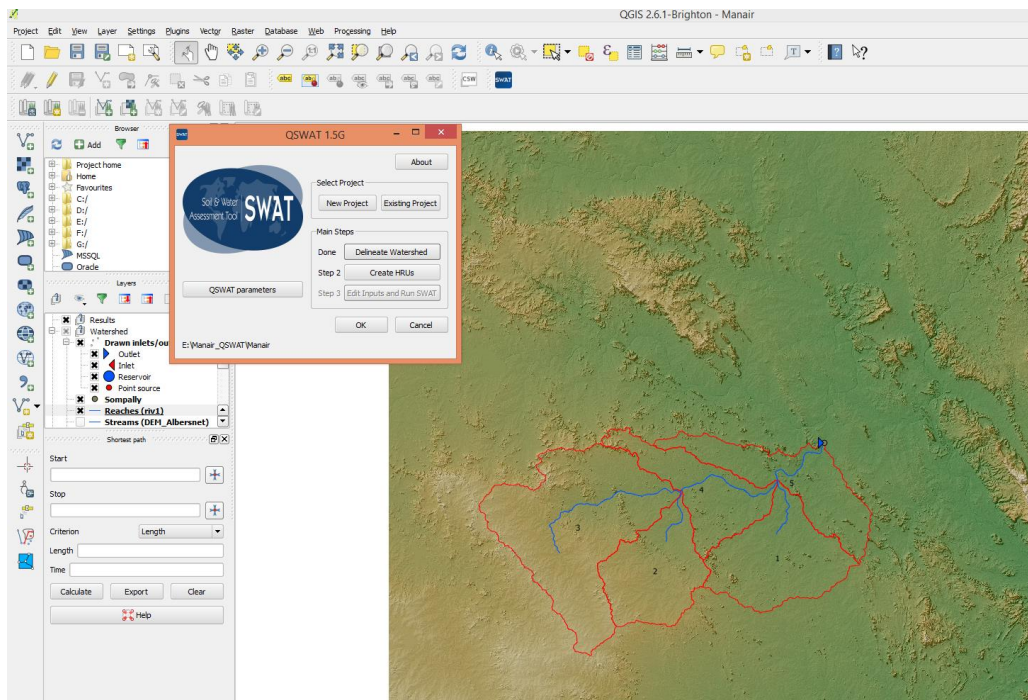
25. Click Add button.



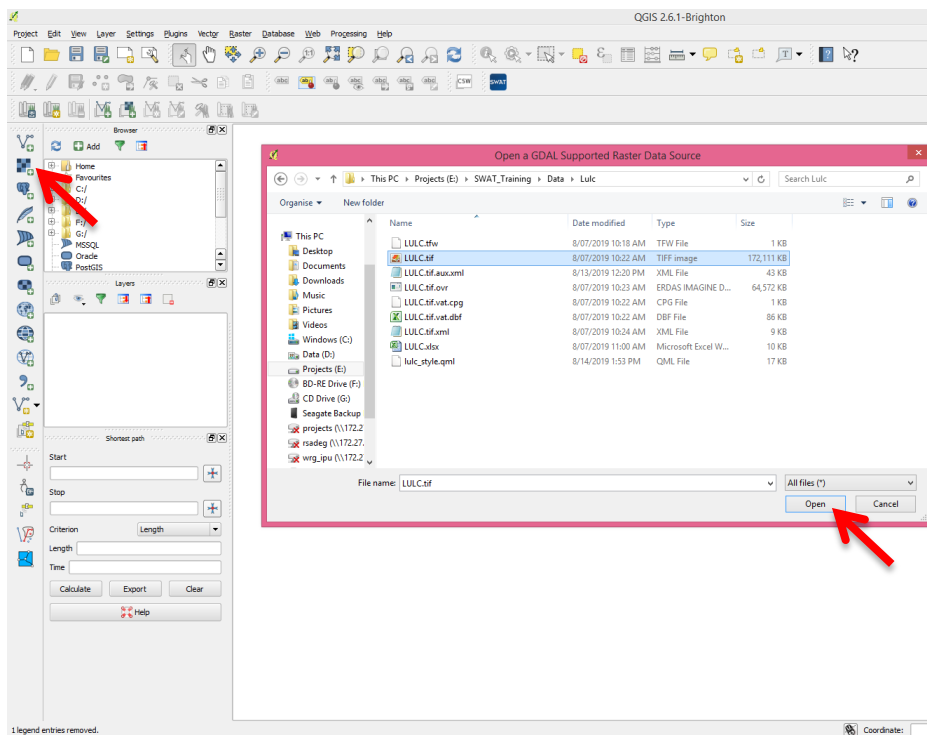
26. This adds reservoir to the project. Click OK.



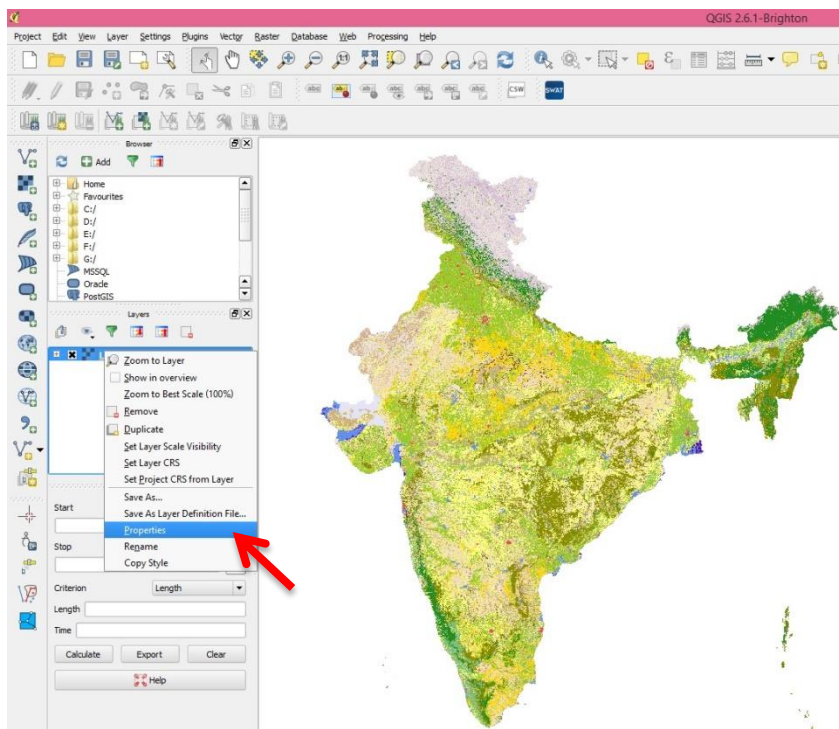
27. The corresponding Subbasins are visible.



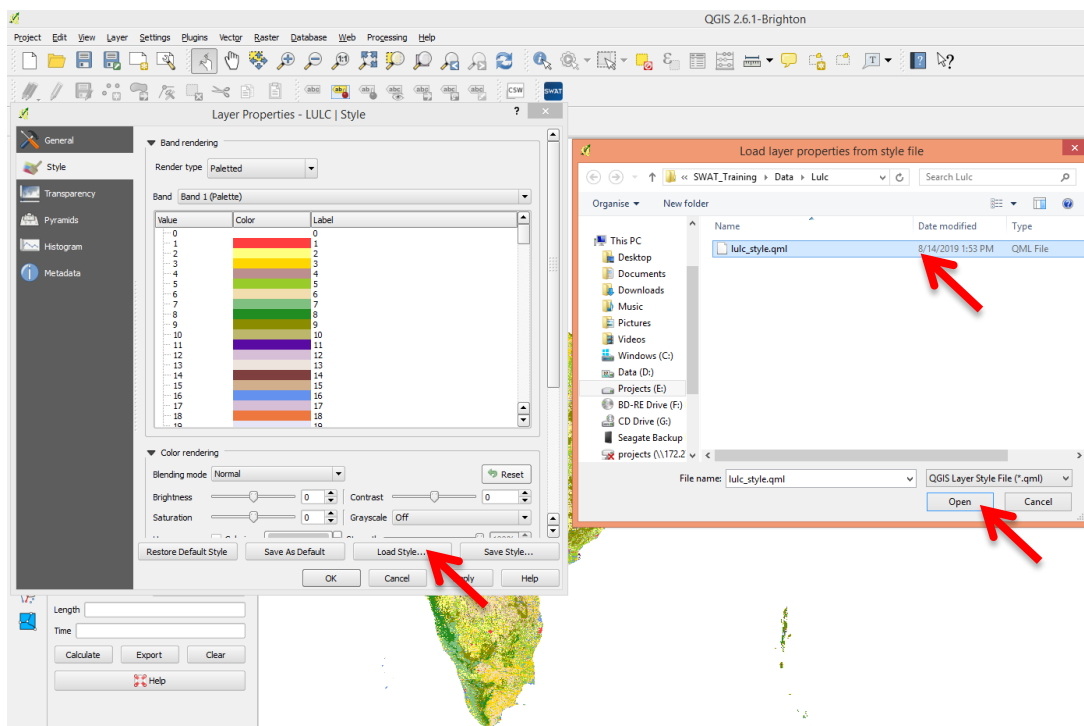
28. Open QGIS. Add the **LULC.tif** (landuse map) from the following path: **SWAT_Training > Data > Lulc**



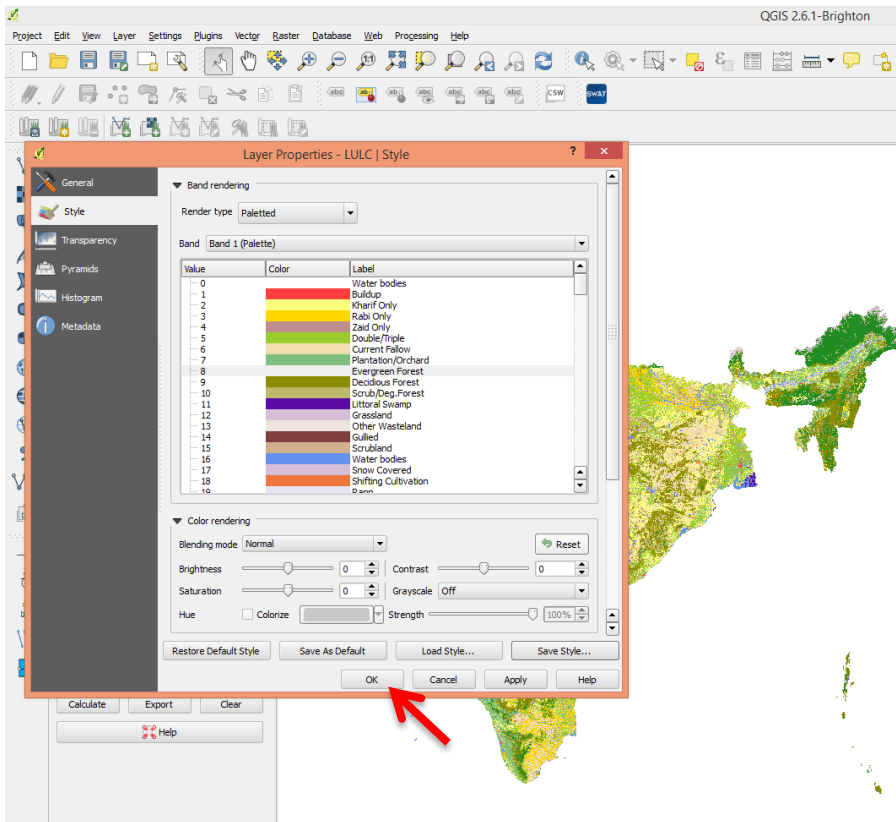
29. Right Click on **LULC.tif** and click on properties.



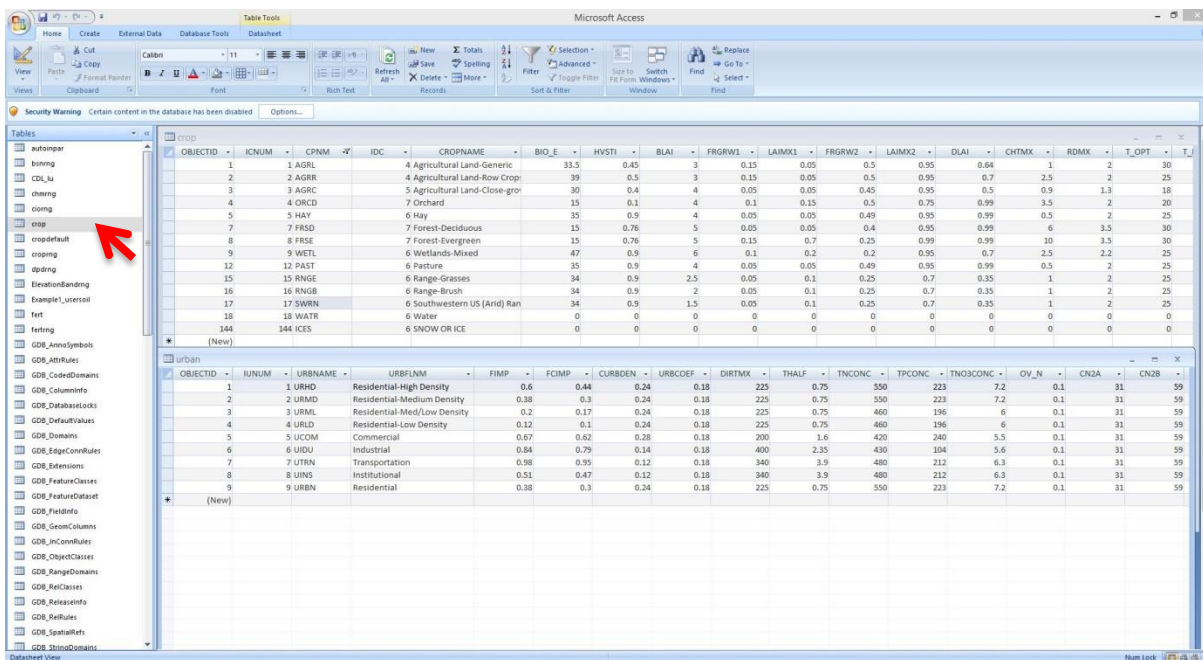
30. In the Layer Properties dialog box, click on **load style** button. Select **lulc_style.qml** from the following path: **SWAT_Training > Data > Lulc**



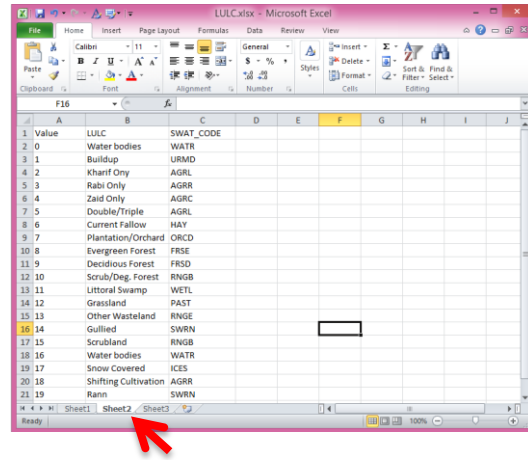
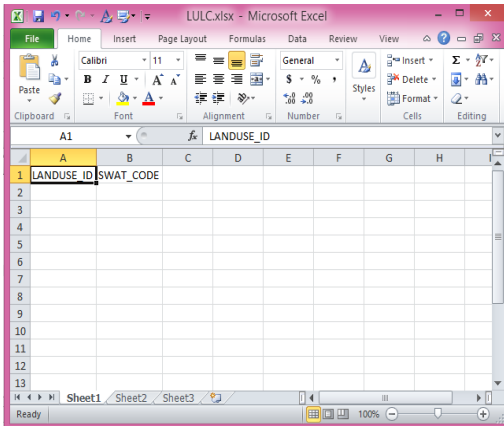
31. This displays the Value and its corresponding LULC class names. Click OK



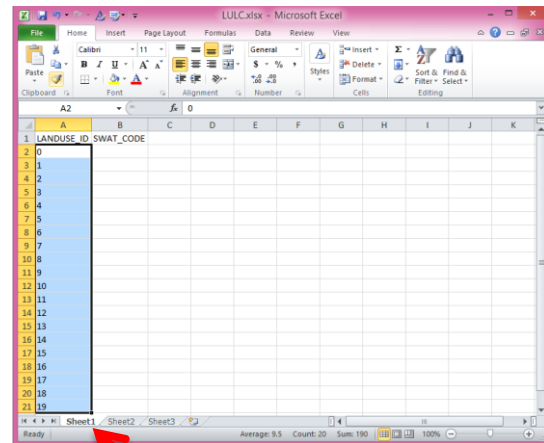
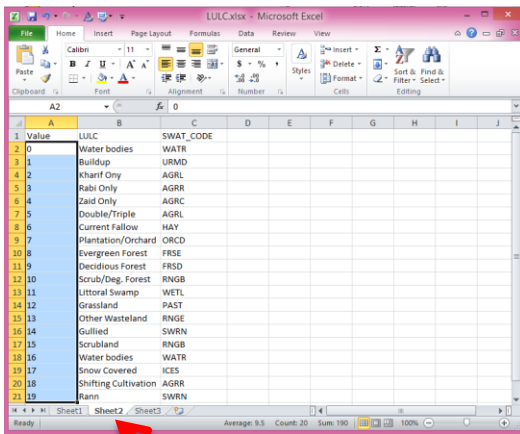
32. Now Open the **QSWATRef2012.mdb** from the following path: Manair_QSWAT > Manair and open the table **crop** and **urban**. **QSWATRef2012.mdb** contains the LULC codes defined by SWAT. In order to link LULC data to SWAT database we need to create a lookup table. So, we need to define the SWAT code for the LULC classes in LULC.tif file.



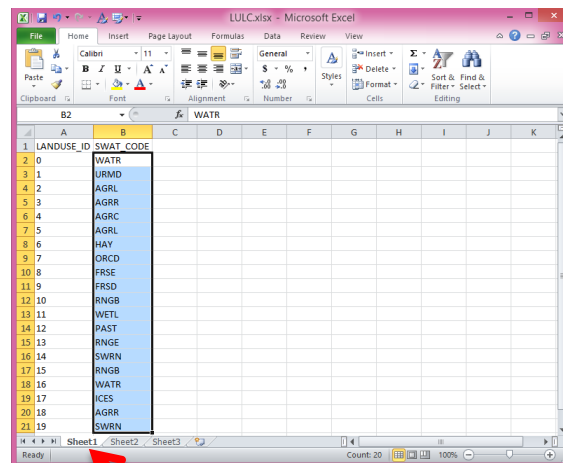
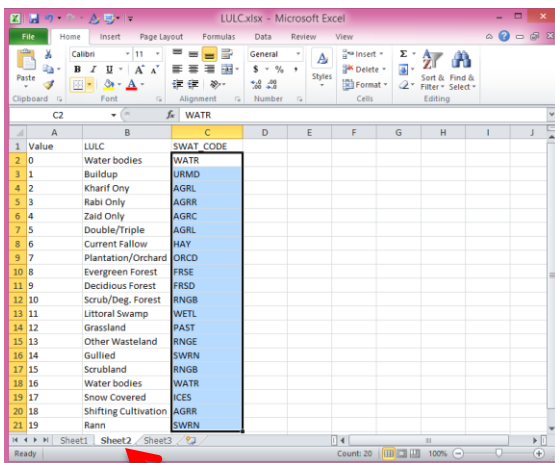
33. Open **LULC.xlsx** from the following path: SWAT_Training > Data > Lulc. Click on **sheet2**. The LULC classes of **LULC.tif** is listed.



34. Copy the **Value** column from **sheet2** to **sheet1**.

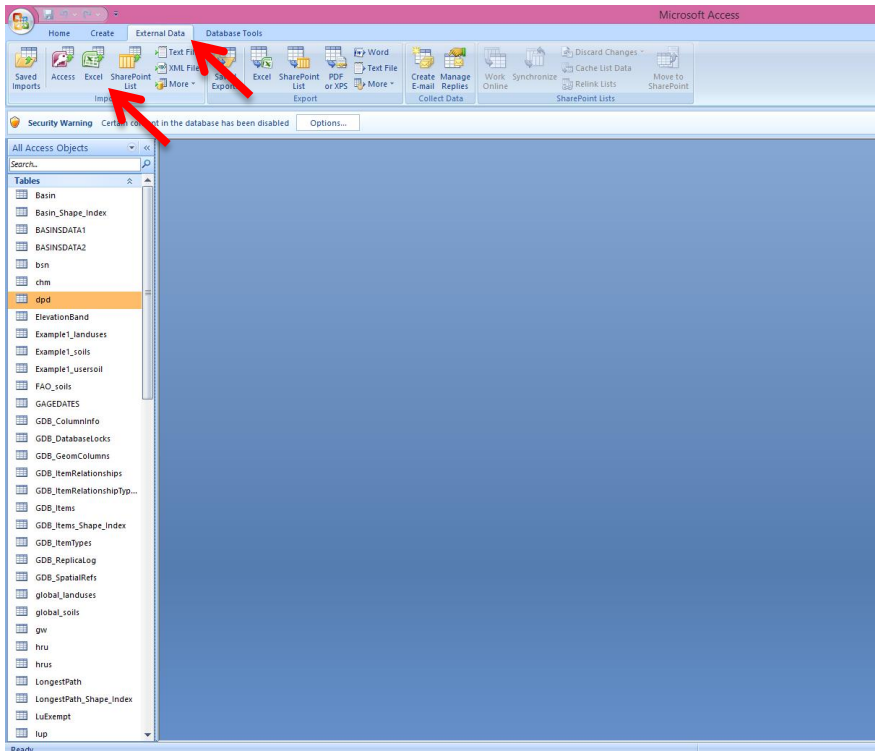


35. Copy the **SWAT_CODE** column from **sheet2** to **sheet1**. Now the lookup table is completed.

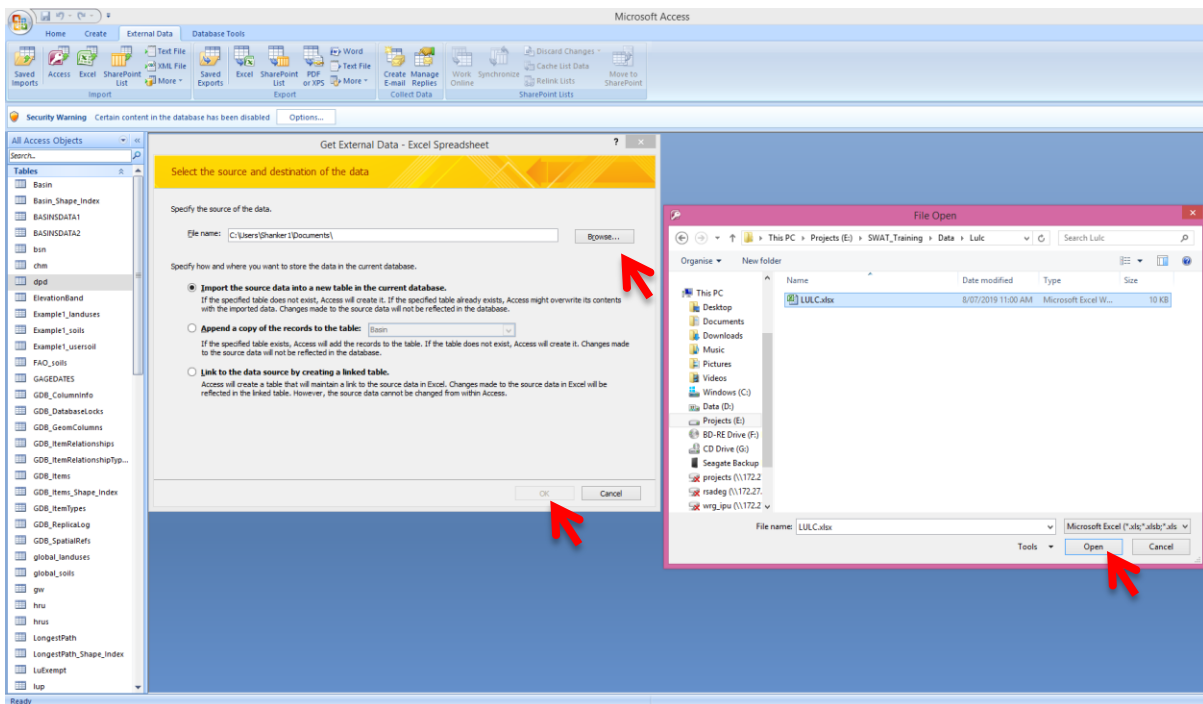


36. Open **Manair.mdb** from the following path: Manair_QSWAT >Manair.

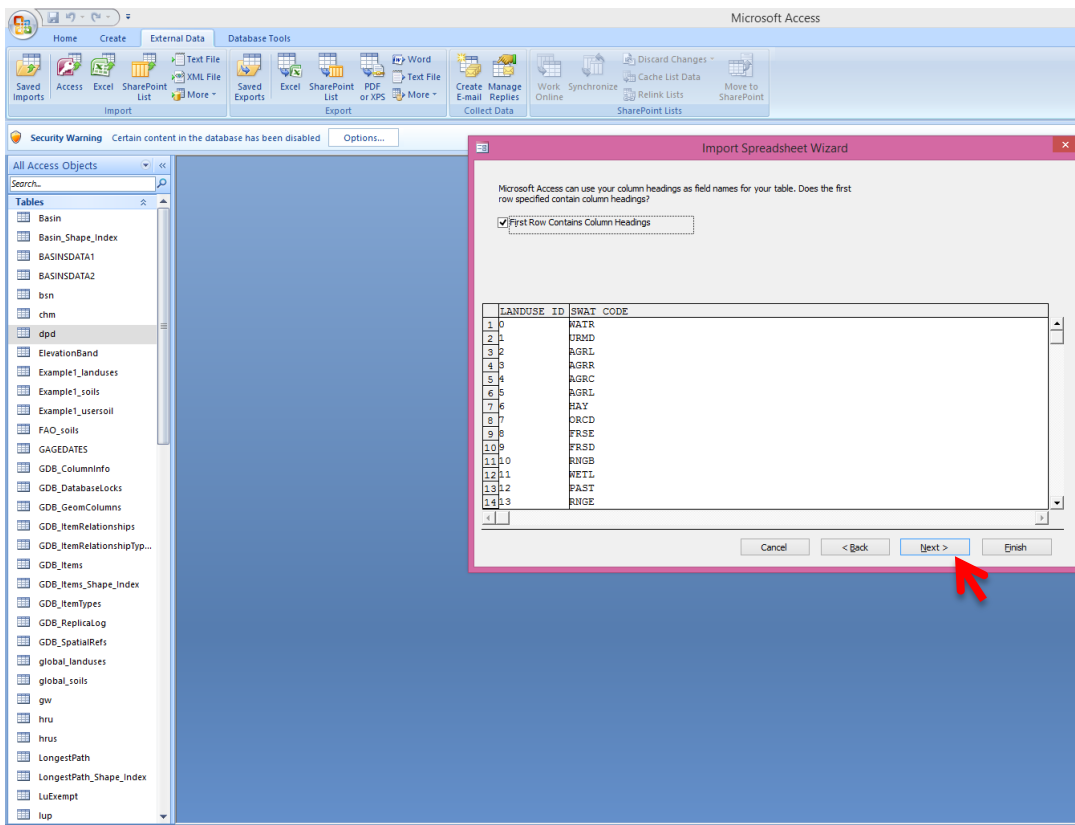
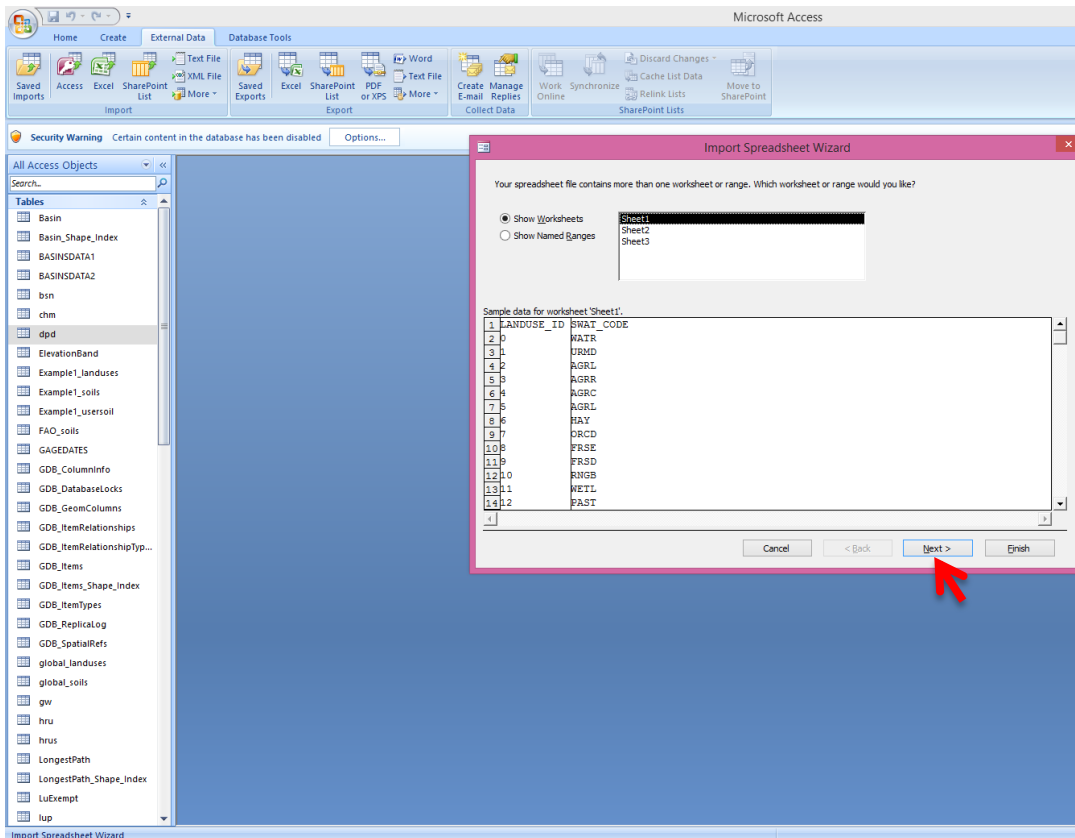
Click External Data, then click Excel.

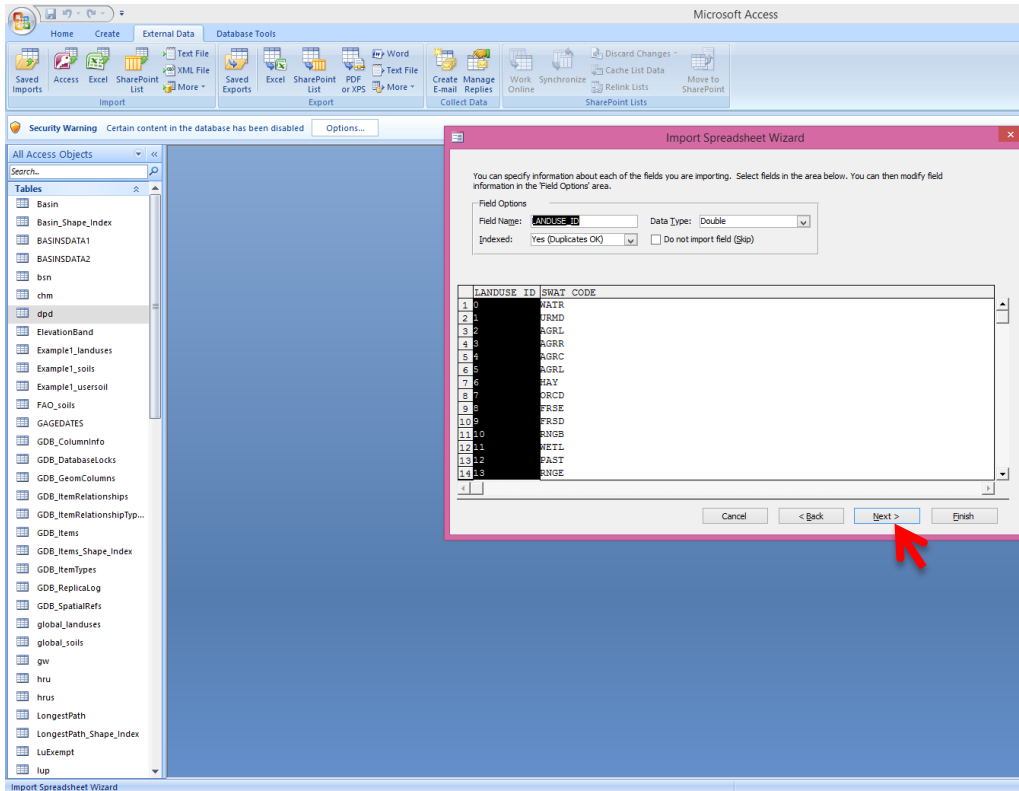


37. Import the file **LULC.xlsx** from the following path: SWAT_Training > Data > Lulc and Click Ok.

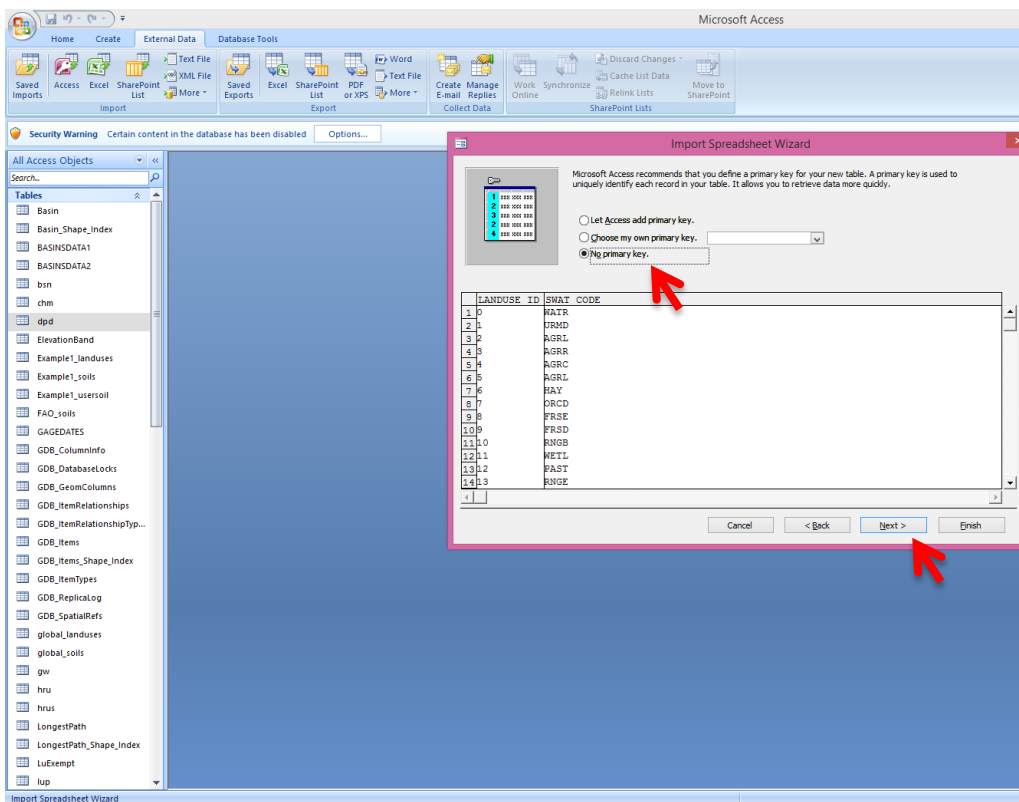


38. Click Next.

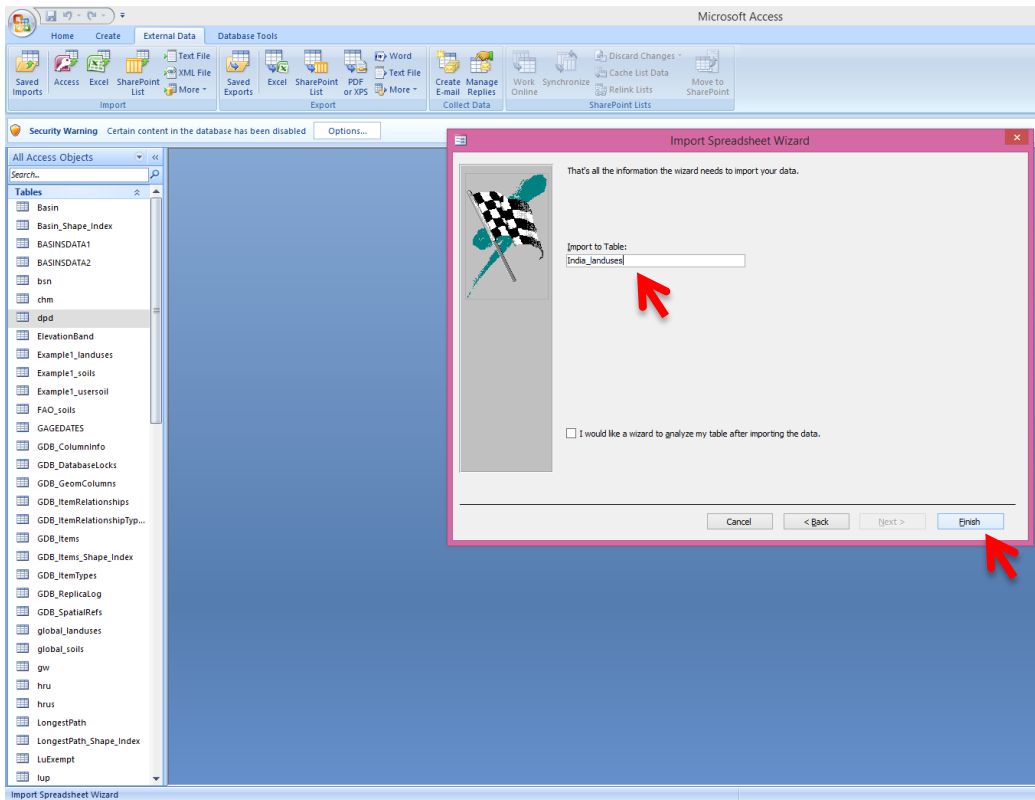




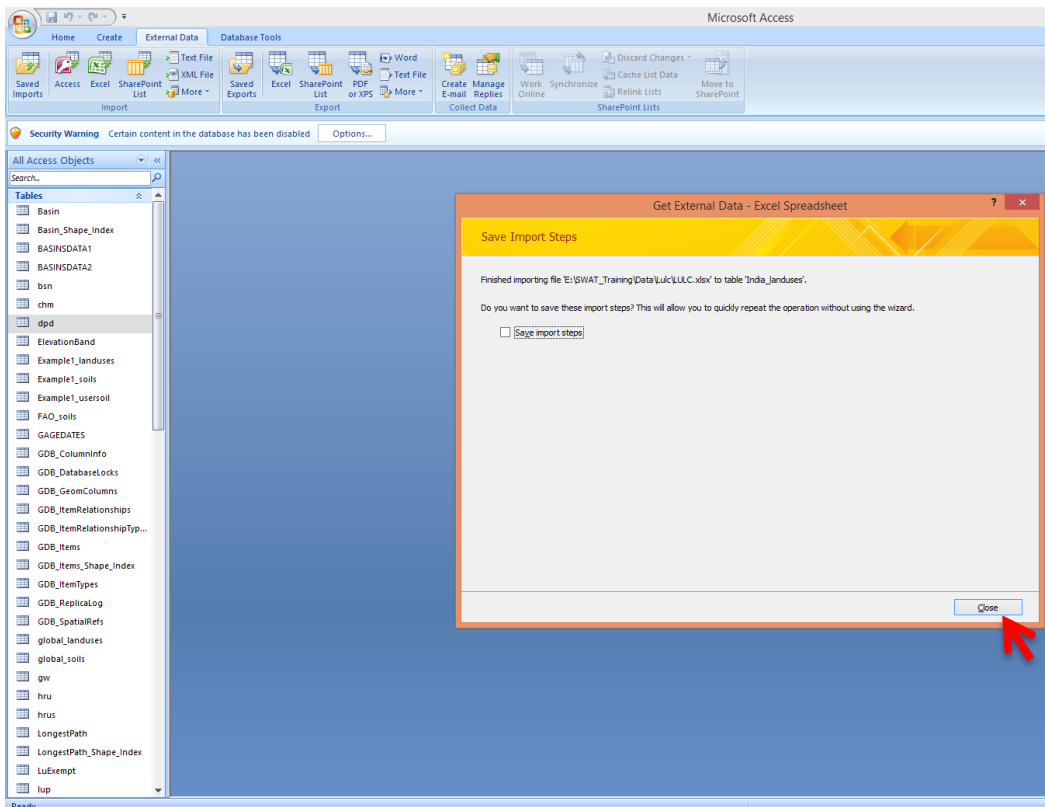
39. Select **No primary key** radio button.



40. Rename the table as **India_landuses** and click **Finish**. (Note: Name should end with _landuses)

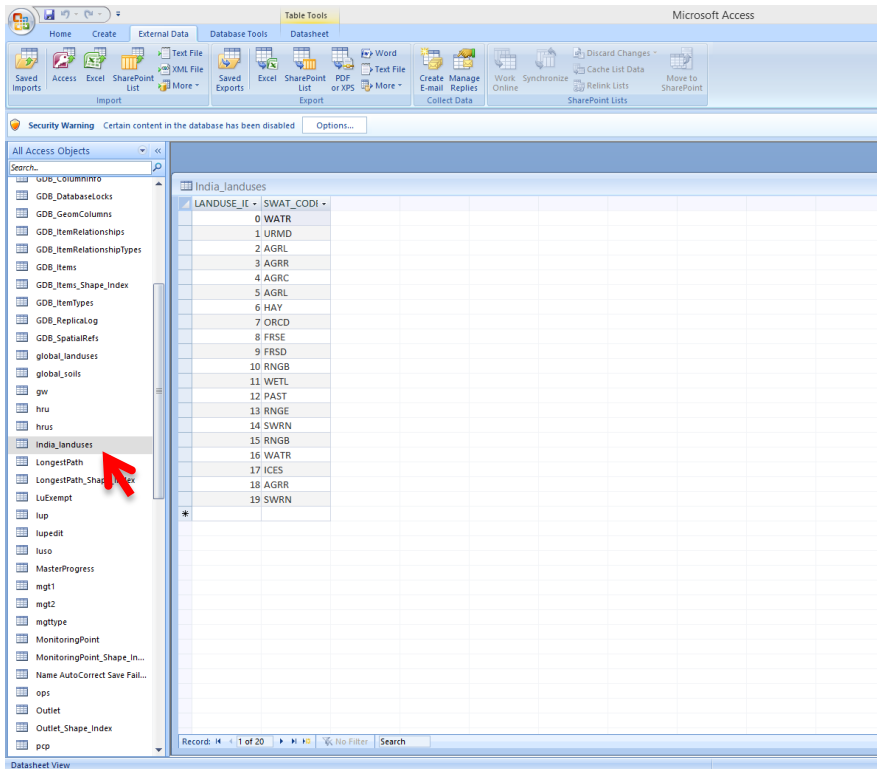


41. Close the dialog box.

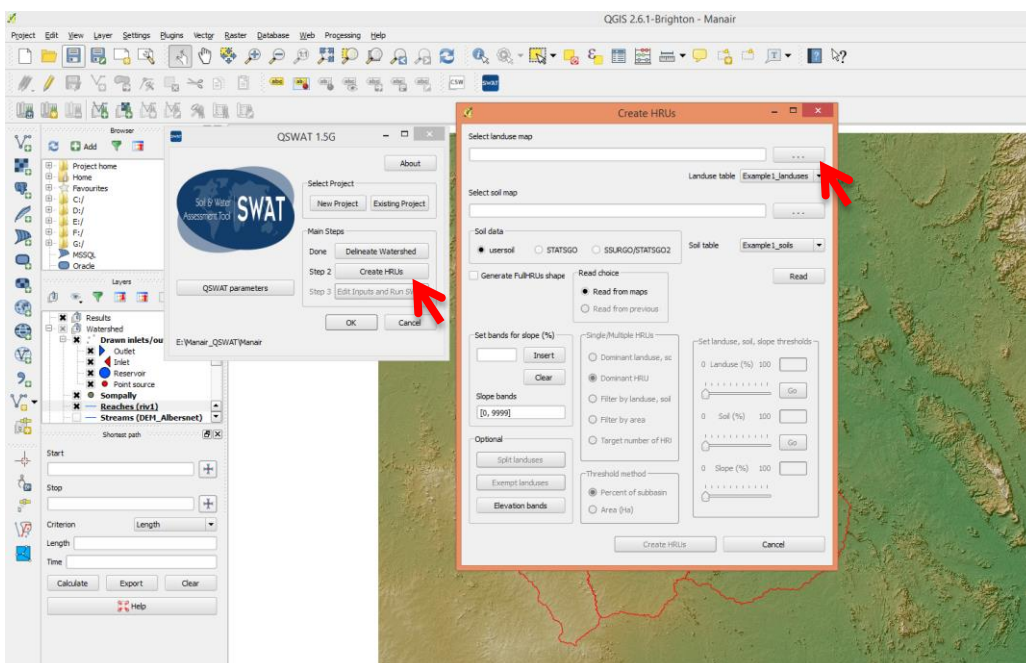


42. India_landuses Look up table is imported to the database **Manair.mdb**.

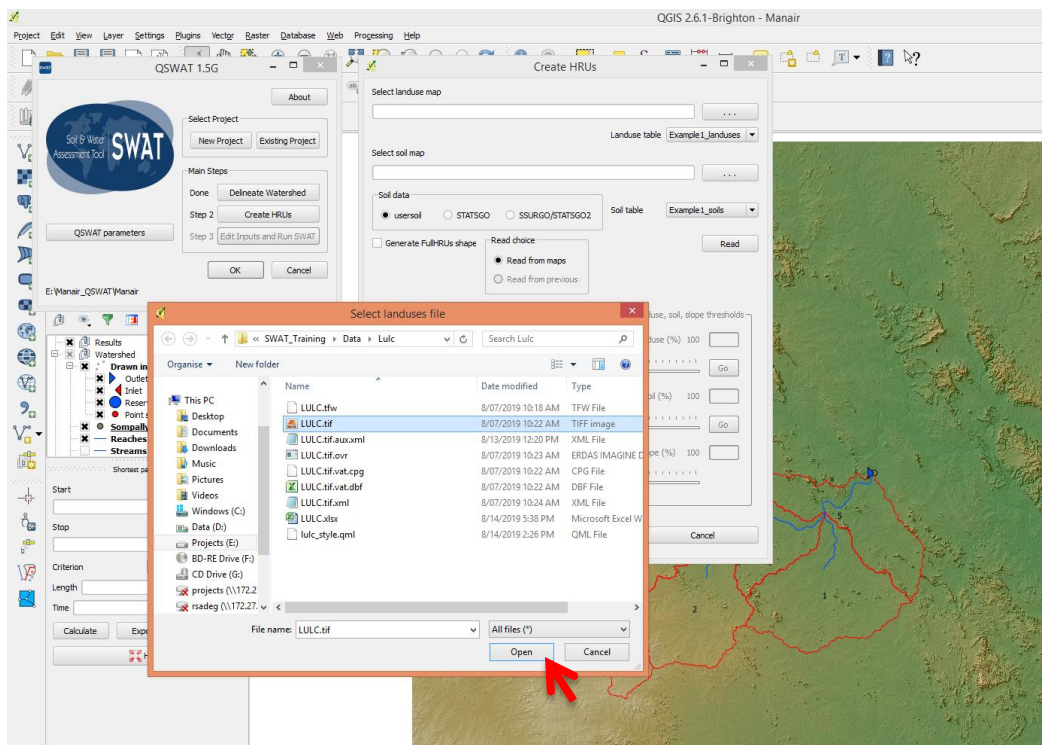
43. Close the database **Manair.mdb**.



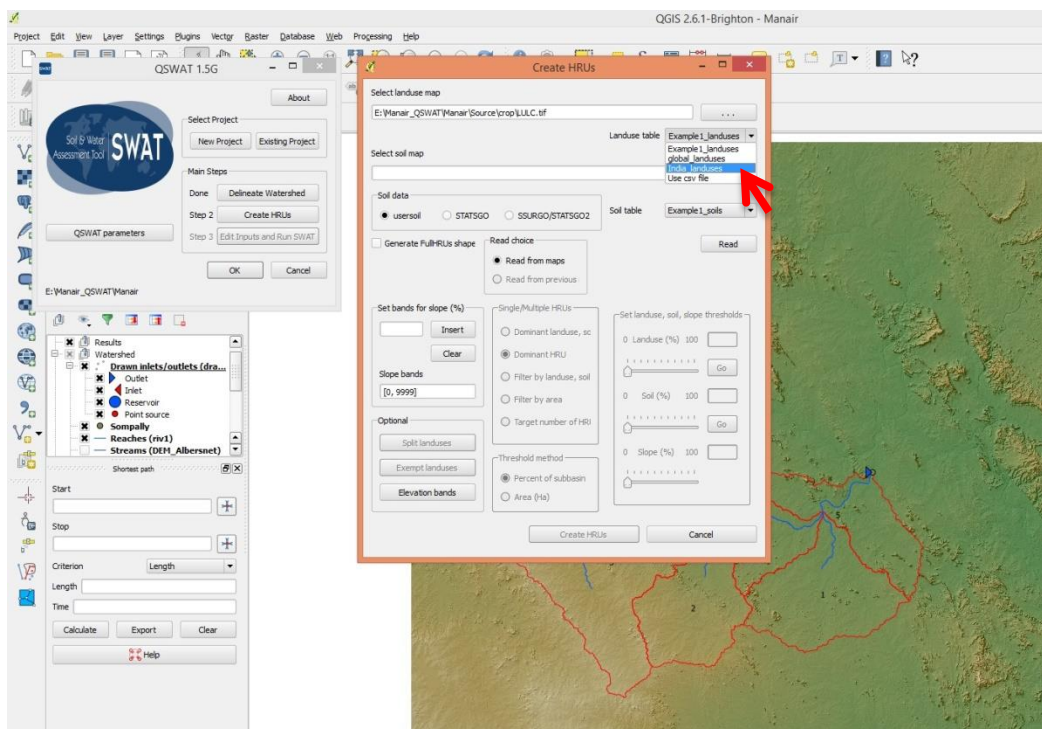
44. Click on **Create HRUs** button. The Land Use, Soil and slope Definition option in the HRU Analysis menu allows the user to specify the land use, soil and slope themes that will be used for modeling using SWAT. These themes are then used to determine the hydrologic response unit (HRU) distribution in each sub- watershed.



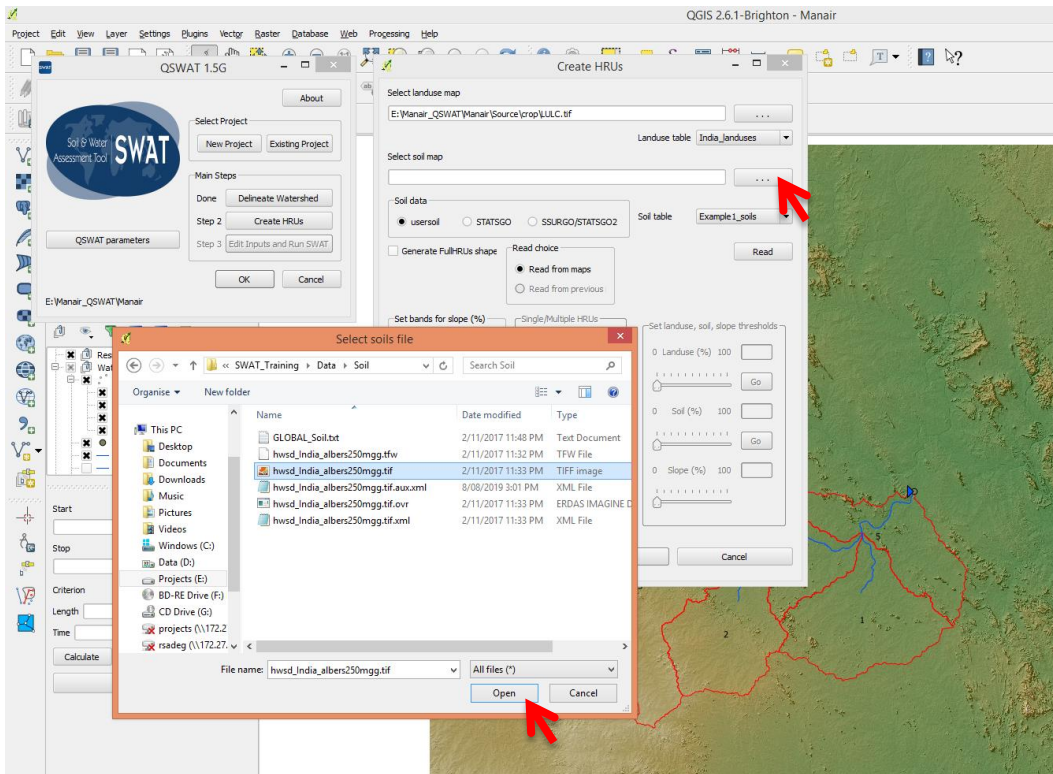
45. Select and open **LULC.tif** (landuse map) from the following path: SWAT_Training > Data > Lulc



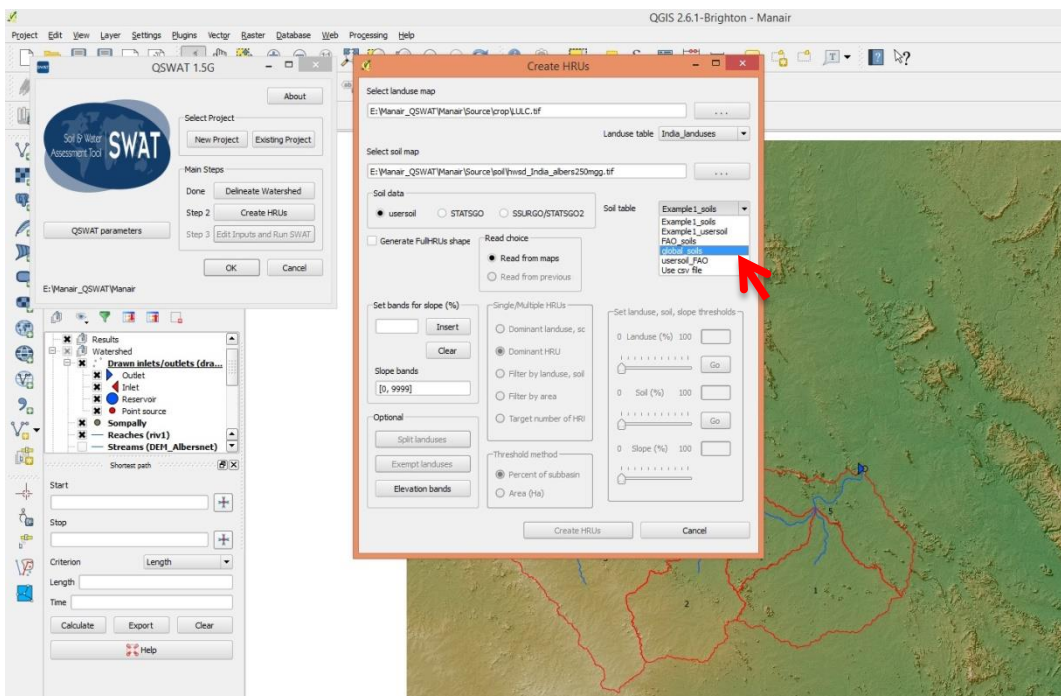
46. From the **landuse** table dropdown, select **India_landuses**.



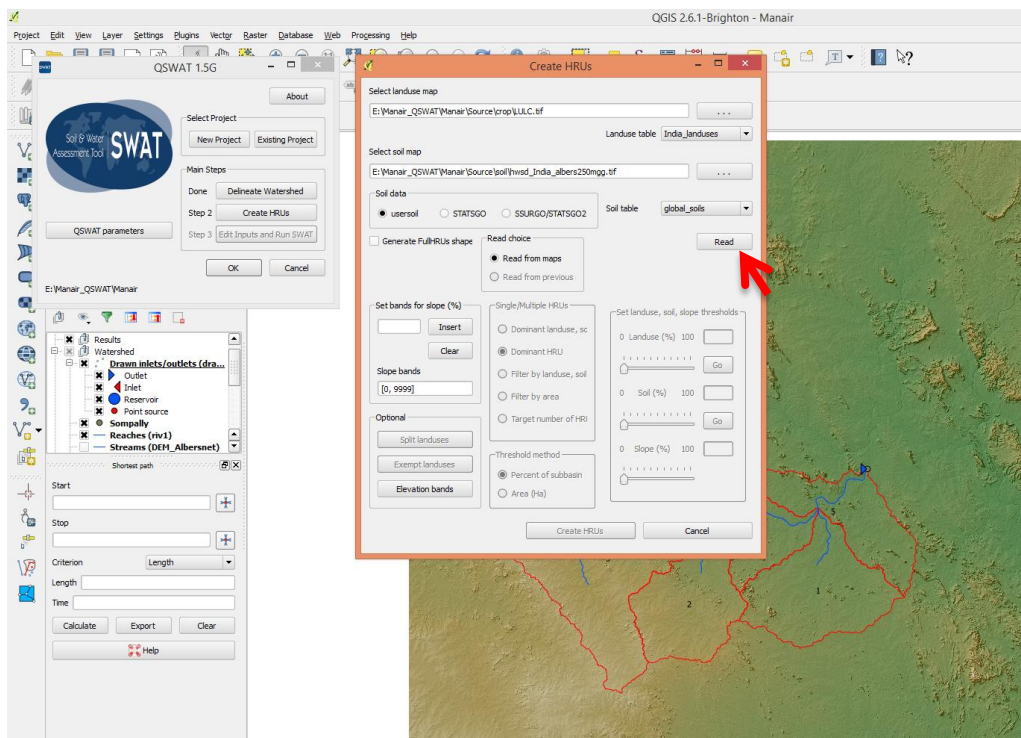
47. For Soil data, select and open **hwsd_India_albers250mgg.tif** from the following path: SWAT_Training > Data > Soil. (Data Source : FAO)



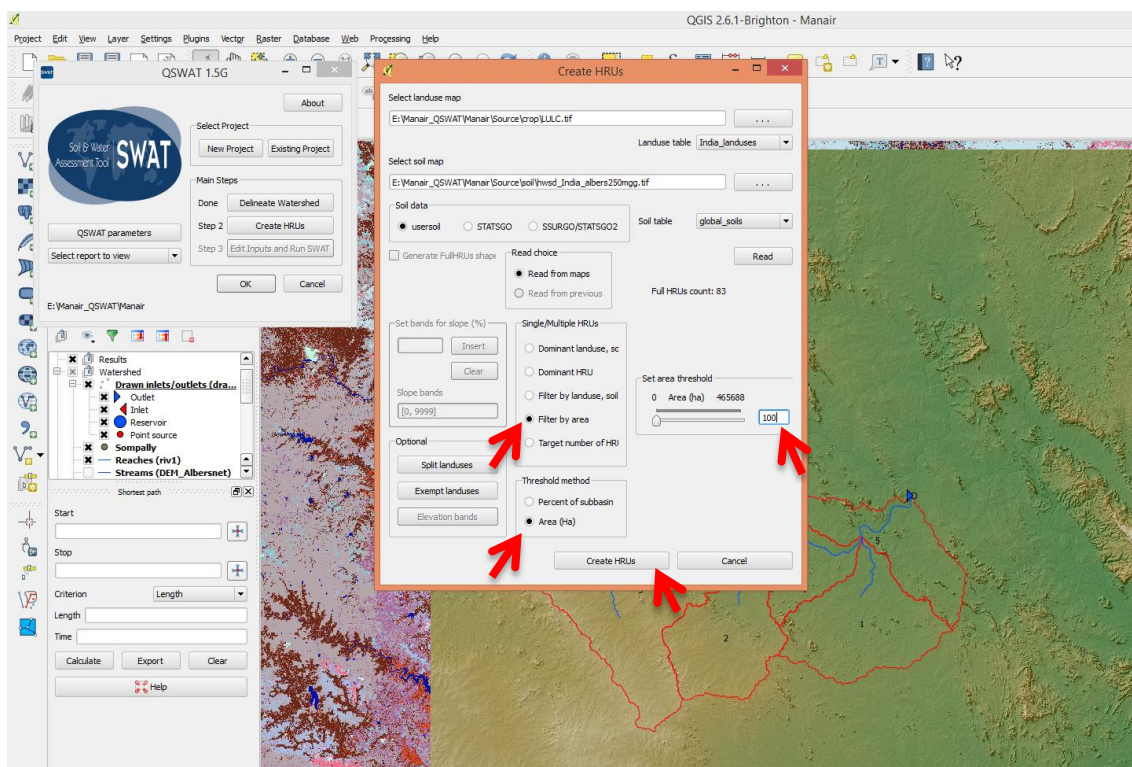
48. From the **soil table** dropdown, select **global_soils**. (Note: *global_soils* is the lookup table for soil data)



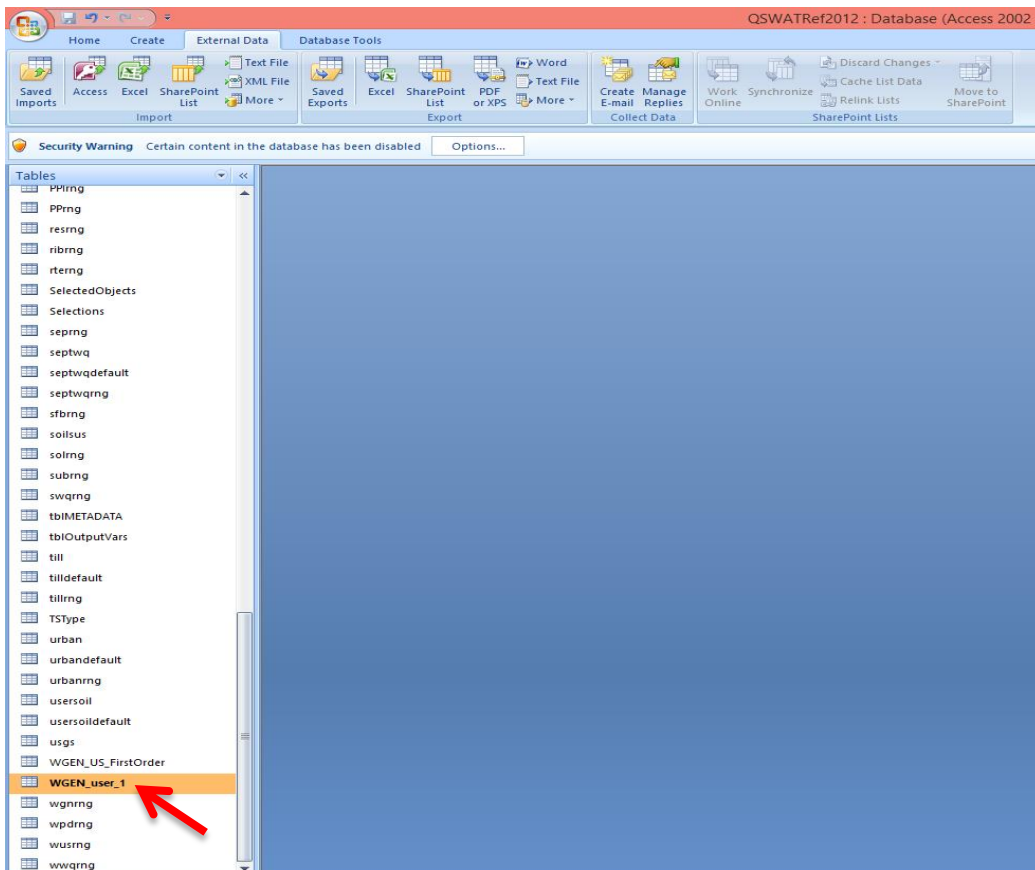
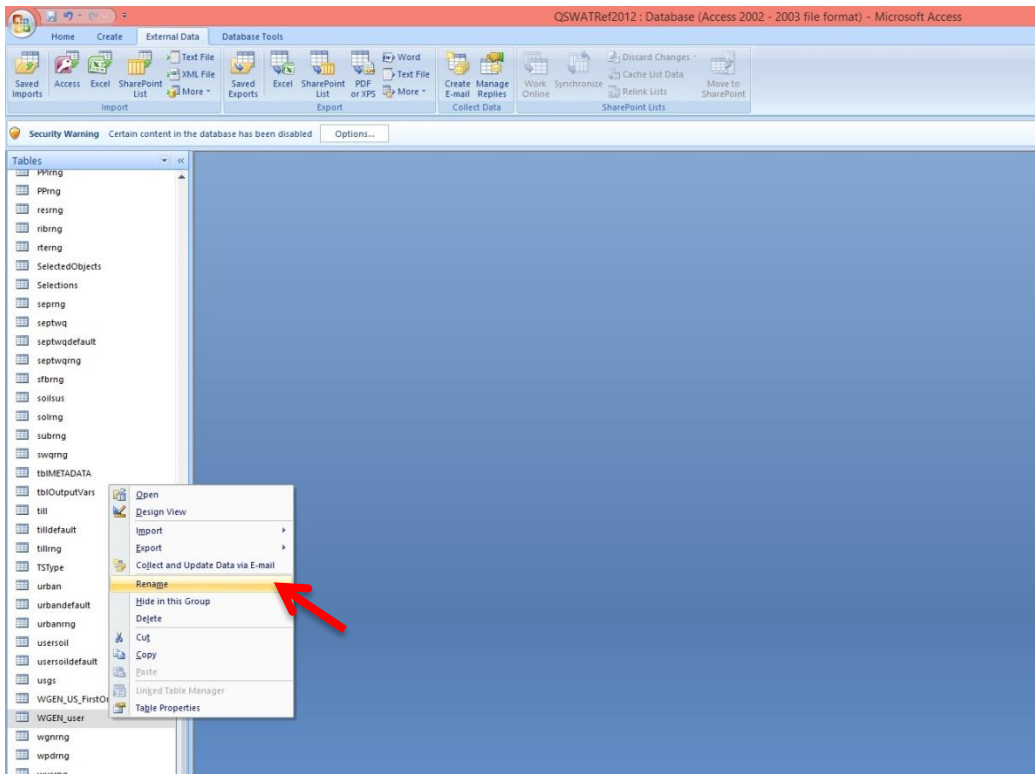
49. Click on **Read** button and this reads the landuse and soil data provided.



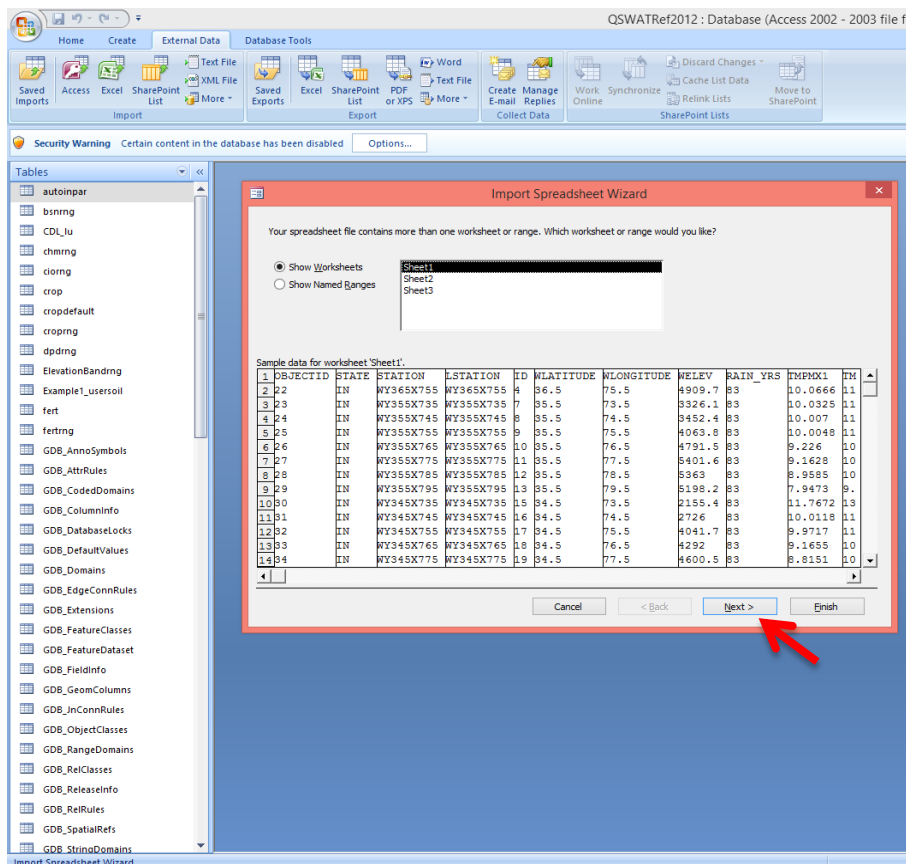
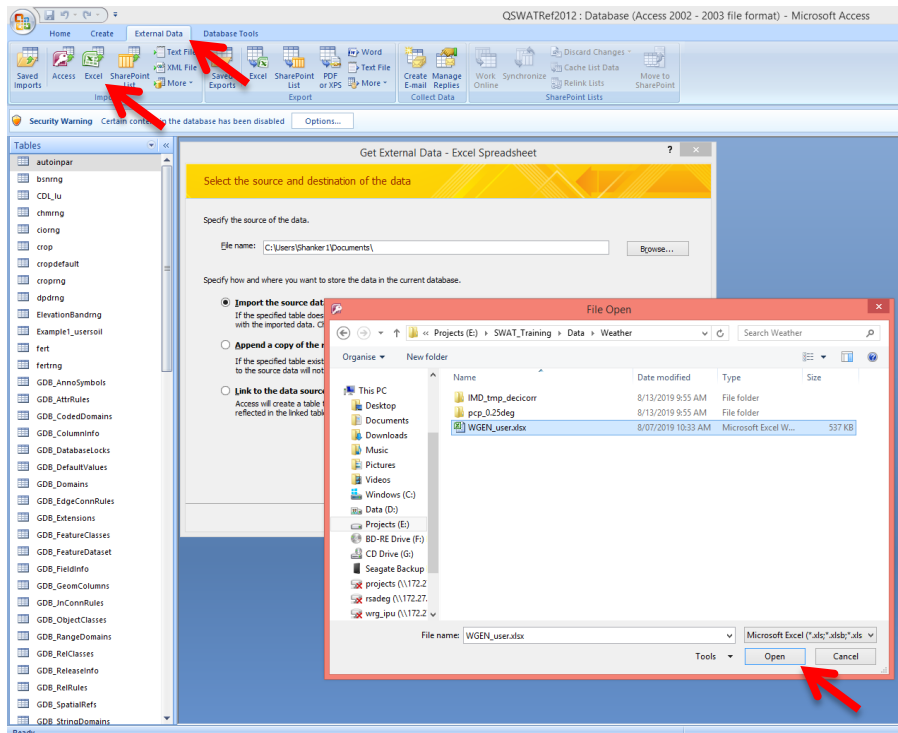
50. Select **Filter by area** radio button, then select **Area (Ha)** radio button. Set the **area threshold** as **100 ha**. Click **Create HRUs**. This creates HRUs based on the threshold value provided.



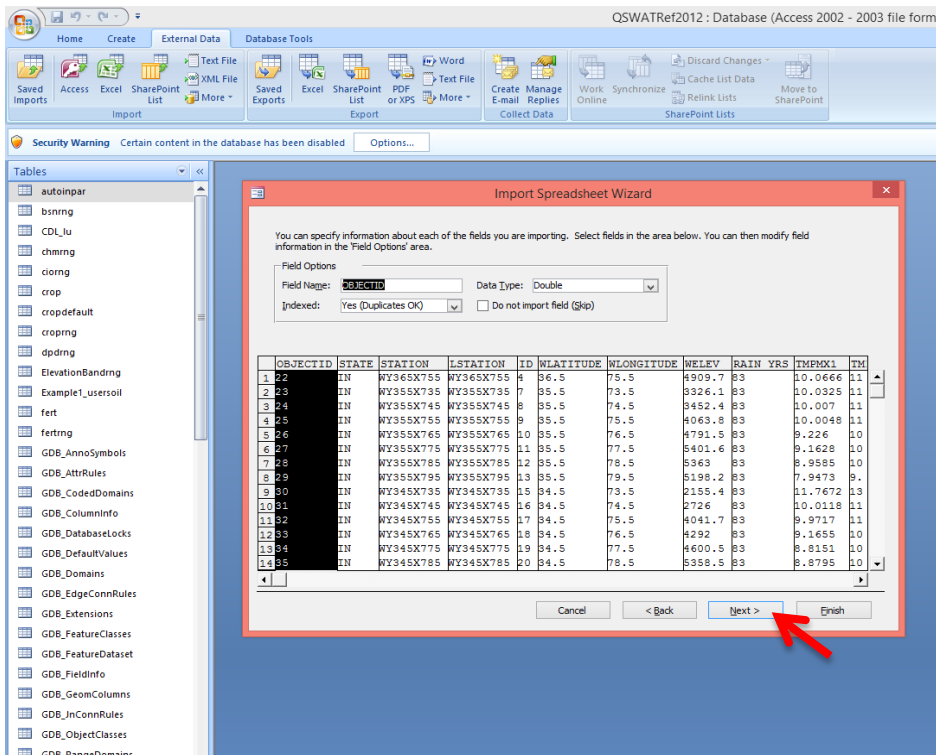
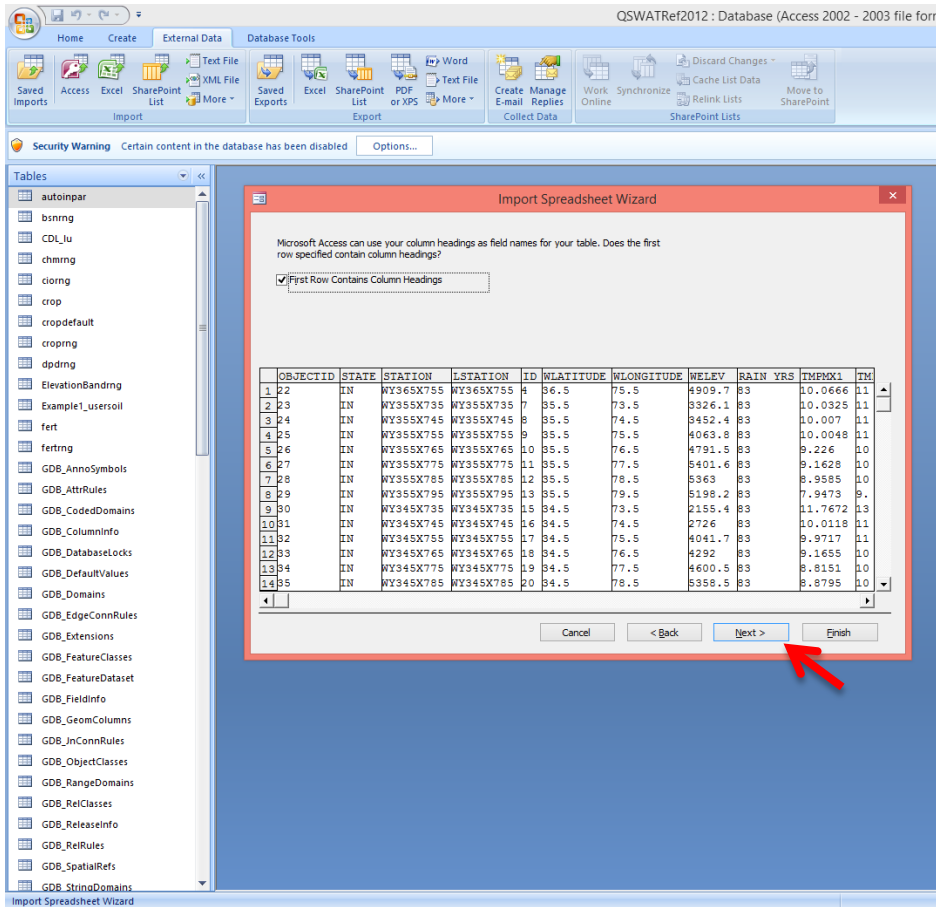
51. Open **QSWATRef2012.mdb** from the following path: Manair_QSWAT > Manair. Rename the **WGEN_user** table to **WGEN_user_1**.



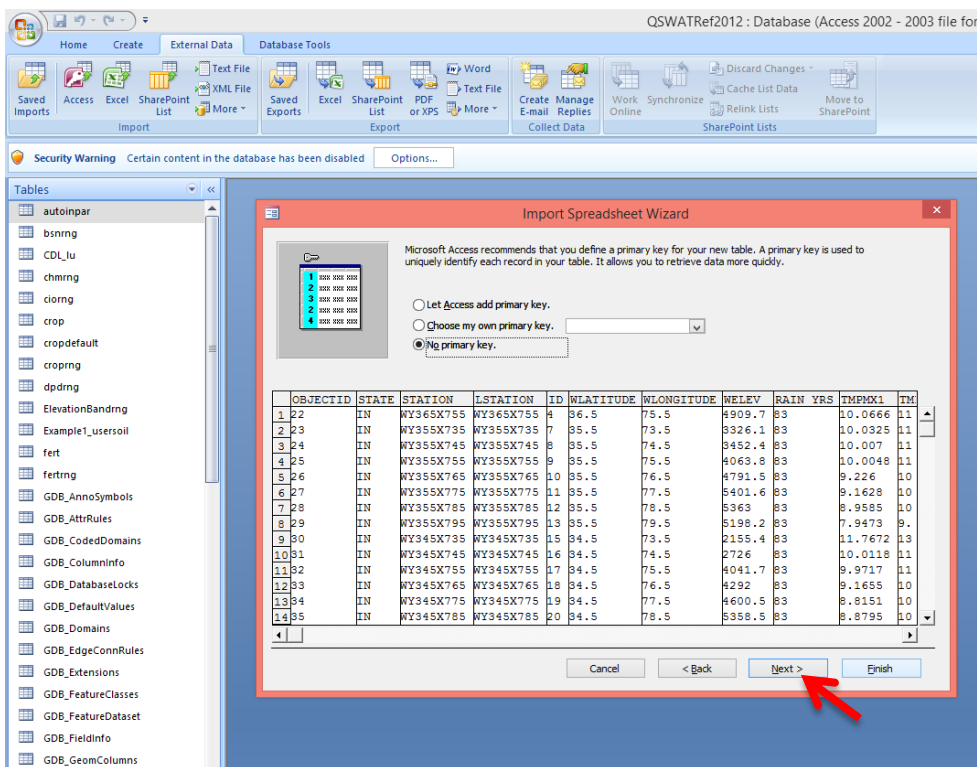
52. Click External Data, then click Excel. Import the file **WGEN_user.xlsx** from the following path: SWAT_Training > Data > Weather and Click open and then Ok.



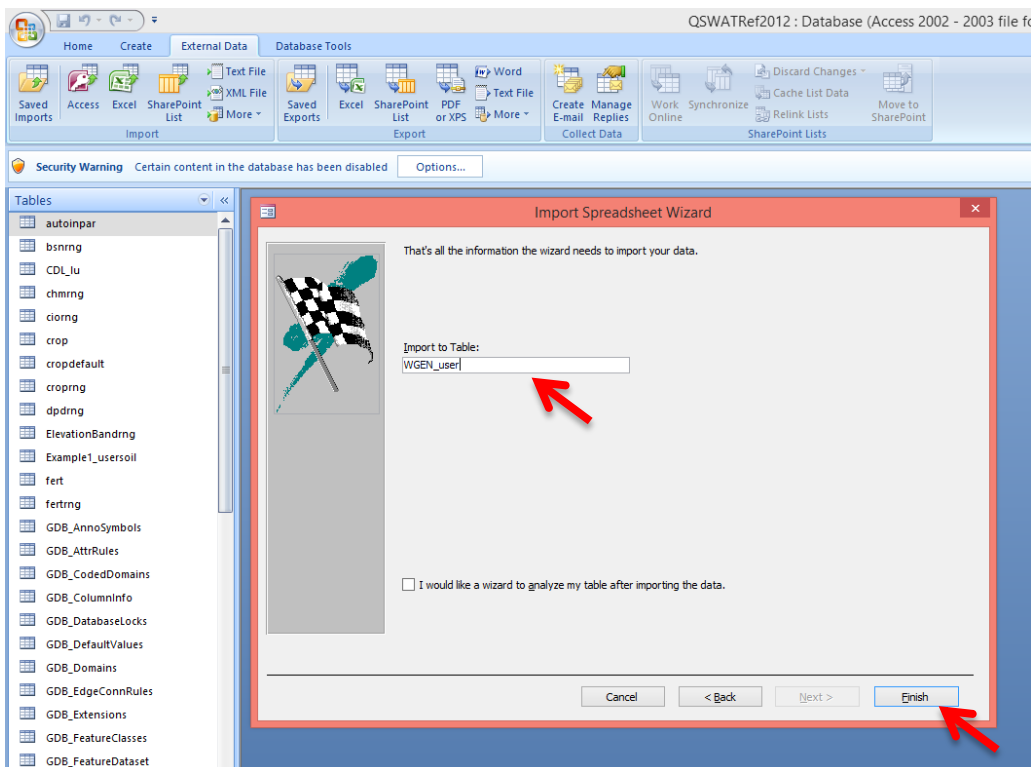
53. Click **Next**.



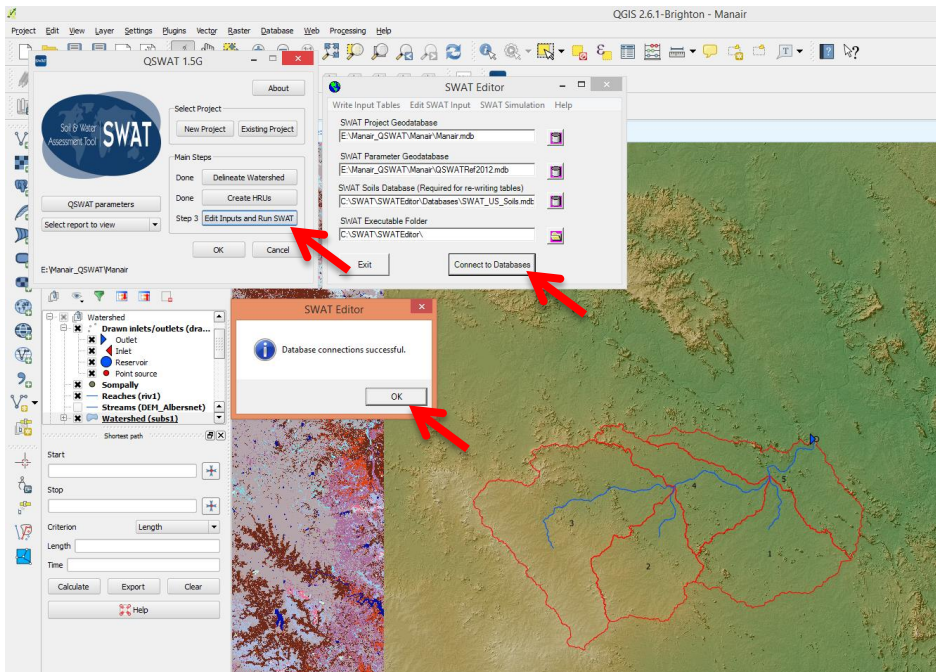
54. Select **No primary key** radio button and click next.



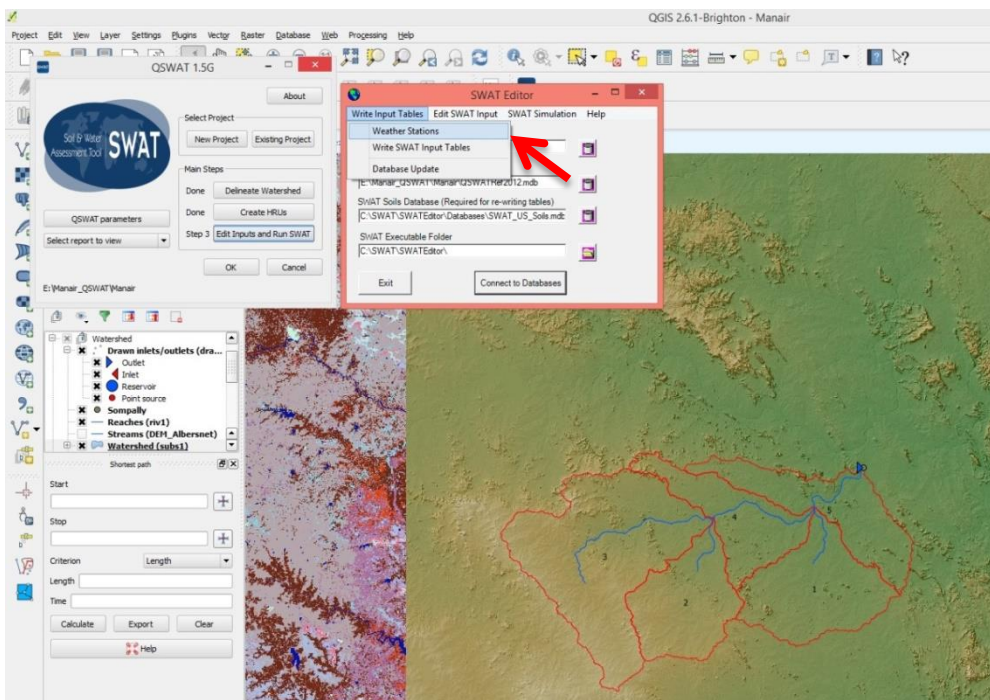
55. Rename the table name as **WGEN_user** and click Finish and close the dialog box.



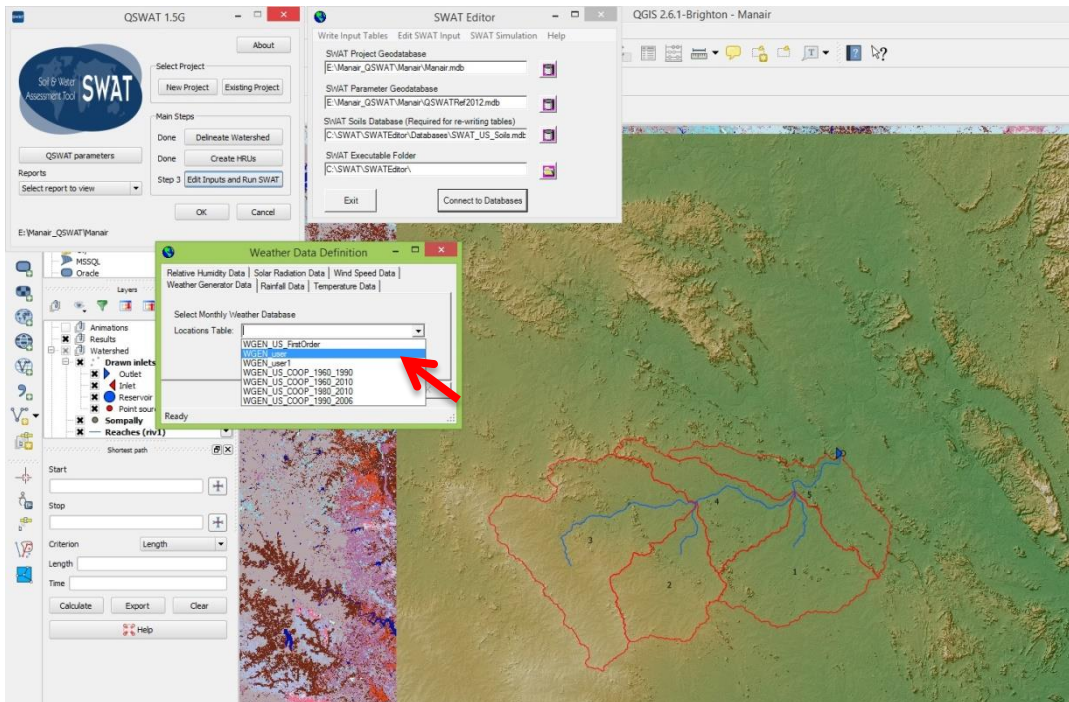
56. Go to QSWAT 1.5G dialog box and click **Edit Inputs and Run SWAT** button. **SWAT Editor** Dialog box opens. Click **Connect to Database** button. **Database connection successful** message appears. Click OK.



57. Click **Write Input Tables** from toolbar and from the drop down, click **Weather Stations**. This menu contains functions to build database files that include information needed to generate default input for the SWAT model. The commands on the menu need to be implemented only once for a project. However, if the user modifies the HRU distribution after building the input database files, these commands must be reprocessed again.

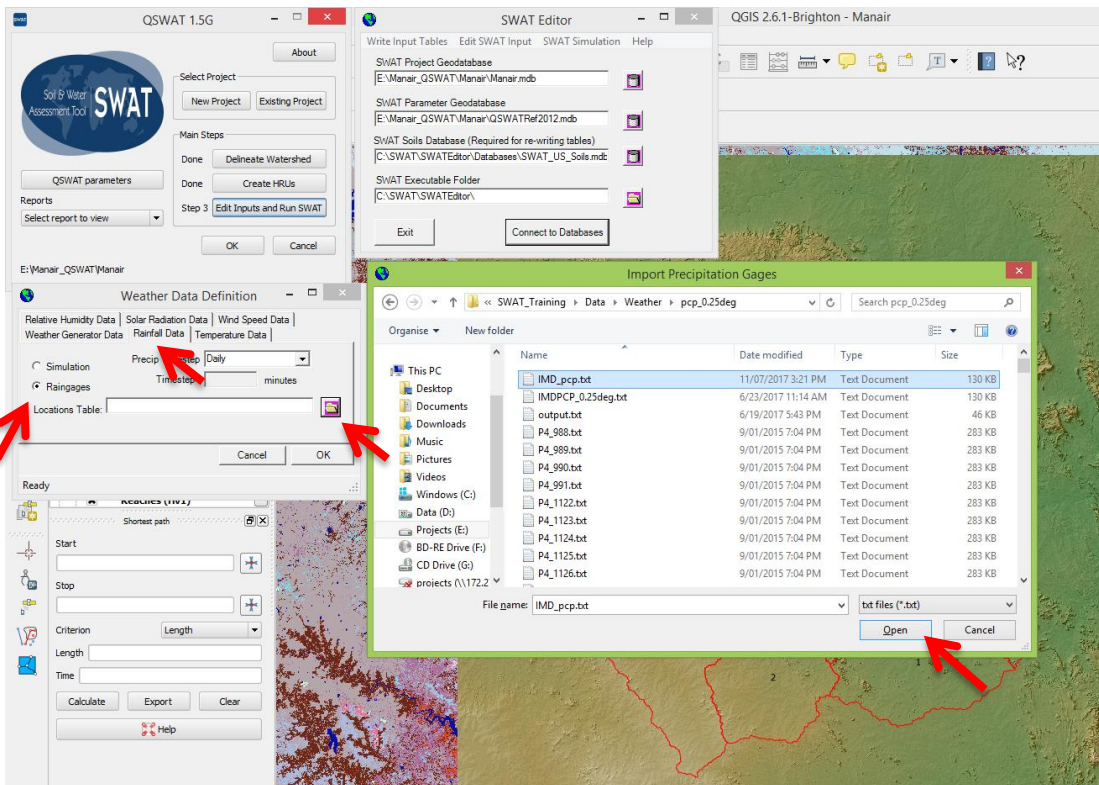


58. The **Weather Data Definition** dialog box opens. From the Locations Table dropdown, select **WGEN_user**. (Note: Don't click OK)



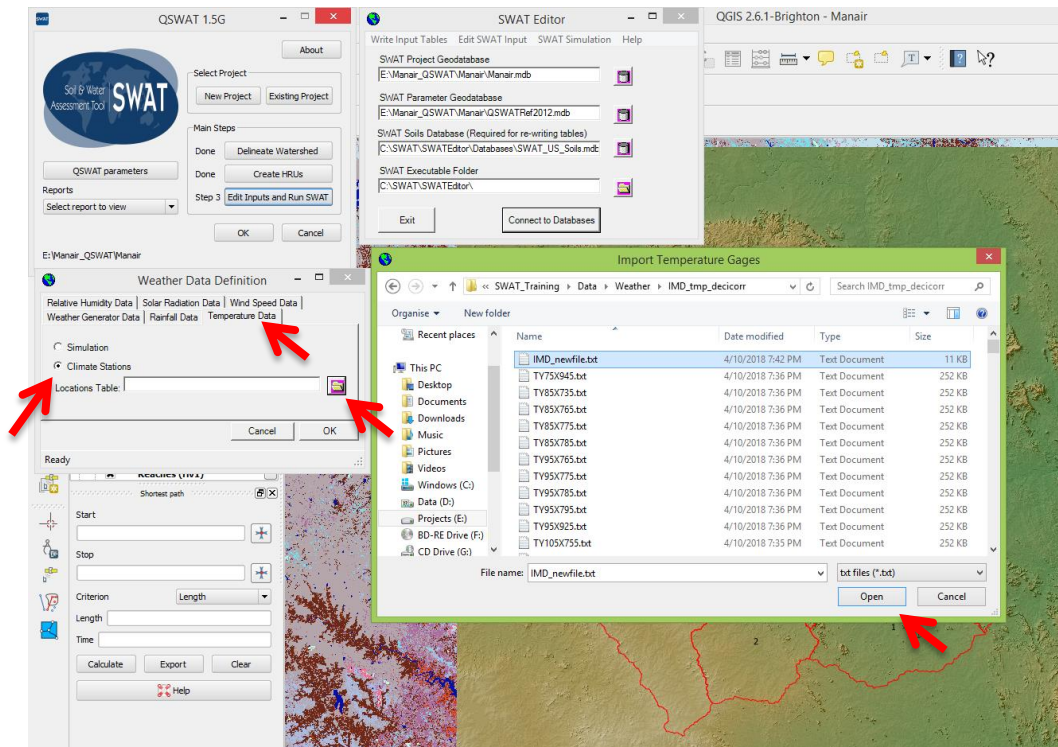
59. Click on Rainfall Data tab and select Raingages radio button.

60. Import the precipitation gauges file **IMD_pcp.txt** from the following path: SWAT_Training > Data > Weather > pcp_0.25deg

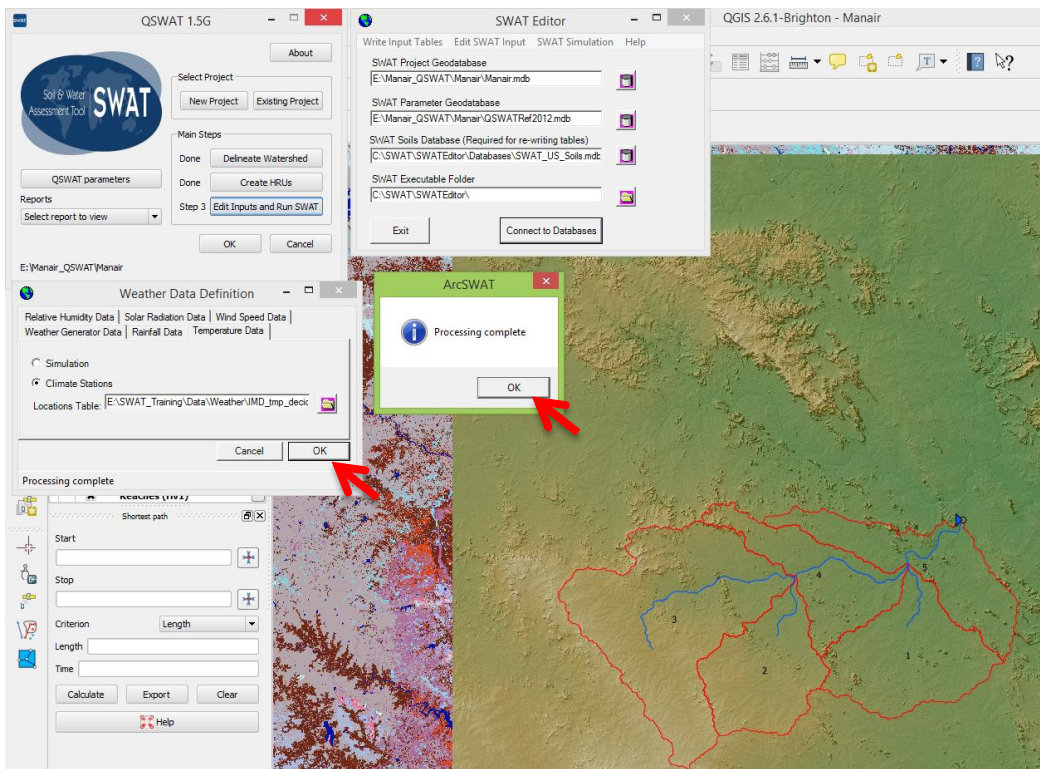


61. Click on Temperature Data tab and select Climate Stations radio button.

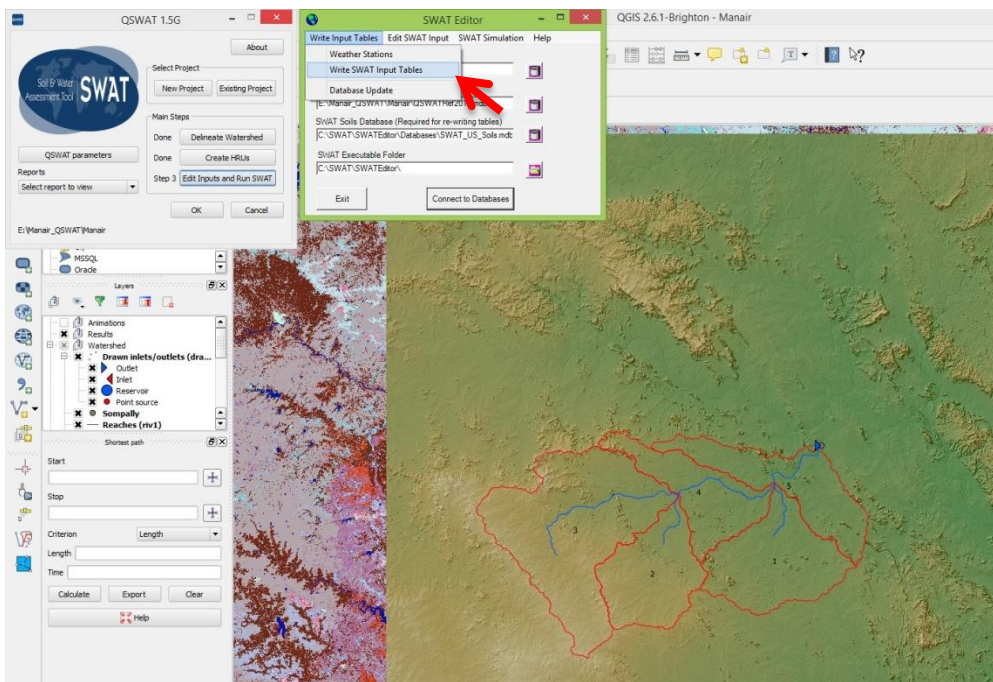
62. Import the Temperature gauges file **IMD_newfile.txt** from the following path: SWAT_Training > Data > Weather > IMD_tmp_decicorr



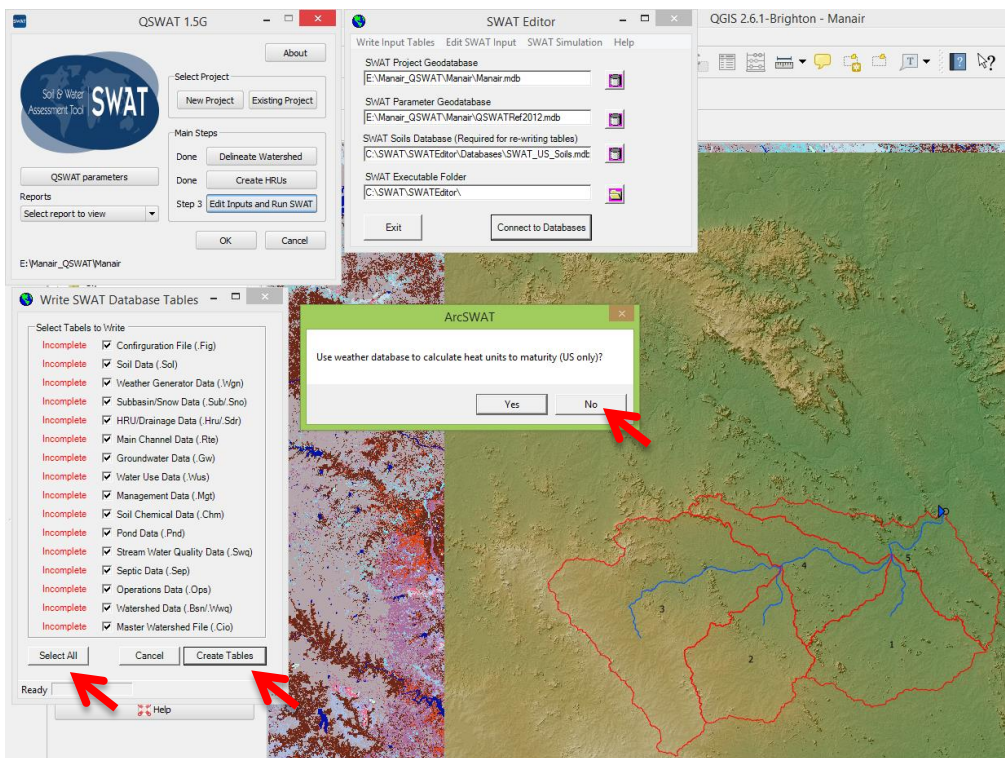
63. Click OK and close the weather data definition dialog box. The Weather files are read successfully.

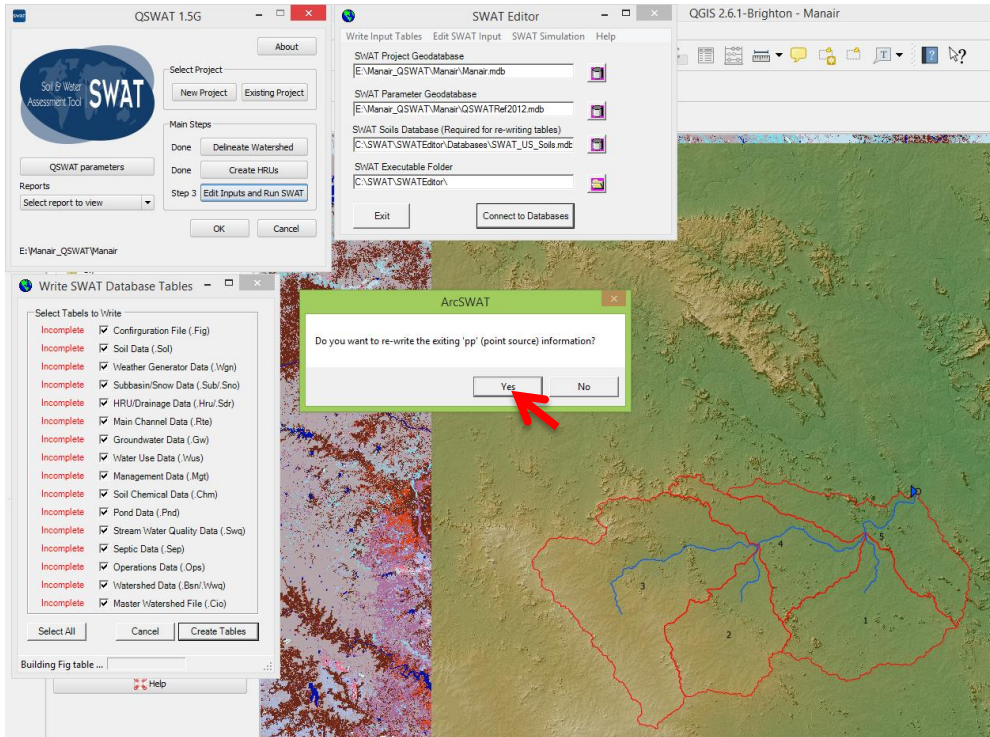


64. Click **Write Input Tables** from toolbar and from the drop down, click **Write SWAT Input Tables**.

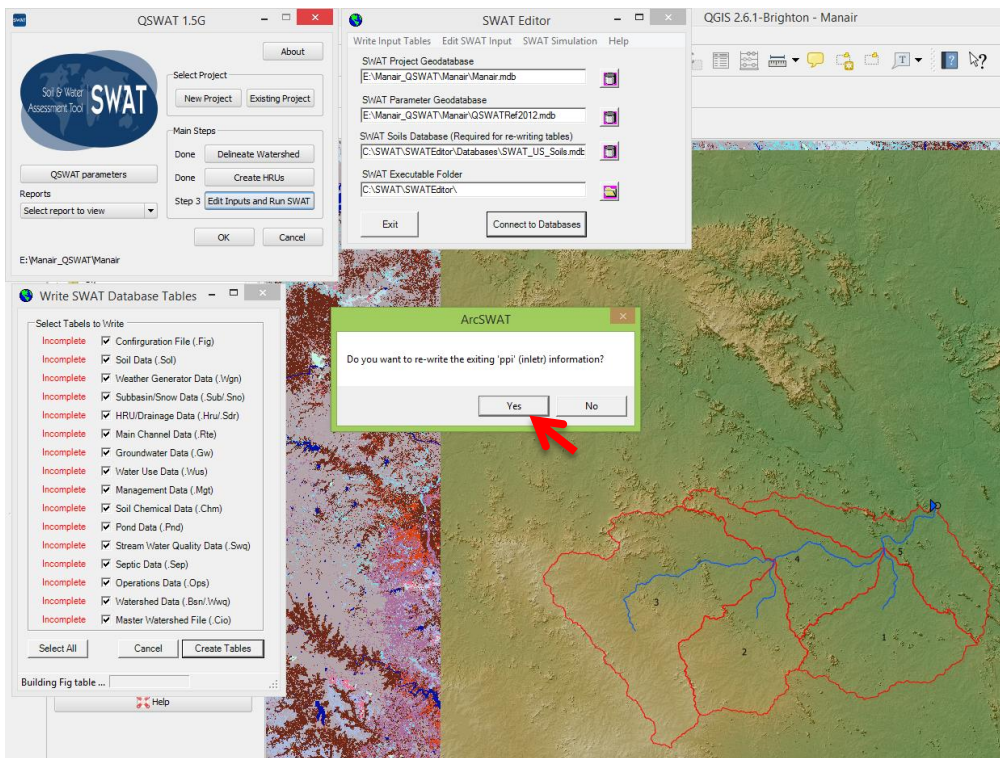


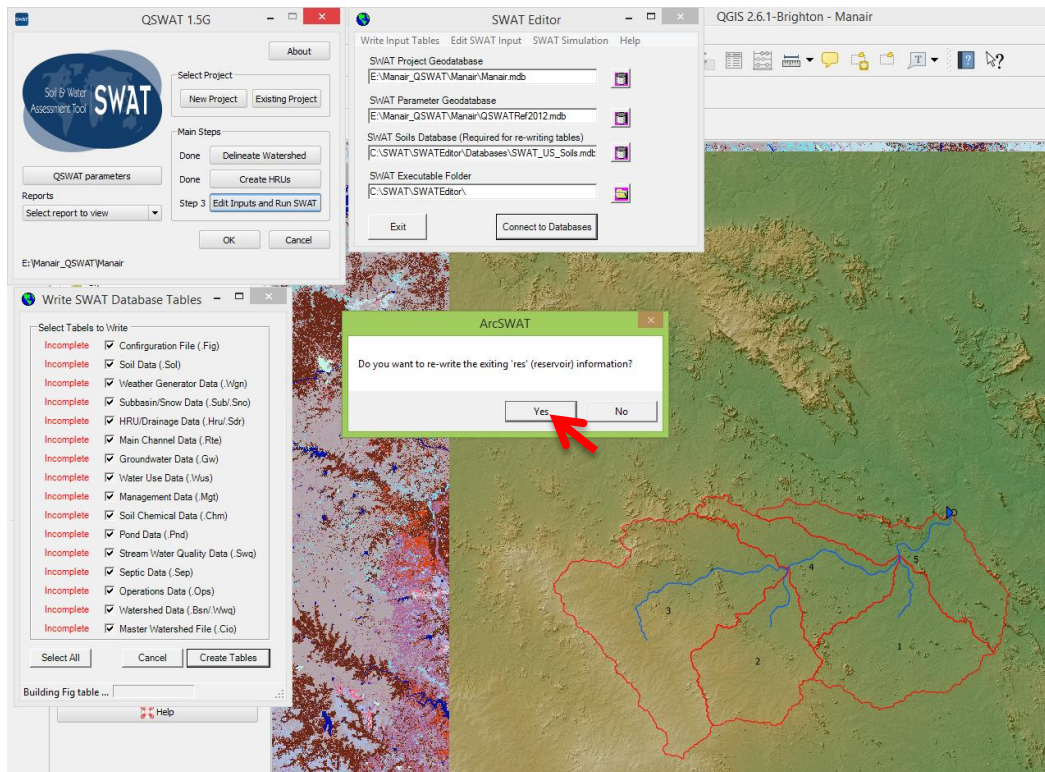
65. **Write SWAT Database Tables** dialog appears. Click **Select All** button and then click **Create Tables** button. Then Click **No**.



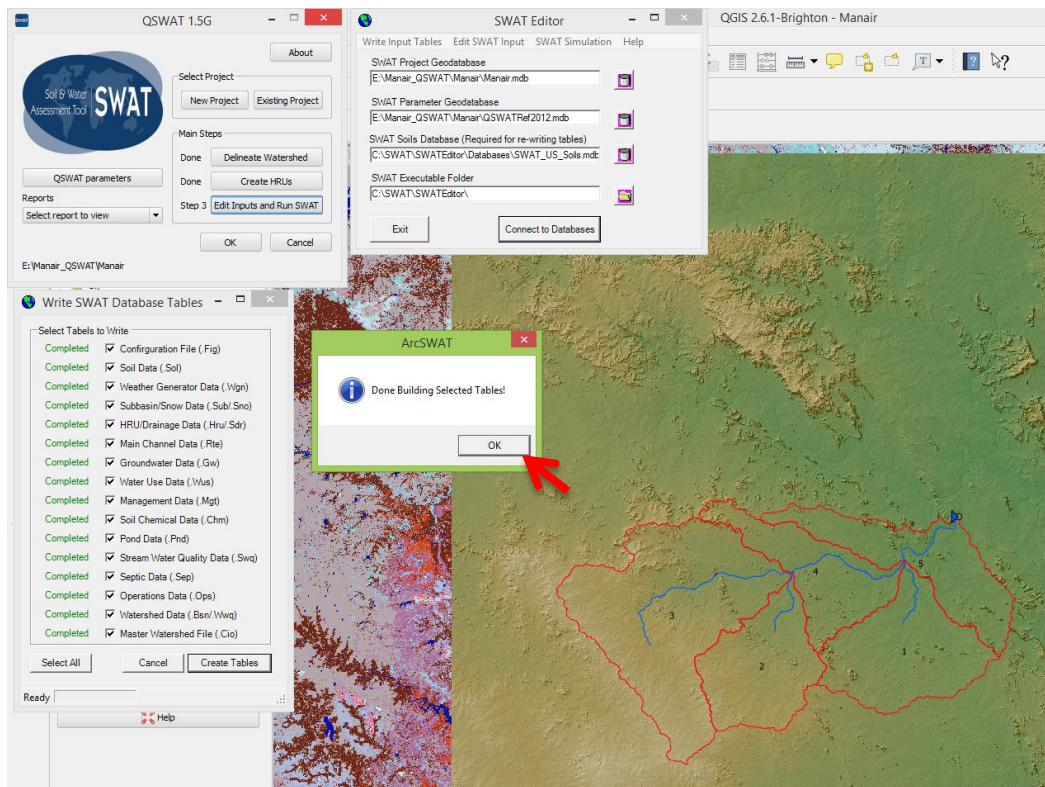


66. Click Yes.

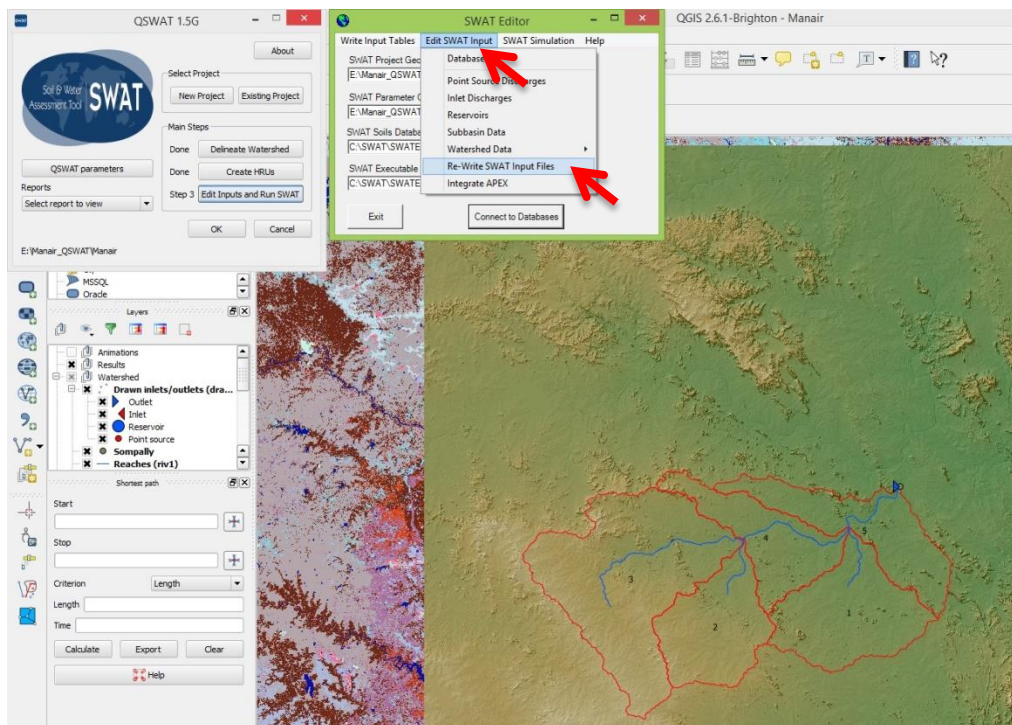




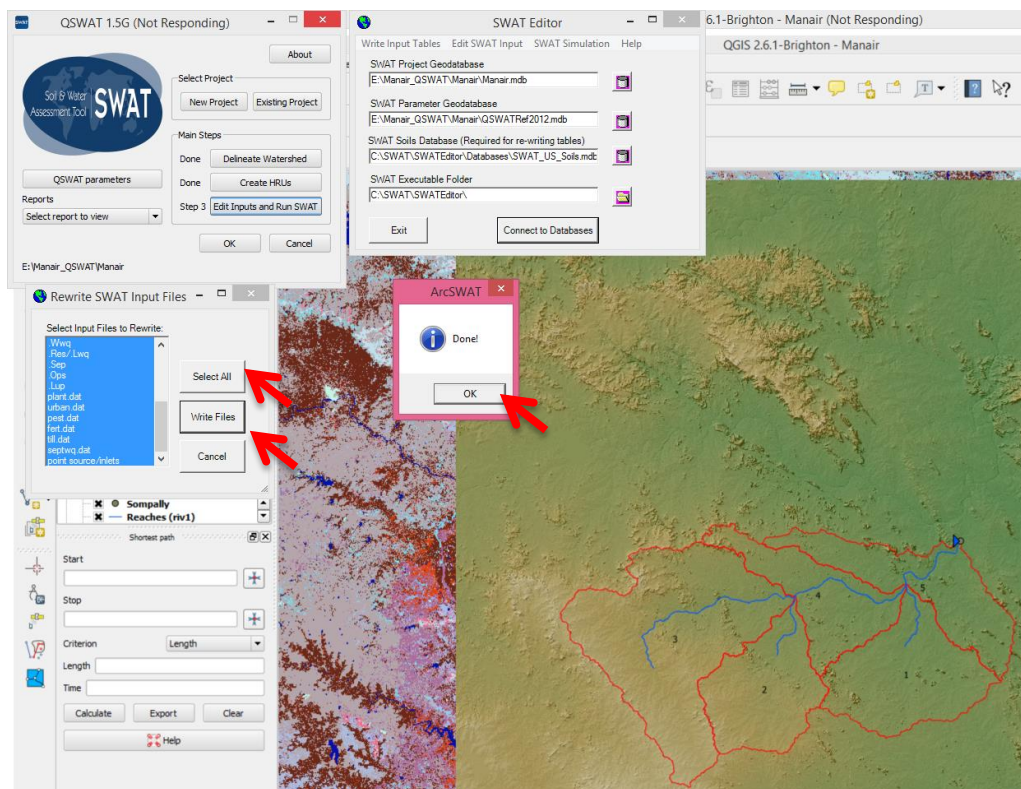
67. Click **OK** and close **Write SWAT database Tables** dialog box. This creates tables for all files to be written.



68. Click **Edit SWAT Input** from toolbar and from the drop down, click **Re-Write SWAT Input Files**.

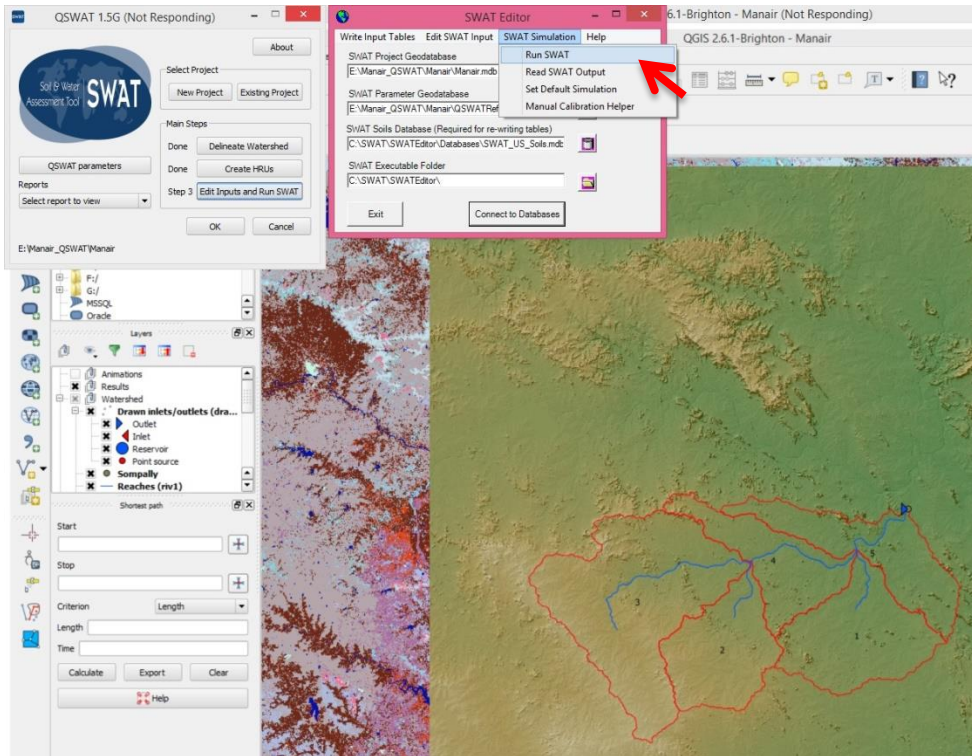


69. From the **Rewrite SWAT Input Files** dialog box, click **Select All** button and click **Write Files** button, then click **OK**. Rewriting of all tables is done successfully.

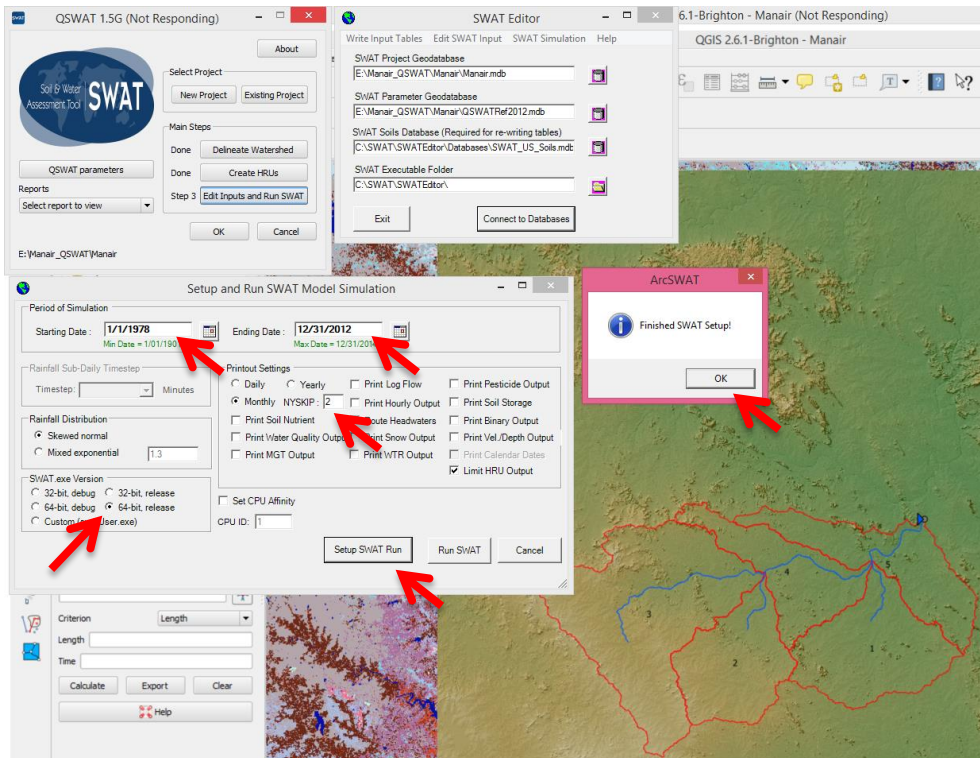


70. Then Close Rewrite SWAT Input Files dialog box.

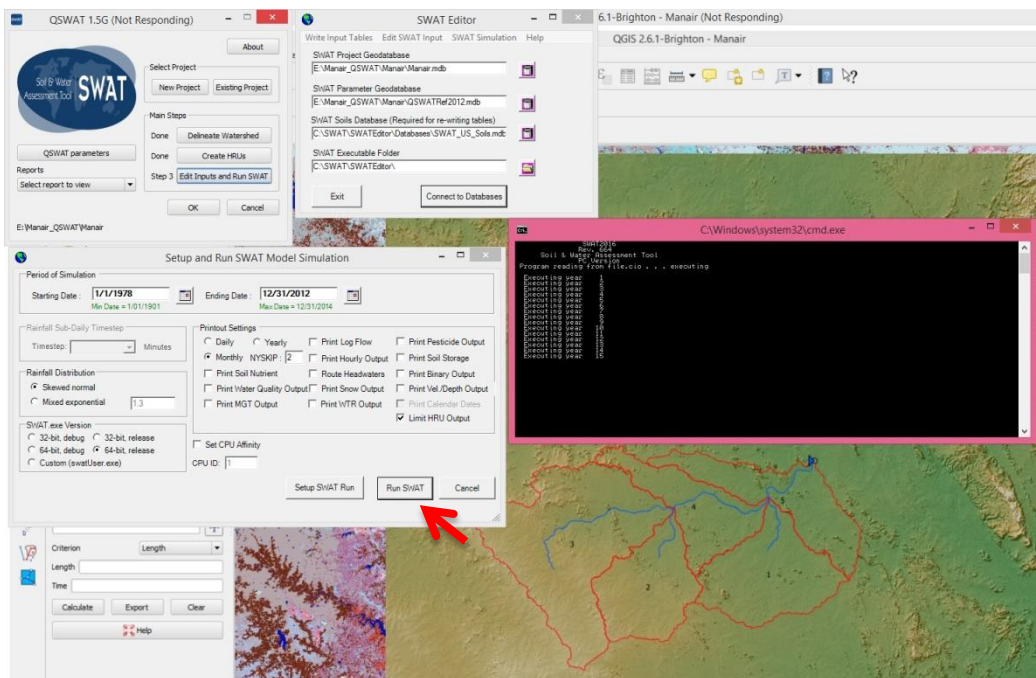
71. Click **SWAT Simulation** from toolbar and from the drop down, click **Run SWAT**.



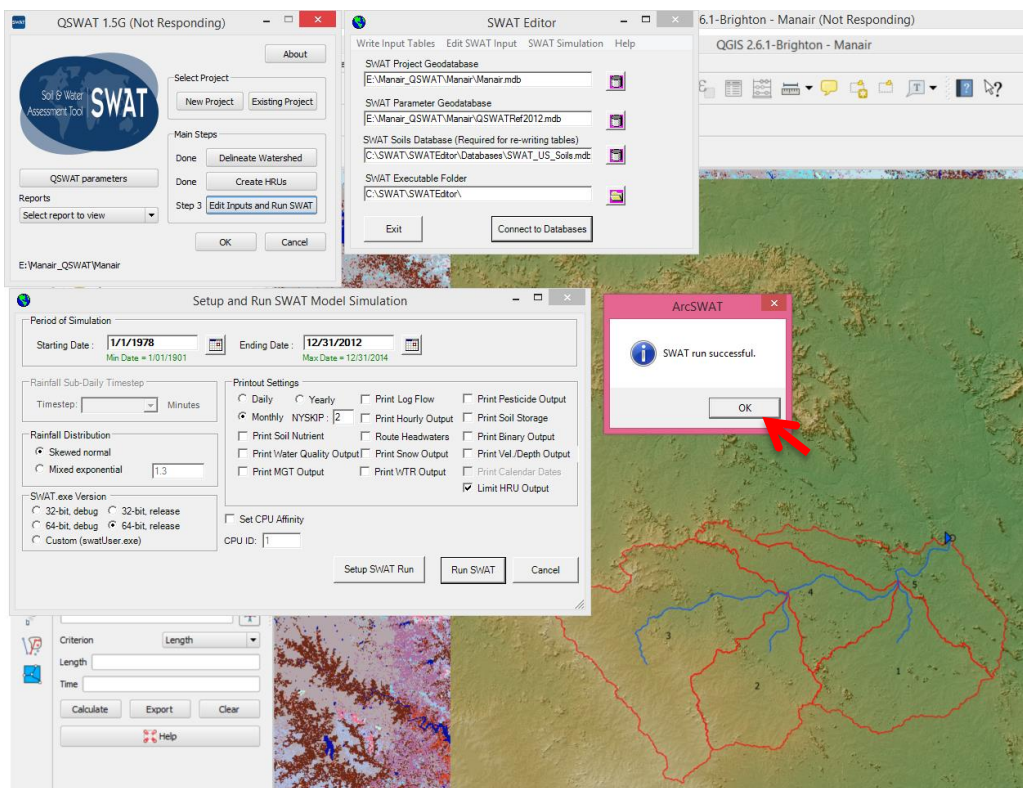
72. **Setup and Run SWAT Model Simulation** dialog box appears. In that dialog box, Change the **starting and ending date** to 1/1/1978 and 12/31/2012 respectively. Select **64-bit release** radio button, provide **NYSKIP** value of 2. Then click **Setup SWAT Run** button. Click **OK**.



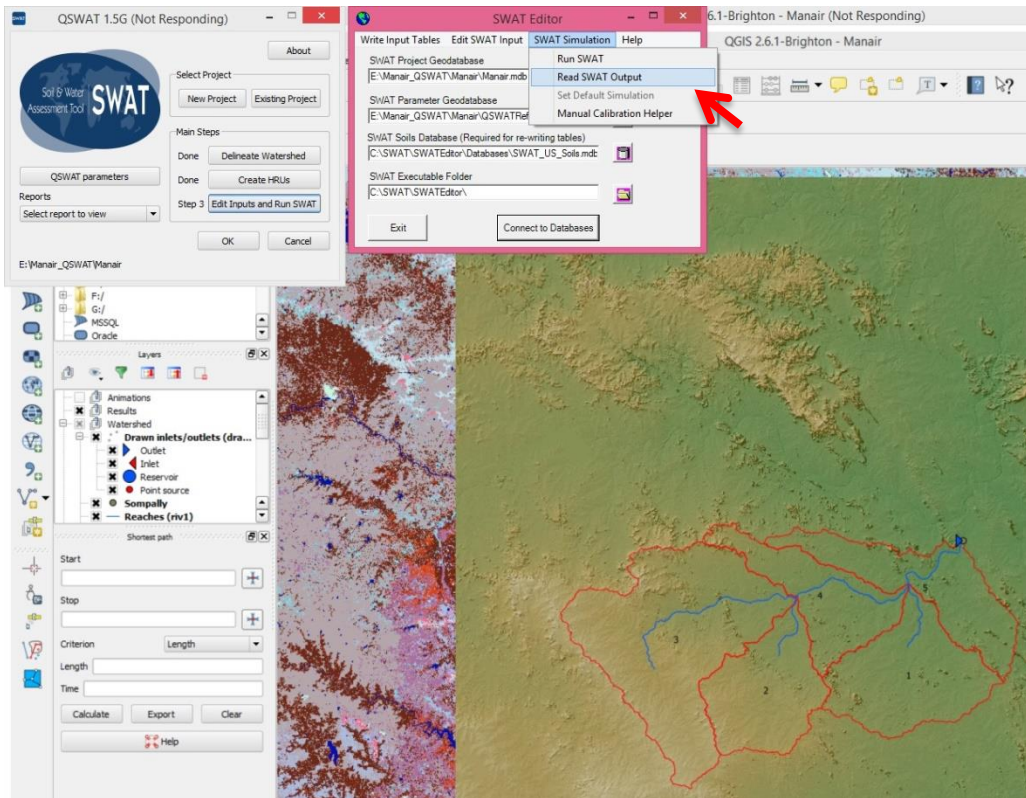
73. Click Run SWAT button. This runs the SWAT model.



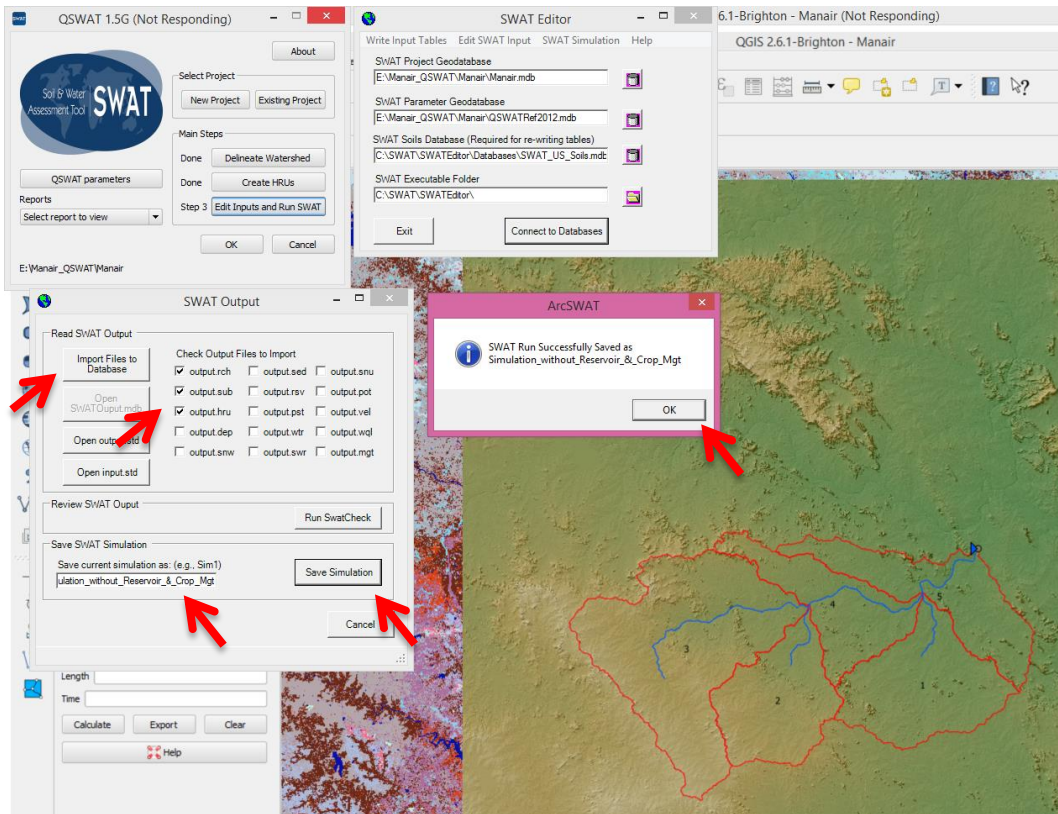
74. Click **OK** and close the **Setup and Run SWAT Model Simulation** dialog box.



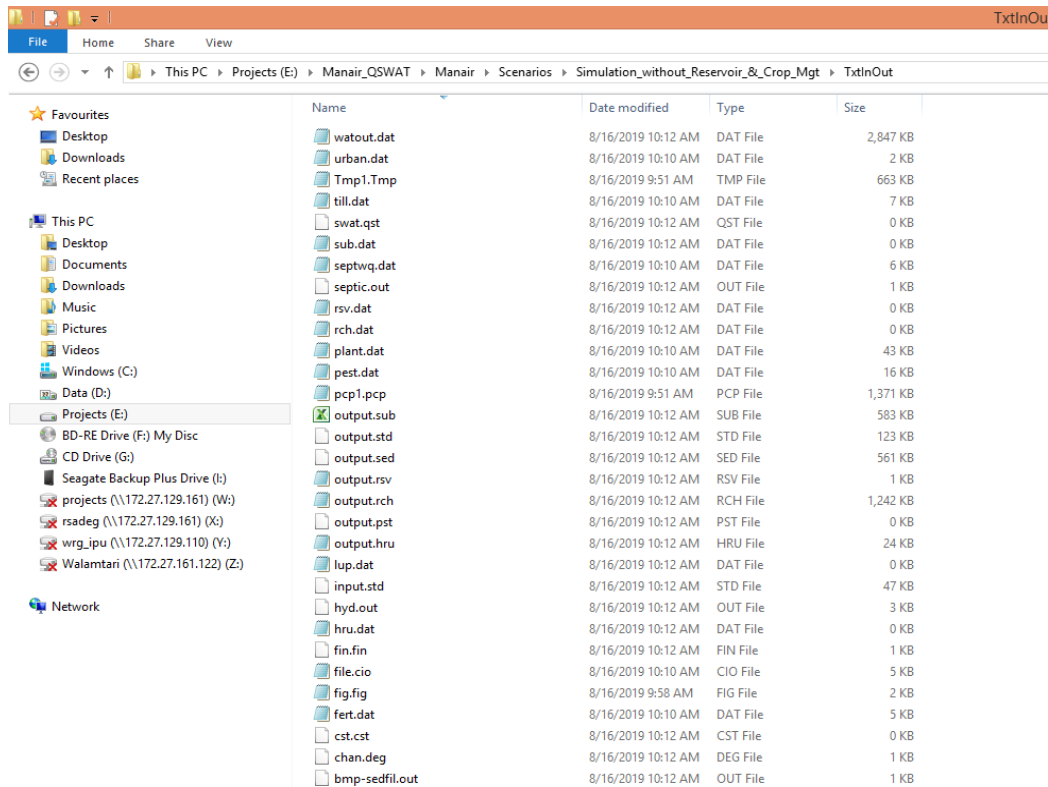
75. Click **SWAT Simulation** from toolbar and from the drop down, click **Read SWAT Output**.



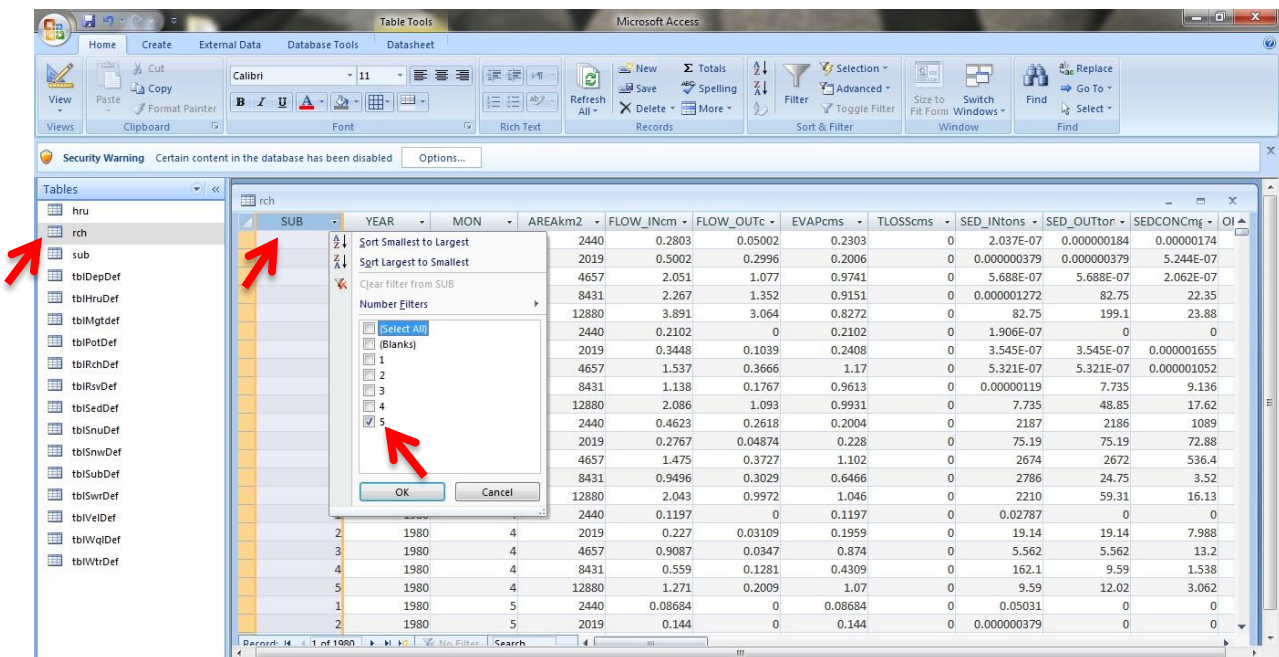
76. Check **output.rch**, **output.sub**, **output.hru** and click on **Import Files to Databases** button. Save current simulation name as **“Simulation_without_Reservoir_&_Crop_Mgt”** and Save the SWAT simulation by clicking on **Save Simulation** button.



77. The simulation results are saved in the following path: Manair_QSWAT > Manair > Scenarios > Simulation_without_Reservoir_&_Crop_Mgt > TxtInOut

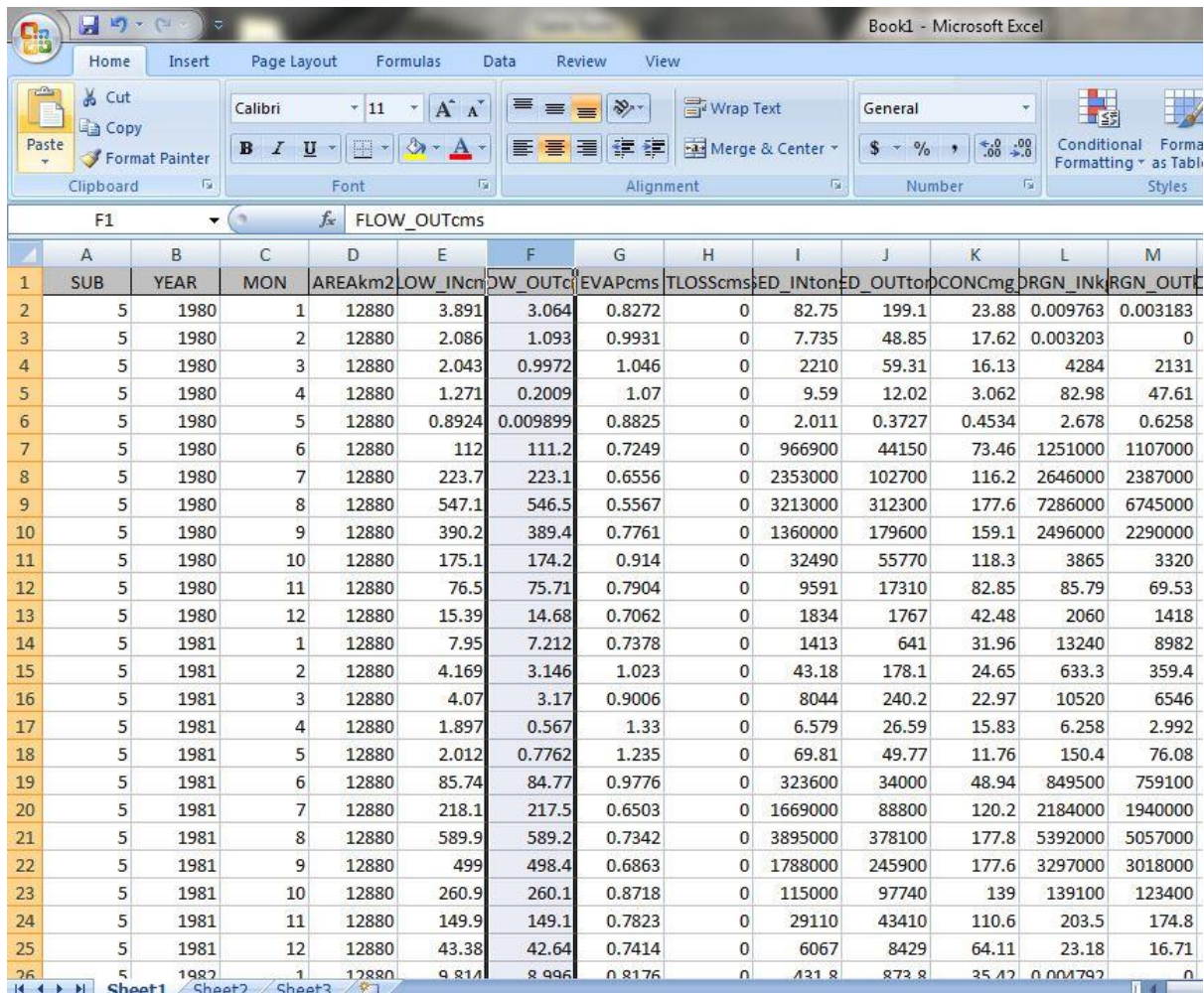


78. Open the **SWATOutput.mdb** file from the following path: Manair_QSWAT > Manair > Scenarios > Simulation_with_Reservoir_&_Crop_Mgt > TablesOut
Open the **rch** table from it. Click on SUB and filter only SUB with value "5".



79. Copy the sheet and paste it in a new excel sheet named "Results"

Tables	rch	SUB	YEAR	MON	AREAKm2	FLOW_INcm	FLOW_OUTc	EVAPcm	TLOSScm	SED_INton	SED_OUTton	SEDCONCmg	DRGN_INk	DRGN_OUTk
hru	rch	5	1980	1	12880	3.891	3.064	0.8272	0	82.75	199.1	23.88	0.009763	0.003183
tblDepDef	tblHruDef	5	1980	2	12880	2.086	1.093	0.9931	0	7.735	48.85	17.62	0.003203	0
tblMgtDef	tblRchDef	5	1980	3	12880	2.043	0.9972	1.046	0	2210	59.31	16.13	4284	2131
tblPotDef	tblRsvDef	5	1980	4	12880	1.271	0.2009	1.07	0	9.59	12.02	3.062	82.98	47.61
tblRchDef	tblSedDef	5	1980	5	12880	0.8924	0.009899	0.8825	0	2.011	0.3727	0.4534	2.678	0.6258
tblRsvDef	tblSnuDef	5	1980	6	12880	112	111.2	0.7249	0	966900	44150	73.46	1251000	1107000
tblSedDef	tblSnuDef	5	1980	7	12880	223.7	223.1	0.6556	0	2353000	102700	116.2	2646000	2387000
tblSnuDef	tblSnuDef	5	1980	8	12880	547.1	546.5	0.5567	0	3213000	312300	177.6	7286000	6745000
tblSnuDef	tblSnuDef	5	1980	9	12880	390.2	389.4	0.7761	0	1360000	179600	159.1	2496000	2290000
tblSnuDef	tblSnuDef	5	1980	10	12880	175.1	174.2	0.914	0	32490	55770	118.3	3865	3320
tblSnuDef	tblSnuDef	5	1980	11	12880	76.5	75.71	0.7904	0	9591	17310	82.85	85.79	69.53
tblSnuDef	tblSnuDef	5	1980	12	12880	15.39	14.68	0.7062	0	1834	1767	42.48	2060	1418
tblSnuDef	tblSnuDef	5	1981	1	12880	7.95	7.212	0.7378	0	1413	641	31.96	13240	8982
tblSnuDef	tblSnuDef	5	1981	2	12880	4.169	3.146	1.023	0	43.18	178.1	24.65	633.3	359.4
tblSnuDef	tblSnuDef	5	1981	3	12880	4.07	3.17	0.9006	0	8044	240.2	22.97	10520	6546
tblSnuDef	tblSnuDef	5	1981	4	12880	1.897	0.567	1.33	0	6.579	26.59	15.83	6.258	2.992
tblSnuDef	tblSnuDef	5	1981	5	12880	2.012	0.7762	1.235	0	69.81	49.77	11.76	150.4	76.08
tblSnuDef	tblSnuDef	5	1981	6	12880	85.74	84.77	0.9776	0	323600	34000	48.94	849500	759100
tblSnuDef	tblSnuDef	5	1981	7	12880	218.1	217.5	0.6503	0	1669000	88800	120.2	2184000	1940000
tblSnuDef	tblSnuDef	5	1981	8	12880	589.9	589.2	0.7342	0	3895000	378100	177.8	5392000	5057000
tblSnuDef	tblSnuDef	5	1981	9	12880	499	498.4	0.6863	0	1788000	245900	177.6	3297000	3018000
tblSnuDef	tblSnuDef	5	1981	10	12880	260.9	260.1	0.8718	0	115000	97740	139	139100	123400



Book1 - Microsoft Excel

Home Insert Page Layout Formulas Data Review View

Clipboard: Cut, Copy, Paste, Format Painter

Font: Calibri, 11, Bold, Italic, Underline, Text Color, Background Color

Alignment: Wrap Text, Merge & Center

Number: General, Percentage, Decimals, Thousands Separator

Conditional Formatting, Styles

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
	SUB	YEAR	MON	AREAKm2	LOW_INcm	W_OUTc	EVAPcm	TLOSScm	SED_INton	ED_OUTton	CONCmg	DRGN_INk	DRGN_OUTk
1	5	1980	1	12880	3.891	3.064	0.8272	0	82.75	199.1	23.88	0.009763	0.003183
2	5	1980	2	12880	2.086	1.093	0.9931	0	7.735	48.85	17.62	0.003203	0
3	5	1980	3	12880	2.043	0.9972	1.046	0	2210	59.31	16.13	4284	2131
4	5	1980	4	12880	1.271	0.2009	1.07	0	9.59	12.02	3.062	82.98	47.61
5	5	1980	5	12880	0.8924	0.009899	0.8825	0	2.011	0.3727	0.4534	2.678	0.6258
6	5	1980	6	12880	112	111.2	0.7249	0	966900	44150	73.46	1251000	1107000
7	5	1980	7	12880	223.7	223.1	0.6556	0	2353000	102700	116.2	2646000	2387000
8	5	1980	8	12880	547.1	546.5	0.5567	0	3213000	312300	177.6	7286000	6745000
9	5	1980	9	12880	390.2	389.4	0.7761	0	1360000	179600	159.1	2496000	2290000
10	5	1980	10	12880	175.1	174.2	0.914	0	32490	55770	118.3	3865	3320
11	5	1980	11	12880	76.5	75.71	0.7904	0	9591	17310	82.85	85.79	69.53
12	5	1980	12	12880	15.39	14.68	0.7062	0	1834	1767	42.48	2060	1418
13	5	1981	1	12880	7.95	7.212	0.7378	0	1413	641	31.96	13240	8982
14	5	1981	2	12880	4.169	3.146	1.023	0	43.18	178.1	24.65	633.3	359.4
15	5	1981	3	12880	4.07	3.17	0.9006	0	8044	240.2	22.97	10520	6546
16	5	1981	4	12880	1.897	0.567	1.33	0	6.579	26.59	15.83	6.258	2.992
17	5	1981	5	12880	2.012	0.7762	1.235	0	69.81	49.77	11.76	150.4	76.08
18	5	1981	6	12880	85.74	84.77	0.9776	0	323600	34000	48.94	849500	759100
19	5	1981	7	12880	218.1	217.5	0.6503	0	1669000	88800	120.2	2184000	1940000
20	5	1981	8	12880	589.9	589.2	0.7342	0	3895000	378100	177.8	5392000	5057000
21	5	1981	9	12880	499	498.4	0.6863	0	1788000	245900	177.6	3297000	3018000
22	5	1981	10	12880	260.9	260.1	0.8718	0	115000	97740	139	139100	123400
23	5	1981	11	12880	149.9	149.1	0.7823	0	29110	43410	110.6	203.5	174.8
24	5	1981	12	12880	43.38	42.64	0.7414	0	6067	8429	64.11	23.18	16.71
25	5	1981	1	12880	9.814	8.986	0.8176	0	431.8	873.8	35.42	0.004792	0

Sheet1 Sheet2 Sheet3

80. Copy only SUB, YEAR, MON and FLOW_OUTcms columns to sheet2. Also copy observed data from **Observed_Somanpally.xlsx** from the following path: **SWAT_Training > Data > Observed**

	A	B	C	D	E
1	Year	Observed_Discharge_Monthly_Average			
2	1980	0.916419094			
3	1980	0.41302711			
4	1980	0.145295297			
5	1980	0.156525723			
6	1980	0.096140574			
7	1980	8.17132517			
8	1980	21.44573945			
9	1980	111.5774135			
10	1980	53.918855			
11	1980	15.00128677			
12	1980	10.26932333			
13	1980	1.150345416			
14	1981	0.465757013			
15	1981	0.22704515			
16	1981	0.7881349			
17	1981	0.201911783			
18	1981	0.639576581			
19	1981	13.26977733			
20	1981	38.86023			
21	1981	260.6232587			
22	1981	124.2848117			
23	1981	86.19239548			
24	1981	16.6954633			
25	1981	3.595809871			
26	1982	2.664762022			

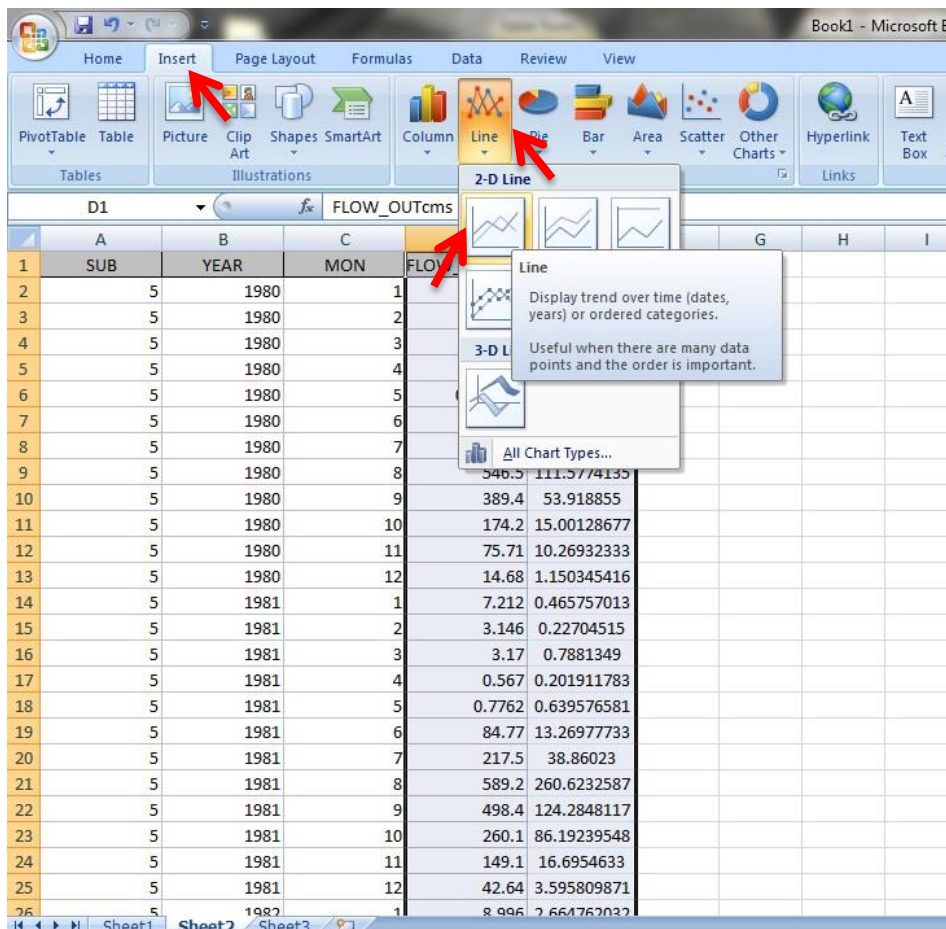
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1	SUB	YEAR	MON	FLOW_OUTcms	observed		
2	5	1980	1	3.064	0.916419094		
3	5	1980	2	1.093	0.41302711		
4	5	1980	3	0.9972	0.145295297		
5	5	1980	4	0.2009	0.156525723		
6	5	1980	5	0.009899	0.096140574		
7	5	1980	6	111.2	8.17132517		
8	5	1980	7	223.1	21.44573945		
9	5	1980	8	546.5	111.5774135		
10	5	1980	9	389.4	53.918855		
11	5	1980	10	174.2	15.00128677		
12	5	1980	11	75.71	10.26932333		
13	5	1980	12	14.68	1.150345416		
14	5	1981	1	7.212	0.465757013		
15	5	1981	2	3.146	0.22704515		
16	5	1981	3	3.17	0.7881349		
17	5	1981	4	0.567	0.201911783		
18	5	1981	5	0.7762	0.639576581		
19	5	1981	6	84.77	13.26977733		
20	5	1981	7	217.5	38.86023		
21	5	1981	8	589.2	260.6232587		
22	5	1981	9	498.4	124.2848117		
23	5	1981	10	260.1	86.19239548		
24	5	1981	11	149.1	16.6954633		
25	5	1981	12	42.64	3.595809871		
26	5	1982	1	8.996	2.664762022		



81. Rename the column FLOW_OUT to sim_normal and select that column and observed column. Plot a 2D line graph.

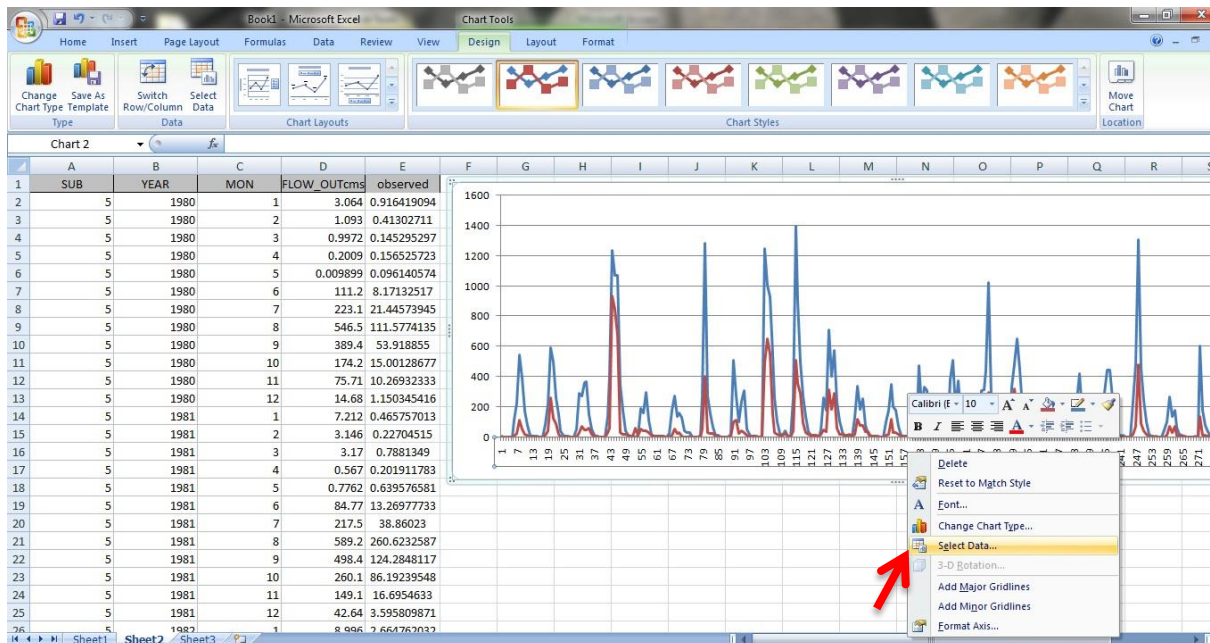
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	SUB	YEAR	MON	FLOW_OUTcms	observed			
2		5	1980	1	3.064	0.916419094		
3		5	1980	2	1.093	0.41302711		
4		5	1980	3	0.9972	0.145295297		
5		5	1980	4	0.2009	0.156525723		
6		5	1980	5	0.009899	0.096140574		
7		5	1980	6	111.2	8.17132517		
8		5	1980	7	223.1	21.44573945		
9		5	1980	8	546.5	111.5774135		
10		5	1980	9	389.4	53.918855		
11		5	1980	10	174.2	15.00128677		
12		5	1980	11	75.71	10.26932333		
13		5	1980	12	14.68	1.150345416		
14		5	1981	1	7.212	0.465757013		
15		5	1981	2	3.146	0.22704515		
16		5	1981	3	3.17	0.7881349		
17		5	1981	4	0.567	0.201911783		
18		5	1981	5	0.7762	0.639576581		
19		5	1981	6	84.77	13.26977733		
20		5	1981	7	217.5	38.86023		
21		5	1981	8	589.2	260.6232587		
22		5	1981	9	498.4	124.2848117		
23		5	1981	10	260.1	86.19239548		
24		5	1981	11	149.1	16.6954633		
25		5	1981	12	42.64	3.595809871		
26		5	1982	1	8.996	2.664762032		

82. To plot the data, click on **Line** in **insert** toolbar and click **Line** option.

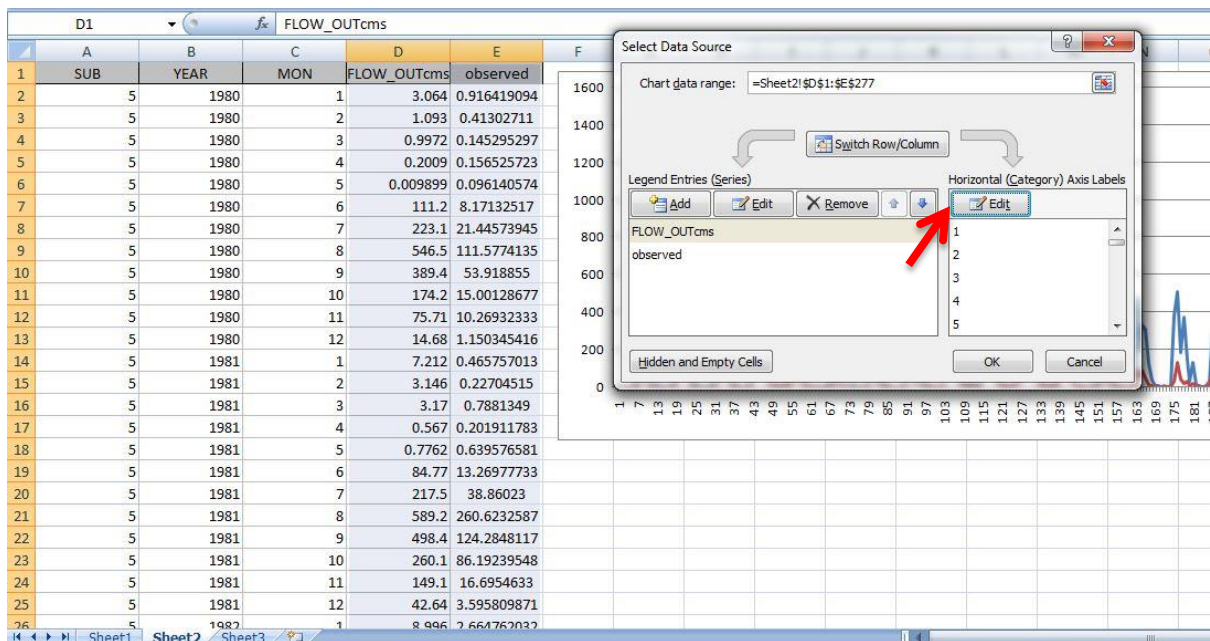


The screenshot shows the Microsoft Excel interface with the 'Insert' tab selected. The 'Line' button in the 'Illustrations' group is highlighted with a red arrow. A dropdown menu is open, showing the '2-D Line' option, which is also highlighted with a red arrow. A tooltip for the 'Line' option is visible, stating: 'Line: Display trend over time (dates, years) or ordered categories. 3-D Line: Useful when there are many data points and the order is important. All Chart Types...'. The background shows the same data table as in the previous image.

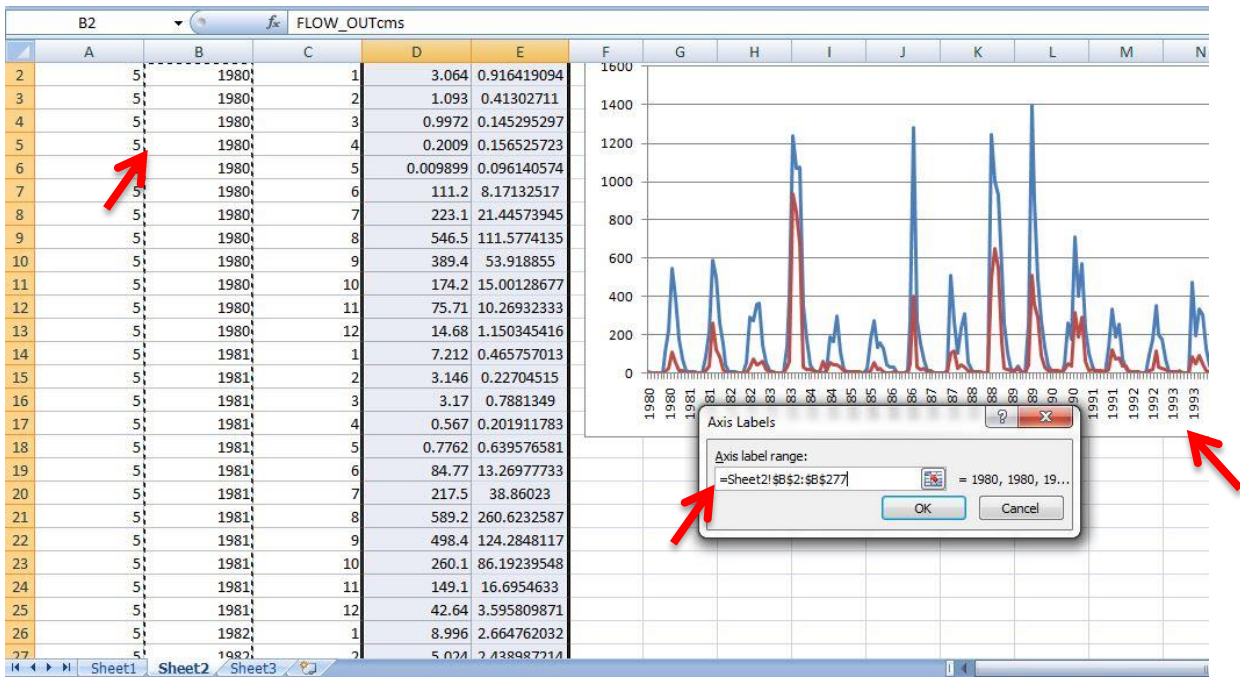
83. Right click on the x-axis and click on **Select Data**.



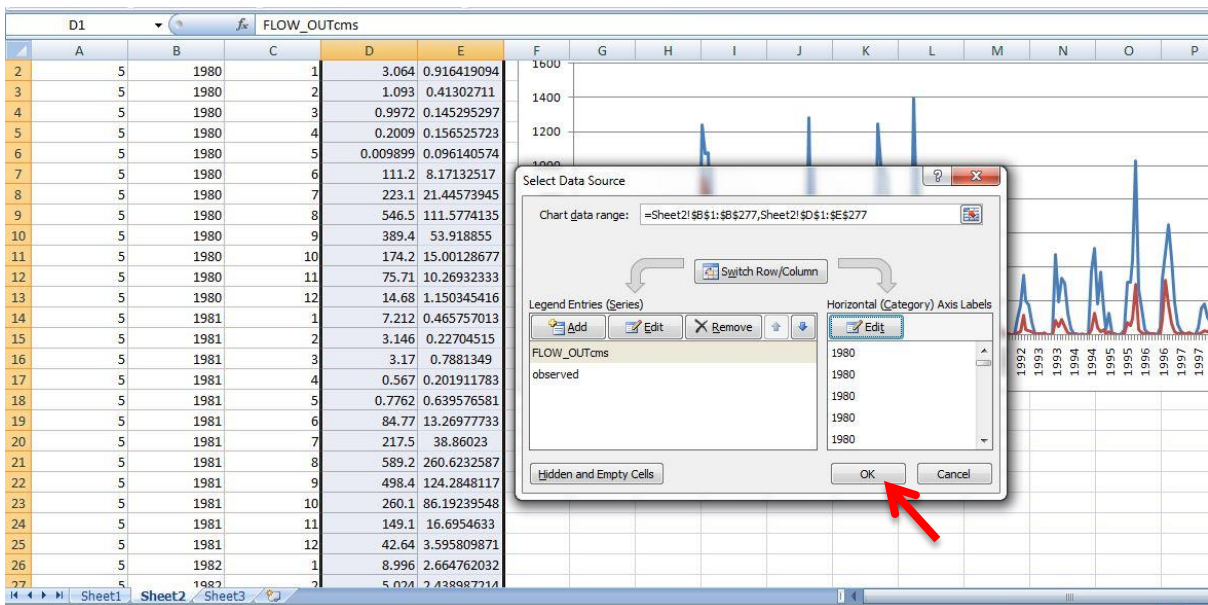
84. Click on Edit button.



85. Select the column in Axis label range.



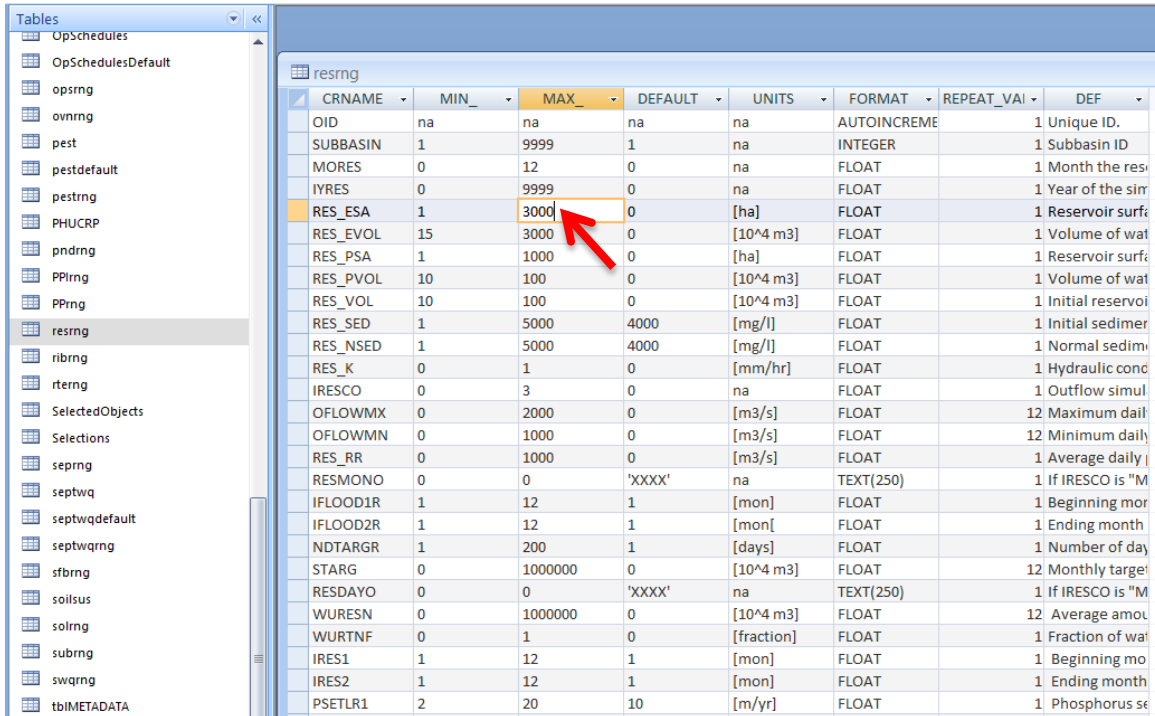
86. Click OK.



This displays the comparison between observed and simulated discharge.

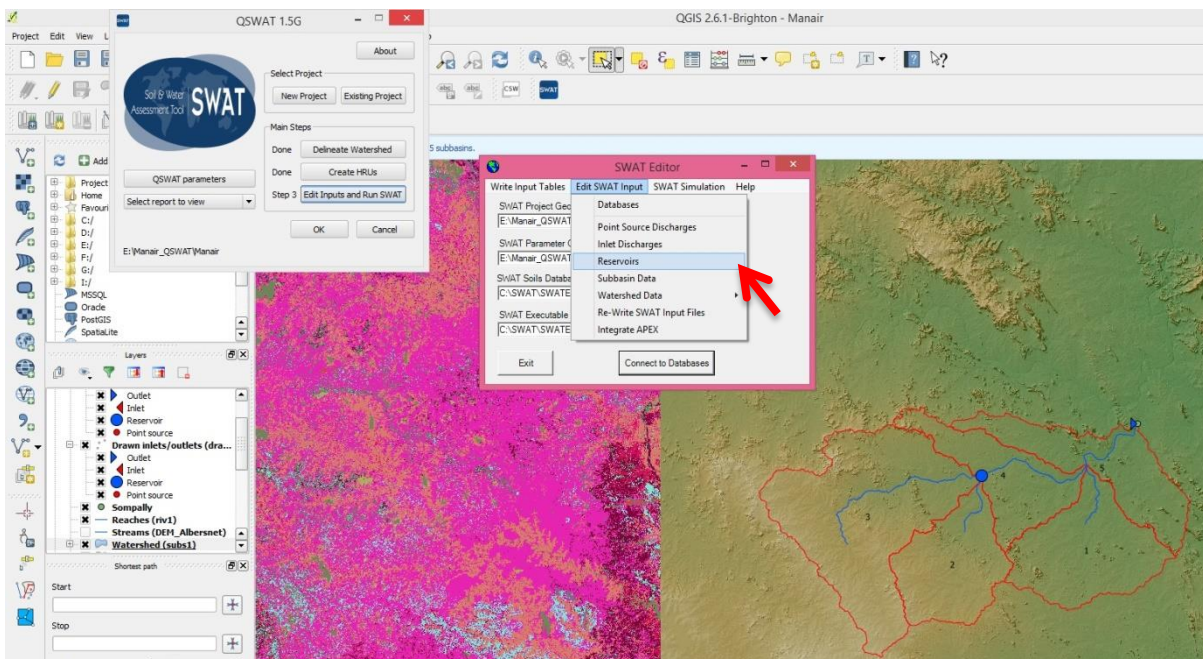
INCORPORATION OF RESERVOIR

87. Open **QSWATRef2012.mdb** file from the project and open **resrng** table. Change the maximum values of **RES_ESA**, **RES_EVOL**, **RES_PSA**, **RES_PVOL** and **RES_VOL** to **999999** and save the file.

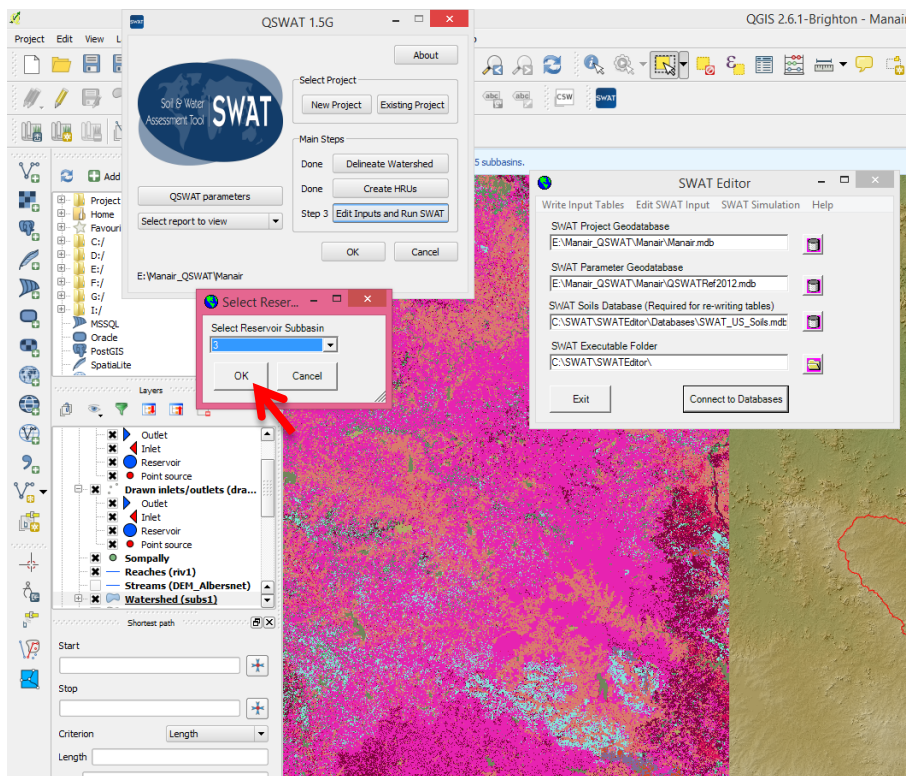


CRNAME	MIN_	MAX_	DEFAULT	UNITS	FORMAT	REPEAT_VAI	DEF
OID	na	na	na	na	AUTOINCREMENT		1 Unique ID.
SUBBASIN	1	9999	1	na	INTEGER		1 Subbasin ID
MORES	0	12	0	na	FLOAT		1 Month the res
IYRES	0	9999	0	na	FLOAT		1 Year of the sim
RES_ESA	1	3000	0	[ha]	FLOAT		1 Reservoir surfa
RES_EVOL	15	3000	0	[10^4 m3]	FLOAT		1 Volume of wat
RES_PSA	1	1000	0	[ha]	FLOAT		1 Reservoir surfa
RES_PVOL	10	100	0	[10^4 m3]	FLOAT		1 Volume of wat
RES_VOL	10	100	0	[10^4 m3]	FLOAT		1 Initial reservoi
RES_SED	1	5000	4000	[mg/l]	FLOAT		1 Initial sedimer
RES_NSED	1	5000	4000	[mg/l]	FLOAT		1 Normal sedim
RES_K	0	1	0	[mm/hr]	FLOAT		1 Hydraulic cond
IRESCO	0	3	0	na	FLOAT		1 Outflow simul
OFLOWMX	0	2000	0	[m3/s]	FLOAT		12 Maximum dail
OFLOWMN	0	1000	0	[m3/s]	FLOAT		12 Minimum dail
RES_RR	0	1000	0	[m3/s]	FLOAT		1 Average dail
RESMONO	0	0	'XXXX'	na	TEXT(250)		1 If IRESCO is "M
IFLOOD1R	1	12	1	[mon]	FLOAT		1 Beginning mor
IFLOOD2R	1	12	1	[mon]	FLOAT		1 Ending month
NDTARGR	1	200	1	[days]	FLOAT		1 Number of day
STARG	0	1000000	0	[10^4 m3]	FLOAT		12 Monthly target
RESDAYO	0	0	'XXXX'	na	TEXT(250)		1 If IRESCO is "M
WURESN	0	1000000	0	[10^4 m3]	FLOAT		12 Average amou
WURTNF	0	1	0	[fraction]	FLOAT		1 Fraction of wat
IRES1	1	12	1	[mon]	FLOAT		1 Beginning mo
IRES2	1	12	1	[mon]	FLOAT		1 Ending month
PSETLR1	2	10	10	[m/yr]	FLOAT		1 Phosphorus se

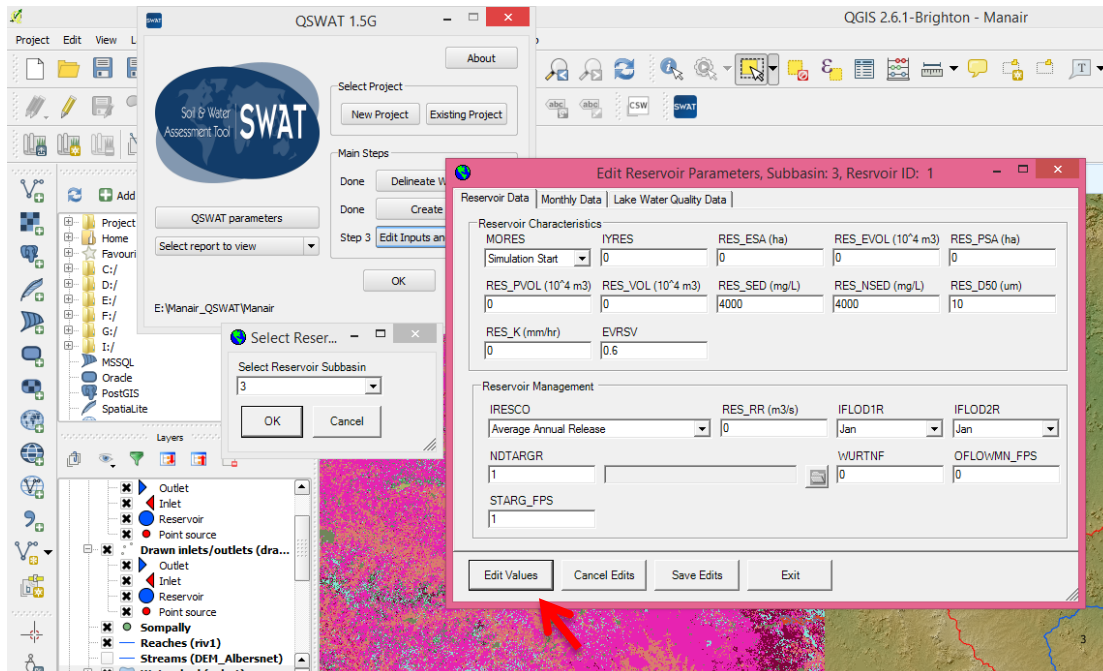
88. Go to QSWAT 1.5G dialog box and click **Edit Inputs and Run SWAT** button. **SWAT Editor** Dialog box opens. Click **Connect to Database** button. Click **Edit SWAT Input** from toolbar and from the drop down, click **Reservoirs**.



89. Select the Reservoir and click OK.

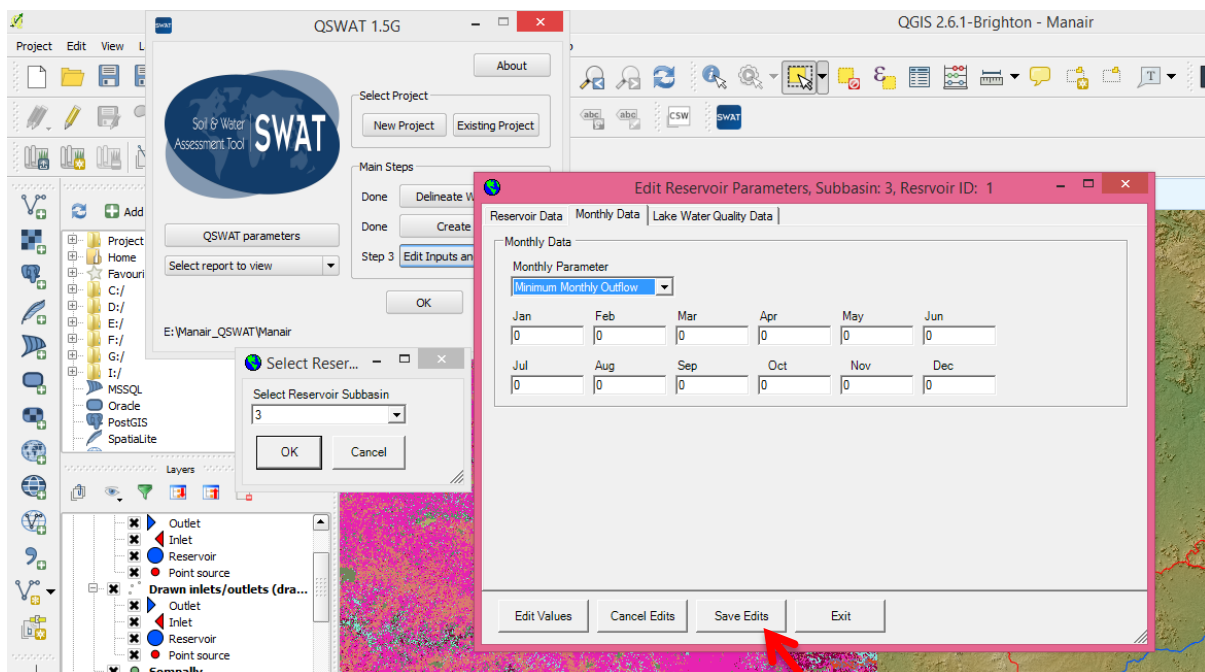
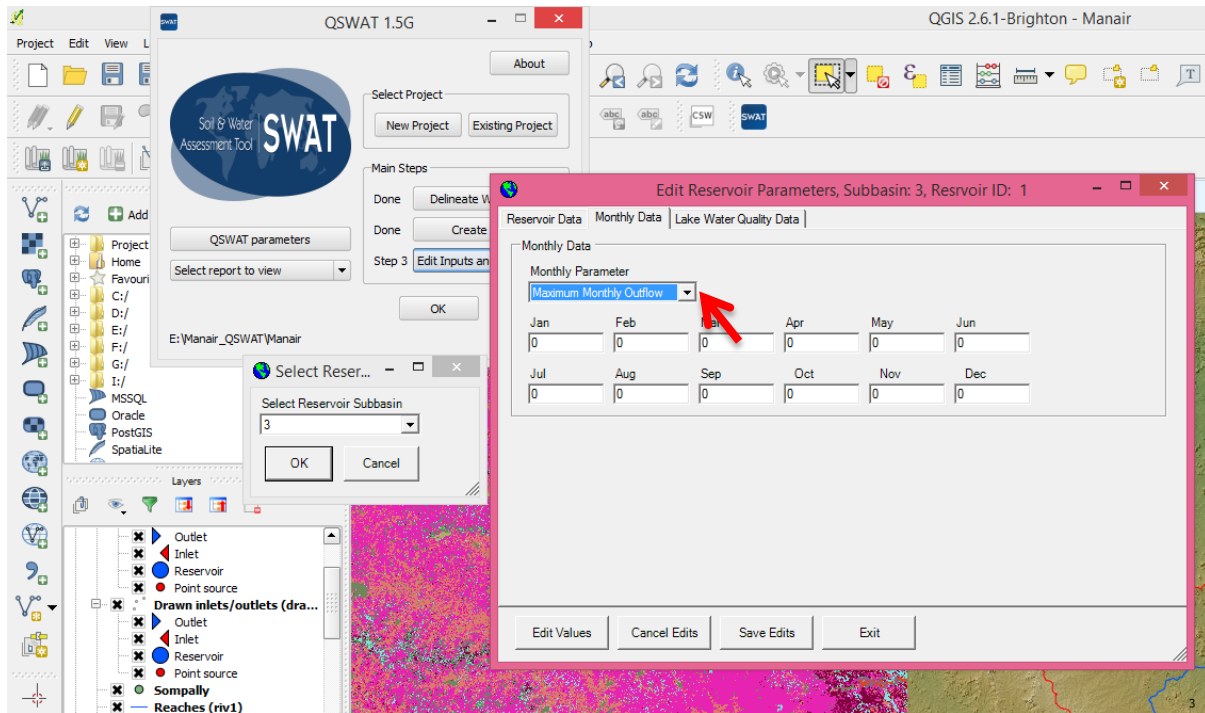


90. Click **Edit Values** to edit the parameters. (Refer SWAT Documentation)

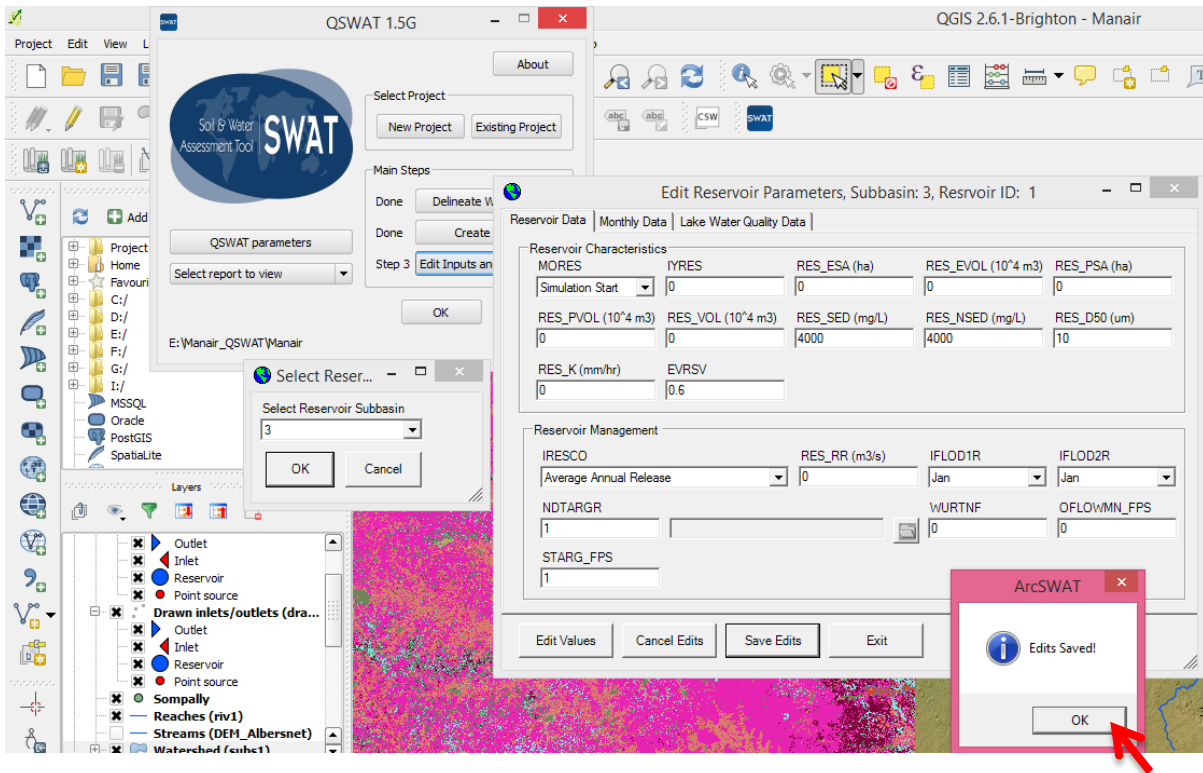


91. Provide the corresponding values for IYRES, RES_ESA, RES_EVOL, RES_PSA, RES_PVOL, RES_VOL, IFLOD1R, IFLOD2R, NDTARGR, and STARG_FPS.

92. Click on Monthly Data tab and provide the maximum monthly outflow values. Then select minimum monthly outflow from the drop down and provide the respective values. Click on **Save Edits**.

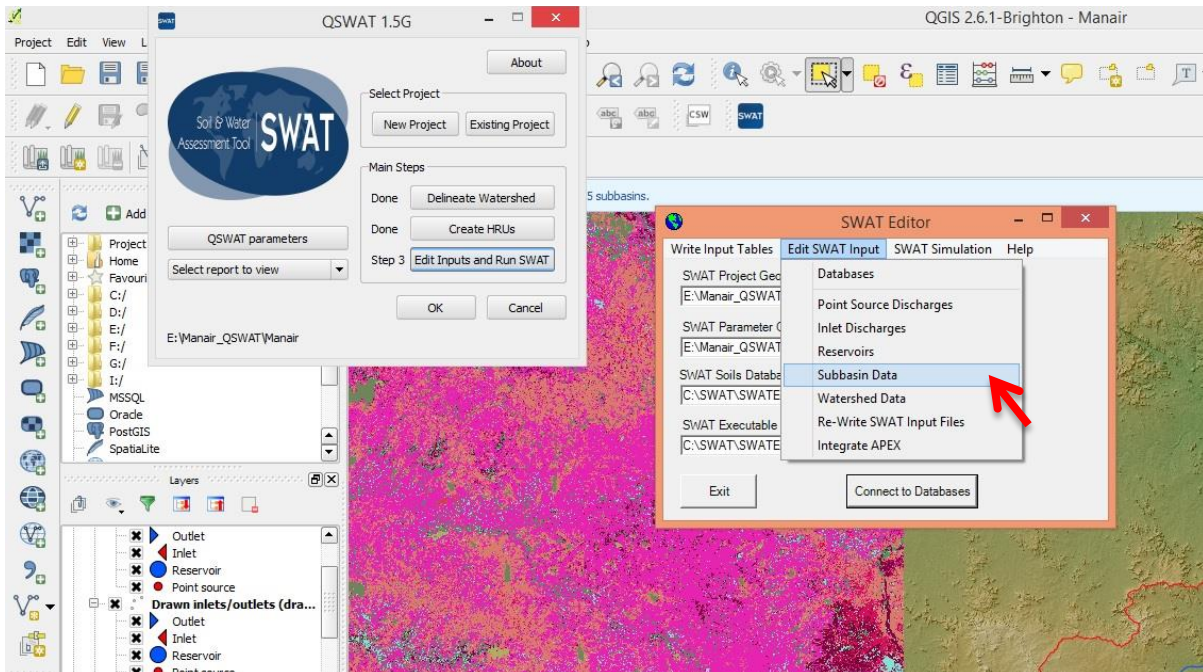


93. Click OK and close the dialog box. This saves the characteristics of the reservoir added.

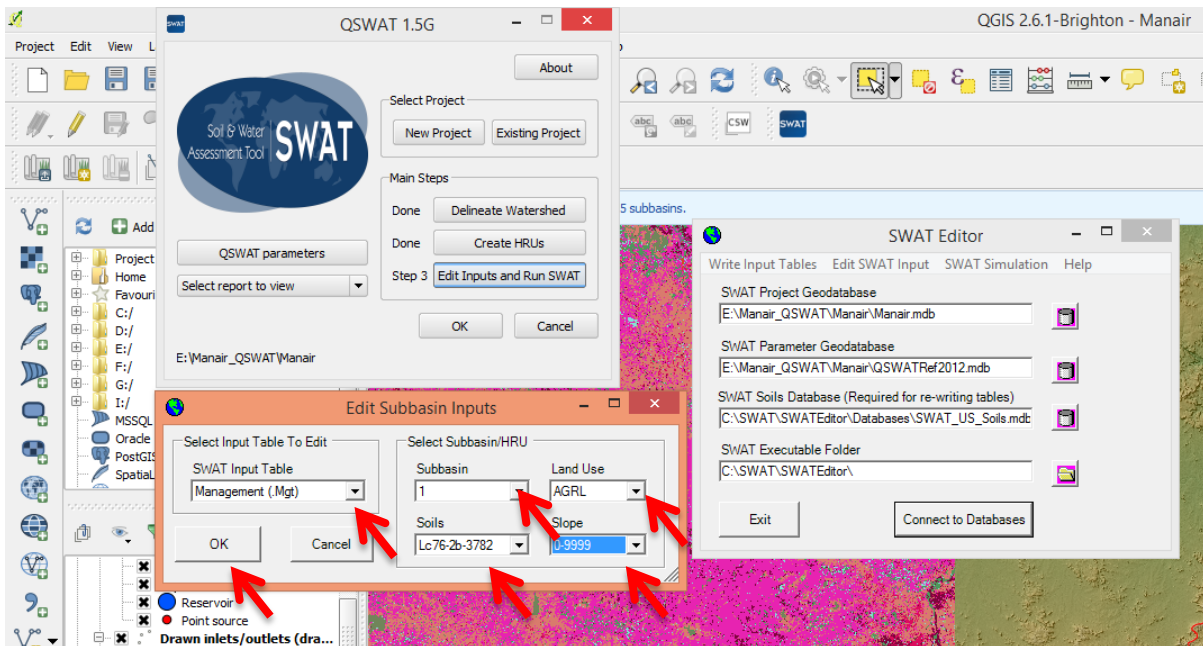


MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

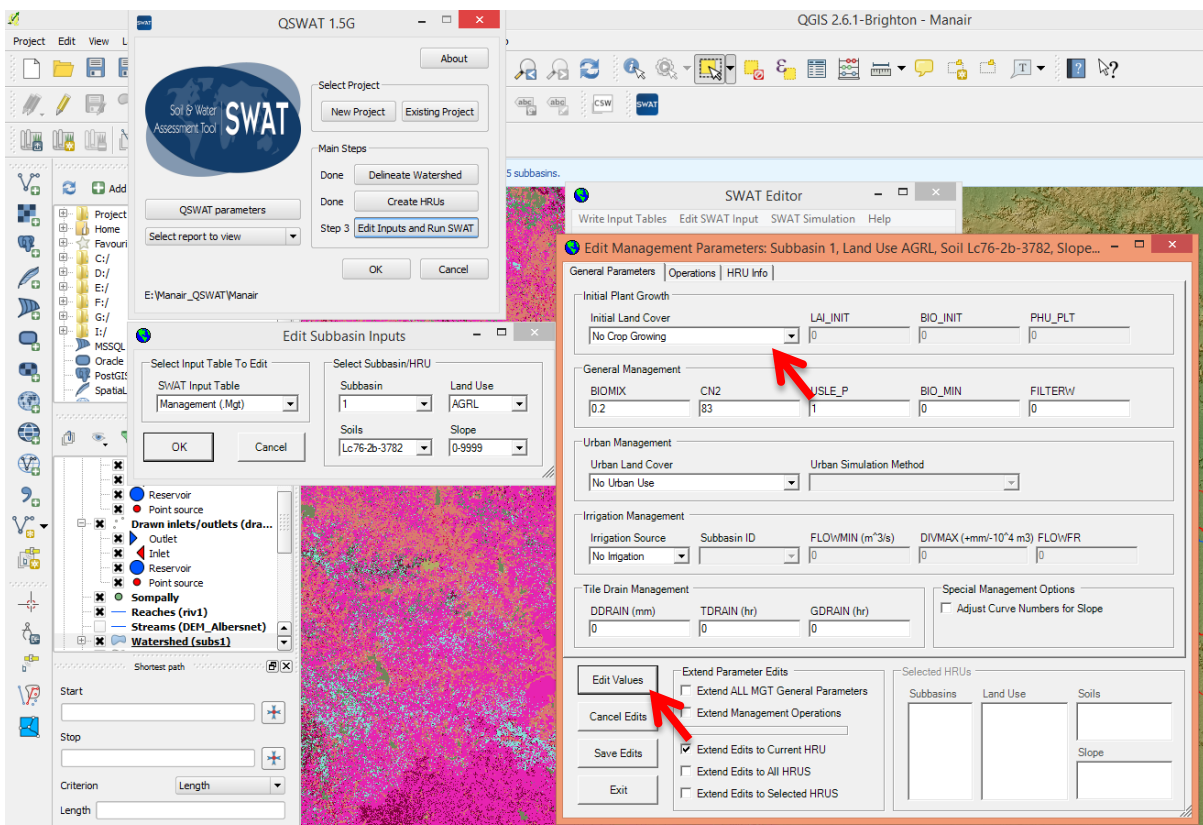
94. Click on **Subbasin Data** in Edit SWAT Input dropdown.



95. In the Edit Subbasin Inputs dialog box, select Management (.Mgt) from SWAT Input Table dropdown, 1 from Subbasin dropdown, respective Land Use, soils and slope. Click OK.

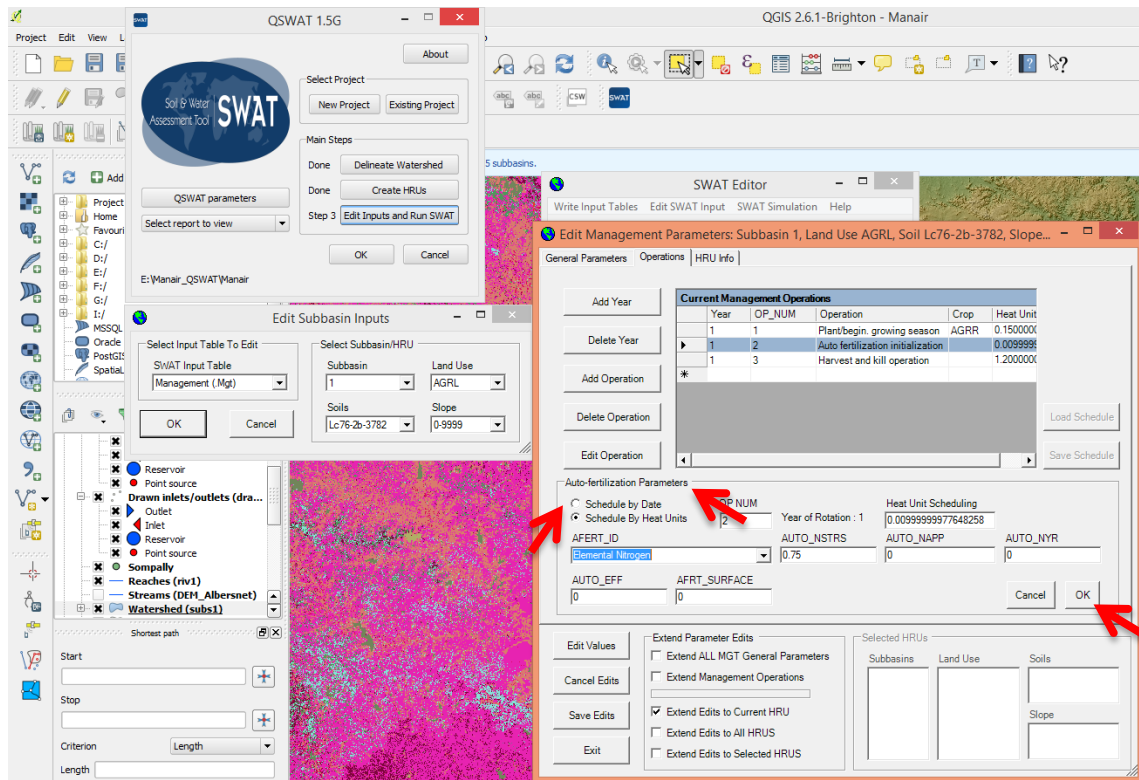
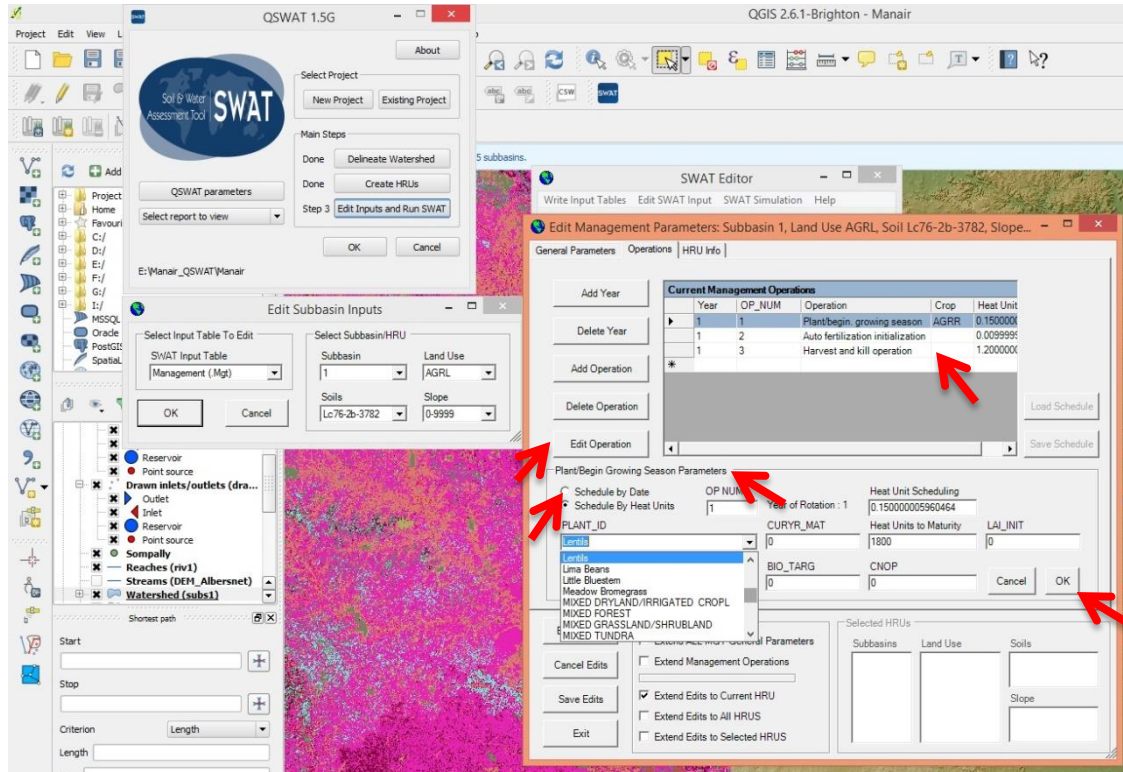


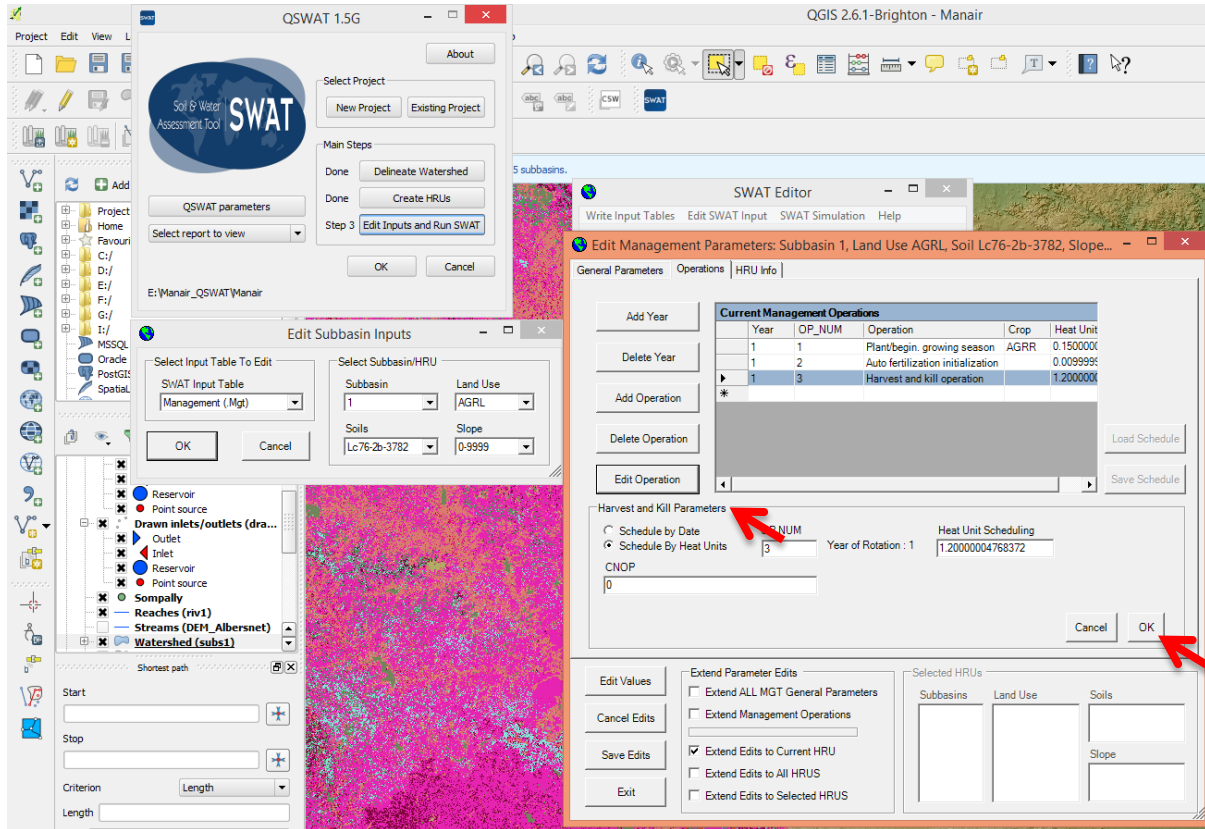
96. Click Edit Values and provide the respective values for the parameters required. Refer SWAT Documentation. (Note: For Rabi crop Initial Land cover should be provided)



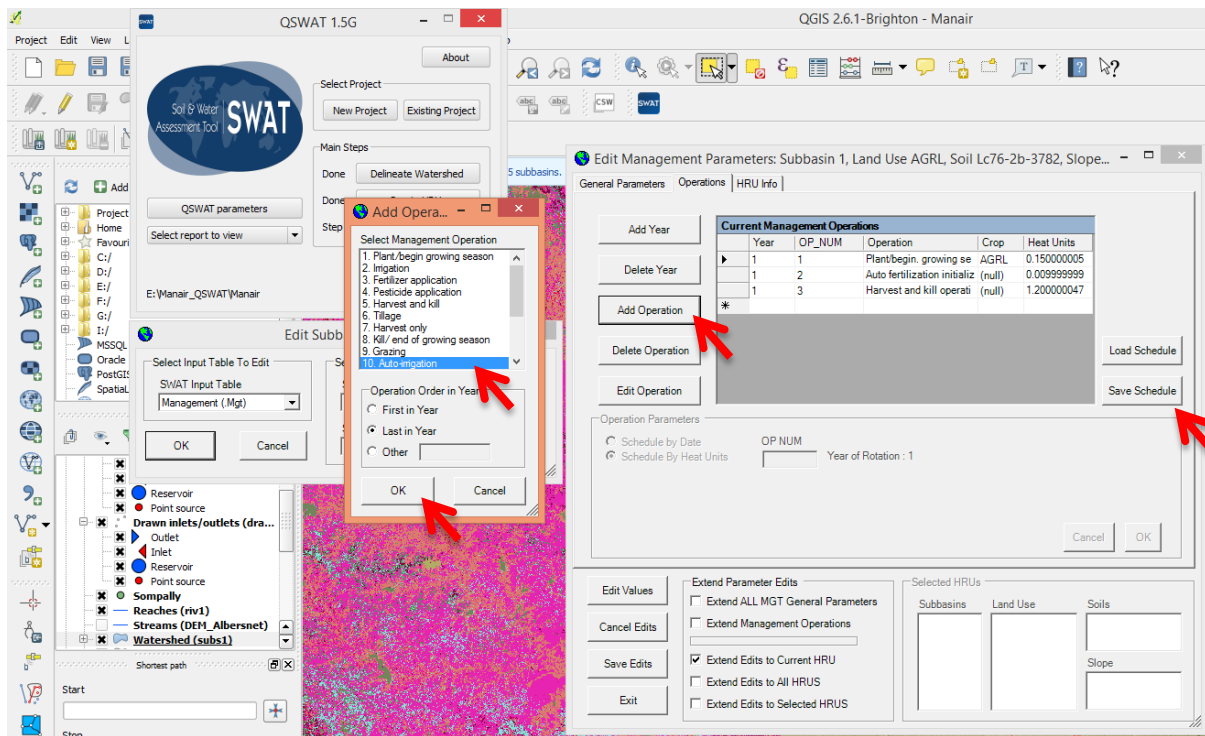
97. Click **Operations** tab and click **Edit Operation** button for Operations such as **Plant/begin, growing season, Auto fertilization initialization, Harvest and kill operation** that are already listed.

98. Provide the corresponding values for the parameters provided.

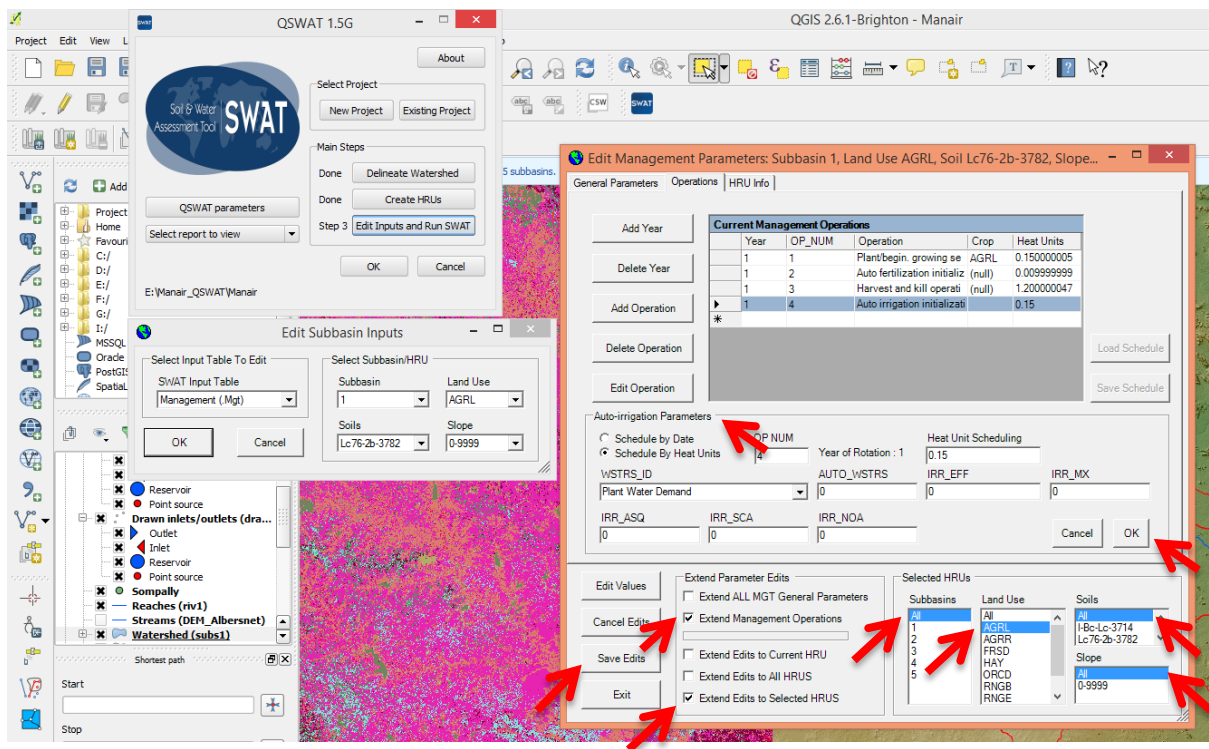




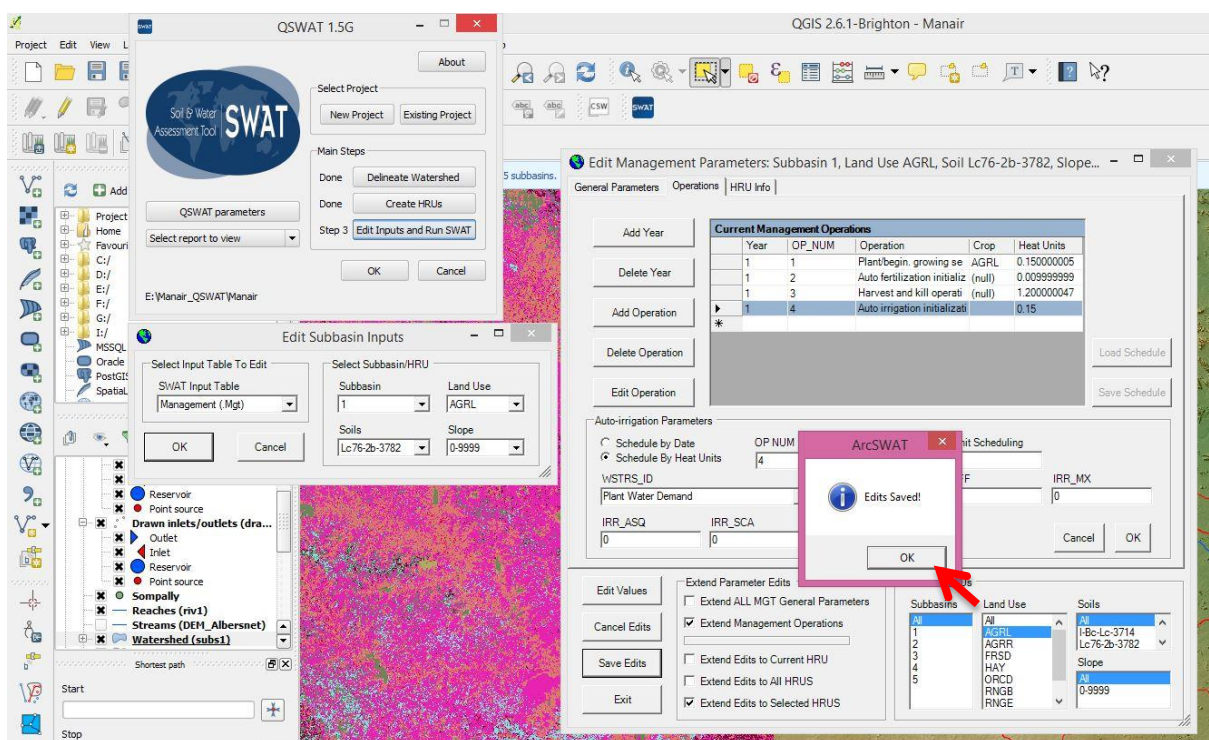
99. Add a new operation by clicking on **Add Operation** button and select Auto Irrigation and click OK. Once the schedule is edited, Save the Schedule by clicking on **Save Schedule** button.



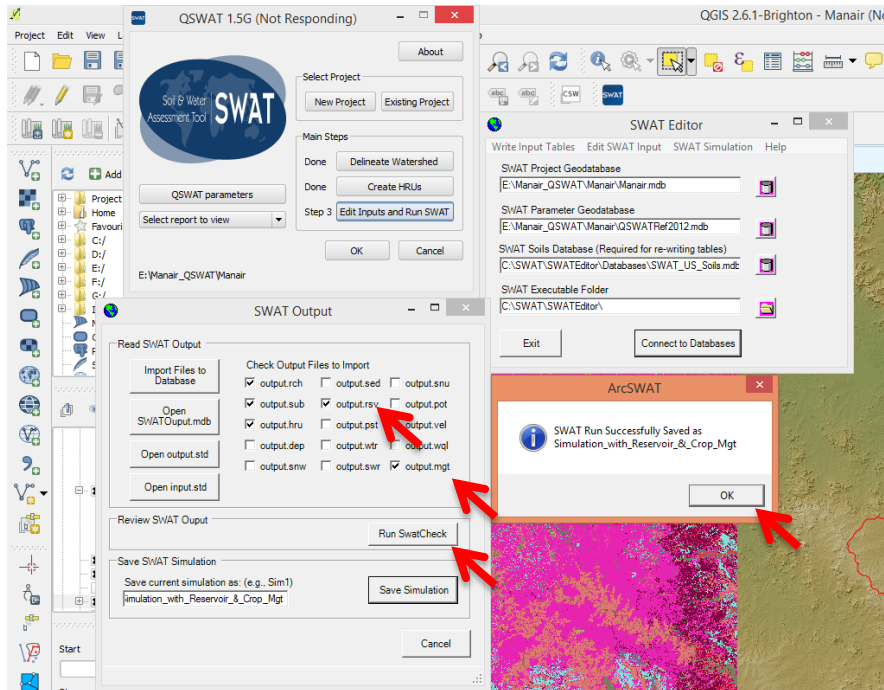
100. Provide the corresponding values for the parameters provided. Further Extend Management Operations and Extend Edits to Selected HRUs, then select Subbasins, landuse, soils, slope and Save the edits.



101. Click OK and close the dialog box. Similarly for each Landuse, a crop is assigned with their respective parameters.



102. Further follow the steps to Rewrite the SWAT input files and Run the SWAT model (step 68 to 75).
103. Check the output.rsv and output.mgt to write reservoir and management operations to table. Click Run **SWAT Check button** to summarize results from SWAT simulations. Save the SWAT output as “Simulation_with_Reservoir_&_Crop_Mgt”



104. The simulation results are saved in the following path: Manair_QSWAT > Manair > Scenarios > Simulation_without_Reservoir_&_Crop_Mgt > TxtInOut . Thus Reservoir and management operations have been incorporated.

105. Open the **SWATOutput.mdb** file from the following path: Manair_QSWAT > Manair > Scenarios > Simulation_with_Reservoir_&_Crop_Mgt > TablesOut
 Open the **rsv** table from it. Copy and paste the data into a new excel sheet and plot the Volume column.

SWAT- Check

SWAT-Check is a tool used to summarize results from SWAT simulations. It can also provide warning that could help to improve the modeling skills in SWAT. SWAT- Check evaluates different processes in the landscape. It can be executed by locating the TxtInOut of a particular simulation. There are several windows in SWAT-Check namely Hydrology, Sediment, Nitrogen cycle, Phosphorous cycle, Plant growth, Landscape nutrient losses, Land use summary, Instream processes, point sources and Reservoirs. The Hydrology window summarizes the water balance both graphically and numerically. The sediment window summarizes graphically and numerically the sediment yield in the watershed – both in the upland and in-stream processes. The Land Use Summary window summarizes the different landscape process components for each land use type in the watershed.

